## MG3700A Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Standard Waveform Pattern)

#### **14th Edition**

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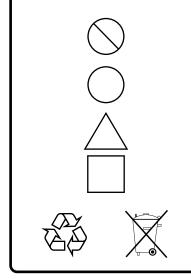
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This indicates a warning or caution. The contents are indicated symbolically in or near the triangle.

This indicates a note. The contents are described in the box.

These indicate that the marked part should be recycled.

MG3700A Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Standard Waveform Pattern)

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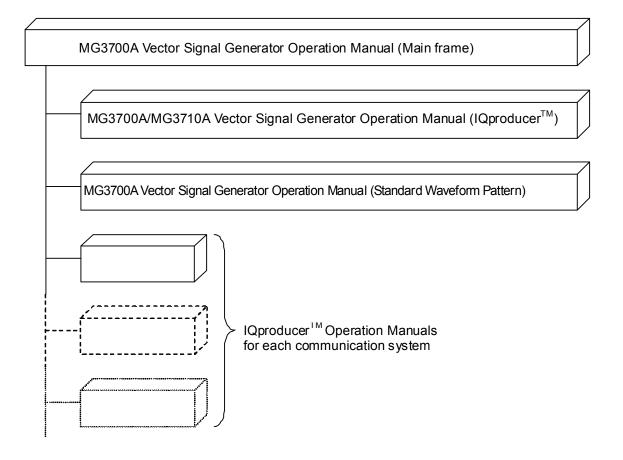
Network connections
Ensure that the network has sufficient anti-virus security protection in
place.

## **About This Manual**

#### Composition of Operation Manuals

The operation manuals for the MG3700A Vector Signal Generator are comprised as shown in the figure below.

Details on the mainframe and the software application IQproducer<sup>TM</sup> are provided in each operation manual separately. Read them when needed in addition to this manual.



#### Scope of This Manual

This manual mainly describes how to use the standard waveform patterns that can be used in the arbitrary waveform generators integrated in the MG3700A Vector Signal Generator, as well as the detailed specifications of each waveform pattern. The detailed information about the standard waveform pattern is described in Section 3 "Details of Standard Waveform Pattern." The detailed operation method of the standard waveform pattern in the MG3700A Vector Signal Generator is described in the MG3700A Operation Manual (Mainframe). Read it in addition to this manual.

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## Section 1 Outline

This section provides an outline of the standard waveform pattern for the MG3700A Vector Signal Generator.

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### 1.1 Outline of Product

The standard waveform pattern for the MG3700A Vector Signal Generator (hereafter referred to as "standard waveform pattern") consists of waveform patterns (see Note) that are used in a wide range of applications from research and development to manufacturing of the systems, devices, and equipment in the field of digital mobile communications.

The standard waveform pattern can be used in the MG3700A Vector Signal Generator (hereafter referred to as "MG3700A") that integrates an arbitrary waveform generator.

#### Note:

The waveform pattern described here indicates arbitrary waveform data used for supporting various radio communication systems that can be used by the arbitrary waveform generator integrated in the MG3700A.

The waveform pattern consists of two files: arbitrary waveform file and waveform information file. The arbitrary waveform file is a binary-format file with the extension ".wvd". The waveform information file is a text-format file with the extension ".wvi", used to control arbitrary waveform data and set the hardware for waveform data output.

Waveform patterns that use two memories as shown below can be operated easily by using a combination file that defines a combination of two waveform patterns to be loaded from memories A and B, and sets the output level for memories.

- A waveform pattern that uses two memories to output one signal, such as a W-CDMA downlink desired signal
- A waveform pattern that is generated by adding two signals, such as a desired wave used for receiver evaluation and an interference signal or AWGN, using the baseband

## Section 2 How to Use Standard Waveform Pattern

This section describes how to use the standard waveform pattern and the configuration of the standard waveform pattern package.

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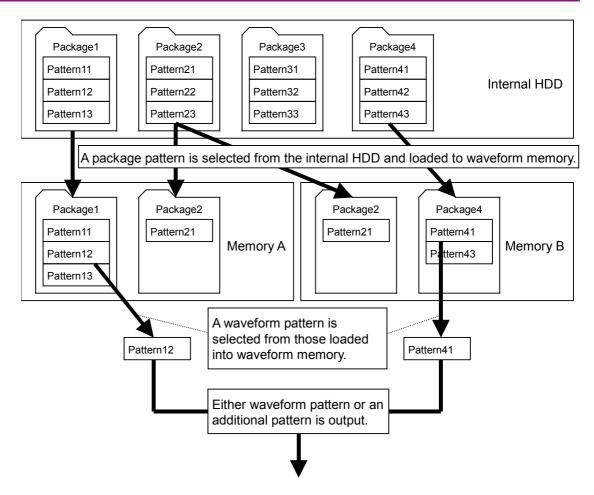
#### 2.1 How to Use Standard Waveform Pattern

The standard waveform pattern is shipped being stored in the internal hard disk of the MG3700A.

The waveform pattern stored in the internal hard disk is reproduced by the arbitrary waveform generator integrated in the MG3700A, and used to perform vector modulation. The waveform patterns are classified by communication type and stored in a folder. This folder is called as a package, and the standard waveform patterns classified by communication type are stored in each package with the corresponding communication system name. When reproducing a waveform pattern, it is necessary first to load the package pattern stored in the internal hard disk to a waveform memory in the MG3700A. The MG3700A has two waveform memories A and B that have the I/Q 2-channel configuration. Waveform patterns are loaded to either or both of these two waveform memories.

Then, select a waveform pattern to be output from the patterns loaded into the waveform memory. Only one waveform pattern can be selected from each memory. A waveform pattern selected from the waveform memory A or B, or an additional waveform generated by adding two waveform patterns selected from both waveform memories A and B is output.

#### 2.1 How to Use Standard Waveform Pattern



Refer to Section 3.5.2 "Using waveform pattern for modulation" in the MG3700A Operation Manual (Mainframe) for details of waveform pattern selection.

## 2.2 Configuration of Standard Waveform Pattern Package

The standard waveform patterns are stored in the internal hard disk of the MG3700A, classified into the packages with the corresponding communication system name.

| Package name          | Contents   |  |  |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| W-CDMA_A (UE Rx test) | Waveform patterns for 3GPP W-CDMA, UE Rx test used in waveform memory A  |  |  |
| W-CDMA_B (UE Rx test) | Waveform patterns for 3GPP W-CDMA, UE Rx test used in waveform memory B  |  |  |
| W-CDMA (UE Rx test)   | A combination file that defines a combination of two<br>waveform patterns W-CDMA_A (UE Rx Test) and<br>W-CDMA_B (UE Rx Test) |  |  |
| W-CDMA (UE Tx test)   | Waveform patterns for 3GPP W-CDMA, UE Tx test  |  |  |
| W-CDMA (BS Rx test)   | Waveform patterns for 3GPP W-CDMA, BS Rx test  |  |  |
| W-CDMA_CMB            | A combination file that defines a combination of a<br>W-CDMA desired wave and an interference signal or<br>AWGN              |  |  |
| W-CDMA (BS Tx test)   | Waveform patterns for 3GPP W-CDMA, BS Tx test  |  |  |
| PDC                   | Various waveform patterns for PDC  |  |  |
| PDC_CMB               | A combination file that defines a combination of a PCC desired wave and an interference signal                               |  |  |
| PHS                   | Various waveform patterns for PHS  |  |  |
| PHS_CMB               | A combination file that defines a combination of a<br>PHS desired wave and an interference signal                            |  |  |
| GSM                   | Various waveform patterns for GSM  |  |  |
| CDMA2000              | Various waveform patterns for CDMA2000 1X  |  |  |
| CDMA2000_1xEV-DO      | Various waveform patterns for CDMA2000 1xEV-DO   |  |  |
| WLAN                  | Various waveform patterns for IEEE802. 11a/b/g   |  |  |
| AWGN                  | AWGN waveform patterns used in W-CDMA, CDMA2000  |  |  |
| Digital_Broadcast     | Waveform patterns for the Digital Broadcast  |  |  |
| Bluetooth             | Various waveform patterns for <i>Bluetooth</i>   |  |  |
| GPS                   | Various waveform patterns for GPS  |  |  |

Table 2.2-1 List of packages

## 2.3 Output Level Range of Standard Waveform Pattern

The guaranteed range of level error  $(\pm 0.2 \text{ dB})$  between the MG3700A RF output levels in vector modulation and CW modes, varies depending on the used standard waveform pattern.

| System name       | Guaranteed level range                           |
|-------------------|--|
| W-CDMA            | 50 MHz≤f≤3 GHz: ≤−1 dBm                          |
| CDMA2000 1x       | 3 GHz <f≤6 dbm<="" ghz:="" td="" ≤−4=""></f≤6>   |
| CDMA2000 1xEV-DO  |  |
| WLAN              | When Opt. 002 (Mechanical attenuator) installed: |
| AWGN              | 50 MHz≤f≤3 GHz: ≤+4 dBm                          |
| Digital Broadcast | 3 GHz <f≤6 dbm<="" ghz:="" td="" ≤+1=""></f≤6>   |
| PDC               | 50 MHz≤f≤3 GHz: ≤+2 dBm                          |
| PHS               | 3 GHz <f≤6 dbm<="" ghz:="" td="" ≤−1=""></f≤6>   |
| GSM               |  |
| Bluetooth         | When Opt. 002 (Mechanical attenuator) installed: |
| GPS               | 50 MHz≤f≤3 GHz: ≤+7 dBm                          |
|                   | 3 GHz <f≤6 dbm<="" ghz:="" td="" ≤+4=""></f≤6>   |

Table 2.3-1 Guaranteed level range of RF output level accuracy

The level setting range (in which the MG3700A RF output signal distortion characteristics (which effects the ACLR characteristics etc.) is stable to be used) varies depending on the used standard waveform pattern, as shown below. When the level is more than the reference level shown in Table 2.3-2, the distortion characteristics becomes worse.

Table 2.3-2 Distortion-characteristics reference level of RF output signal

| System name       | Reference level                                  |
|-------------------|--|
| W-CDMA            | -4 dBm   |
| CDMA2000 1x       |  |
| CDMA2000 1xEV-DO  | When Opt. 002 (Mechanical attenuator) installed: |
| WLAN              | 0 dBm  |
| AWGN              |  |
| Digital Broadcast |  |
| PDC               | -1 dBm   |
| PHS               |  |
| GSM               | When Opt. 002 (Mechanical attenuator) installed: |
| Bluetooth         | +3 dBm   |
| GPS               |  |

This section describes each standard waveform pattern in detail.

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## 3.1 W-CDMA Waveform Pattern

Table 3.1-1 lists the W-CDMA waveform patterns.

| Waveform Pattern Name       | UL/DL | Channel Configuration                | 3GPP<br>Reference Standard         | Main<br>Application |
|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| UL_RMC_12_2kbps             | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH                         | TS25.141 A.2                       | BS RX test          |
| UL_RMC_12_2kbps_ACS<br>(*1) | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH                         | TS25.141 A.2                       | BS RX test          |
| UL_RMC_64kbps (*1)          | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH                         | TS25.141 A.3                       | BS RX test          |
| UL_RMC_144kbps (*1)         | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH                         | TS25.141 A.4                       | BS RX test          |
| UL_RMC_384kbps (*1)         | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH                         | TS25.141 A.5                       | BS RX test          |
| UL_AMR_TFCS1                | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH                         | TS25.944 4.1.2                     | BS RX test          |
| UL_AMR_TFCS2                | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH                         | TS25.944 4.1.2                     | BS RX test          |
| UL_AMR_TFCS3                | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH                         | TS25.944 4.1.2                     | BS RX test          |
| UL_ISDN (*1)                | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH                         | TS25.944 4.1.2                     | BS RX test          |
| UL_64kbps_Packet            | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH                         | TS25.944 4.1.2                     | BS RX test          |
| UL_Interferer               | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH                         | TS25.141 I                         | BS RX test          |
| UL_Interferer_ov3 (*2)      | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH                         | TS25.141 I                         | BS RX test          |
| P-CCPCH (*2)                | DL    | Р-ССРСН                              | TS25.944 4.1.1 (*3)                | UE RX test          |
| DL_RMC_12_2kbps_RX<br>(*2)  | DL    | P-CPICH, SCH, PICH,<br>DPCH          | TS25.101 A.3.1<br>TS25.101 C.3.1   | UE RX test          |
| DL_RMC_12_2kbps_ACS<br>(*1) | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, DPCH | TS25.101 A.3.1<br>TS25.101 C.3.1   | UE RX test          |
| DL_RMC_12_2kbps (*2)        | DL    | P-CPICH, SCH, PICH,<br>DPCH, OCNS    | TS25.101 A.3.1<br>TS25.101 C.3.2   | UE RX test          |
| DL_RMC_12_2kbps_MIL<br>(*2) | DL    | P-CPICH, SCH, PICH,<br>DPCH, OCNS    | TS25.101 A.3.1<br>TS25.101 C.3.1   | UE RX test          |
| DL_RMC_64kbps (*2)          | DL    | P-CPICH, SCH, PICH,<br>DPCH, OCNS    | TS25.101 A.3.2<br>TS25.101 C.3.2   | UE RX test          |
| DL_RMC_144kbps (*2)         | DL    | P-CPICH, SCH, PICH,<br>DPCH, OCNS    | TS25.101 A.3.3<br>TS25.101 C.3.2   | UE RX test          |
| DL_RMC_384kbps (*2)         | DL    | P-CPICH, SCH, PICH,<br>DPCH, OCNS    | TS25.101 A.3.4<br>TS25.101 C.3.2   | UE RX test          |
| DL_AMR_TFCS1 (*2)           | DL    | P-CPICH, SCH, PICH,<br>DPCH, OCNS    | TS25.944 4.1.1.3<br>TS25.101 C.3.2 | UE RX test          |
| DL_AMR_TFCS2 (*2)           | DL    | P-CPICH, SCH, PICH,<br>DPCH, OCNS    | TS25.944 4.1.1.3<br>TS25.101 C.3.2 | UE RX test          |
| DL_AMR_TFCS3 (*2)           | DL    | P-CPICH, SCH, PICH,<br>DPCH, OCNS    | TS25.944 4.1.1.3<br>TS25.101 C.3.2 | UE RX test          |
| DL_ISDN (*2)                | DL    | P-CPICH, SCH, PICH,<br>DPCH, OCNS    | TS25.944 4.1.1.3<br>TS25.101 C.3.2 | UE RX test          |
| DL_384kbps_Packet (*2)      | DL    | P-CPICH, SCH, PICH,<br>DPCH, OCNS    | TS25.944 4.1.1.3<br>TS25.101 C.3.2 | UE RX test          |

Table 3.1-1 List of W-CDMA waveform patterns (1/3)

#### Section 3 Details of Standard Waveform Pattern

| Table 3.1-1 List of W-CDMA waveform patterns (2/3) |       |   |                            |                      |
|--|-------|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Waveform Pattern Name                              | UL/DL | Channel Configuration                               | 3GPP<br>Reference Standard | Main<br>Application  |
| DL_Interferer                                      | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, OCNS                | TS25.101 C.4               | UE RX test           |
| DL_Interferer_ov3 (*6)                             | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, OCNS                | TS25.101 C.4               | UE RX test           |
| TestModel_1_4DPCH                                  | DL    | P-CPICH,P-CCPCH,SCH<br>,PICH,<br>S-CCPCH,4 DPCH     | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_1_8DPCH                                  | DL    | P-CPICH,P-CCPCH,SCH<br>,PICH,<br>S-CCPCH,8 DPCH     | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_1_16DPCH                                 | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>16 DPCH | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_1_32DPCH                                 | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>32 DPCH | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_1_64DPCH                                 | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>64 DPCH | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_2  | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>3 DPCH  | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_3_4DPCH                                  | DL    | P-CPICH,P-CCPCH,SCH<br>,PICH,<br>S-CCPCH,4 DPCH     | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_3_8DPCH                                  | DL    | P-CPICH,P-CCPCH,SCH<br>,PICH,<br>S-CCPCH,8 DPCH     | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_3_16DPCH                                 | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>16 DPCH | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_3_32DPCH                                 | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>32 DPCH | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_4  | DL    | P-CCPCH, SCH  | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_4_CPICH                                  | DL    | P-CPICH,P-CCPCH,SCH                                 | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_<br>1_64DPCHx2 (*4)                      | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>64 DPCH | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_<br>1_64x2_10M ( $^{*4, *5}$ )           | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>64 DPCH | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |

 Table 3.1-1
 List of W-CDMA waveform patterns (2/3)

#### 3.1 W-CDMA Waveform Pattern

| Waveform Pattern Name                    | UL/DL | Channel Configuration   | 3GPP<br>Reference Standard | Main<br>Application  |
|--|-------|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| TestModel_<br>1_64x2_15M ( $^{*4, *5}$ ) | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>64 DPCH                         | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_<br>1_64DPCHx3 (*4)            | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>64 DPCH                         | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_<br>1_64DPCHx4 (*4)            | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>64 DPCH                         | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_5_4DPCH                        | DL    | P-CPICH,P-CCPCH,SCH<br>,PICH,<br>S-CCPCH,<br>4 DPCH,HS-SCCH,<br>4 HS-PDSCH  | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_5_2HSPDSCH_                    | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>6 DPCH, HS-SCCH,<br>2 HS-PDSCH  | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_5_4HSPDSCH_                    | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>14 DPCH, HS-SCCH,<br>4 HS-PDSCH | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_5_8HSPDSCH_                    | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>30 DPCH, HS-SCCH,<br>8 HS-PDSCH | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_6_4HSPDSCH                     | DL    | P-CPICH,P-CCPCH,SCH<br>,PICH,<br>S-CCPCH,14<br>DPCH,HS-SCCH,<br>4 HS-PDSCH  | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| TestModel_6_8HSPDSCH_                    | DL    | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH,<br>SCH, PICH, S-CCPCH,<br>30 DPCH, HS-SCCH,<br>8 HS-PDSCH | TS25.141 V11.4.0           | BS TX device<br>test |
| DL_CPICH                                 | DL    | P-CPICH   | -                          | BS TX device<br>test |
| UL_RMC_12_2kbps_TX                       | UL    | DPCCH, DPDCH  | TS25.101 A.2.1             | UE TX device<br>test |

#### Table 3.1-1 List of W-CDMA waveform patterns (3/3)

\*1: For UL\_RMC\_12\_2kbps\_ACS, UL\_RMC\_64kbps, UL\_RMC\_144kbps, UL\_RMC\_384kbps, UL\_ISDN and DL\_RMC\_12\_2kbps\_ACS, addition of standard waveform pattern's AGWN is enabled only when the Option 021/121 ARB Memory Expansion 512Msamples is installed.

#### Section 3 Details of Standard Waveform Pattern

- \*2: Since waveform patterns (excluding DL\_RMC12\_2kbps\_ACS) for the UE RX test do not include P-CCPCH, they must be used in combination with a P-CCPCH waveform pattern. Refer Table 3.1-2 for the combination files in which these combinations are defined.
- \*3: An 11-bit SFN is added to the head of each BCH Transport block.
- \*4: x2, x3, and x4 indicate the number of multicarriers 2, 3, and 4, respectively.
- \*5: 10M and 15M indicate the frequency spacing values of the multi-carrier.
- \*6: Select a waveform pattern generated using the W-CDMA waveform pattern generation function of the MG3700A IQproducer or by the MX370101A HSDPA IQproducer (only the waveform patterns that can be configured using only one memory) for memory A on the MG3700A while selecting this pattern for memory B to output a signal that is generated by adding the desired signal and the interference signal using baseband.

For a downlink W-CDMA desired signal, which is configured using two memories, transfer and selection of waveform patterns can be operated easily by selecting a combination file listed in Table 3.1-2 below when the MG3700A is in the Defined mode.

| Combination File Name | Comment  |
|-----------------------|--|
| DL_CMB_RMC_12_2k_RX   | Downlink Reference Measurement Channel (12.2 kbps) for<br>RX test except "Maximum Input Level"<br>Scrambling Code = 80h<br>DTCH information data = PN9 |
| DL_CMB_RMC_12_2k      | Downlink Reference Measurement Channel (12.2 kbps) for<br>Performance test<br>Scrambling Code = 80h<br>DTCH information data = PN9                     |
| DL_CMB_RMC_12_2k_MIL  | Downlink Reference Measurement Channel (12.2 kbps) for<br>"Maximum Input Level"<br>Scrambling Code = 80h<br>DTCH information data = PN9                |
| DL_CMB_RMC_64k        | Downlink Reference Measurement Channel (64 kbps) for<br>Performance test<br>Scrambling Code = 80h<br>DTCH information data = PN9                       |
| DL_CMB_RMC_144k       | Downlink Reference Measurement Channel (144 kbps) for<br>Performance test<br>Scrambling Code = 80h<br>DTCH information data = PN9                      |
| DL_CMB_RMC_384k       | Downlink Reference Measurement Channel (384 kbps) for<br>Performance test<br>Scrambling Code = 80h<br>DTCH information data = PN9                      |
| DL_CMB_AMR_TFCS1      | Downlink AMR for TFCS1<br>Scrambling Code = 80h<br>DTCH information data = PN9   |
| DL_CMB_AMR_TFCS2      | Downlink AMR for TFCS2<br>Scrambling Code = 80h<br>DTCH information data = PN9   |
| DL_CMB_AMR_TFCS3      | Downlink AMR for TFCS3<br>Scrambling Code = 80h<br>DTCH information data = PN9   |
| DL_CMB_ISDN           | Downlink ISDN<br>Scrambling Code = 80h<br>DTCH information data = PN9  |
| DL_CMB_384k_Packet    | Downlink 384 kbps Packet<br>Scrambling Code = 80h<br>DTCH information data = PN9   |

Table 3.1-2 List of combination files for W-CDMA desired signal

Transfer and selection of an additional waveform pattern that is generated by adding two signals, such as a desired signal + an interference signal or a desired signal + AWGN, and using two memories, can be operated easily by selecting a combination file listed in Table 3.1-3 below when the MG3700A is in the Defined mode.

Although combinations of uplink signals for BS reception evaluation are provided as standard, it is also possible to combine downlink signals by using the W-CDMA IQproducer and its Combination File Edit function. In this event, it is necessary to set the scrambling code and channelization code in accordance with the actual operating conditions.

Table 3.1-3 List of combination files for W-CDMA BS reception test

| Combination File Name | Comment  |
|-----------------------|--|
| WCDMA_BS_ACS          | For TS25.141 Adjacent Channel Selectivity test           |
|                       | UL_RMC12_2kbps + UL_Interferer (5 MHz offset)            |
| WCDMA_BS_DRange       | For TS25.141 Dynamic Range test<br>UL_RMC12_2kbps + AWGN |

#### 3.1.1 UL\_RMCxxxkbps

These waveform patterns execute channel coding, division and spreading to physical channels, and power setting conforming to the UL Reference Measurement Channel standard described in 3GPP TS 25.141 Annex A.

Table 3.1.1-1 lists the parameters commonly used by each waveform pattern. When a waveform pattern is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.1.1-1 is output from the AUX I/O connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

| Parameter                  | Setting Value                       |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Scrambling Code            | 0н                                  |
| DTCH Information Data      | PN9                                 |
| DCCH information Data      | All 0                               |
| Over sampling rate         | 3 (4 only for UL_RMC_12_2kbps_ACS)  |
| Marker 1                   | Frame Clock                         |
| Marker 2                   | Slot Clock                          |
| Marker 3                   | _                                   |
| AWGN addition (Note)       | Enable (disable only for            |
|                            | UL_RMC_12_2kbps_ACS)                |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1157                                |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$ |

 Table 3.1.1-1
 List of common parameters

Note:

Use a waveform pattern AWGN\_3\_84MHz\_x2 or AWGN\_3\_84MHz \_x1\_5 for AWGN.

.....

The sampling rate for the waveform pattern must be set to 3.84 MHz  $\times$  3 when adding waveform patterns.

Refer to Section 3.5.2 (3) "Adding Memories A and B outputs for modulation" in the MG3700A Operation Manual (Mainframe) for details of the AWGN addition method.

For UL\_RMC\_64kbps, UL\_RMC\_144kbps and UL\_RMC\_384kbps, addition of standard waveform pattern's AGWN is enabled only when the ARB Memory Expansion 512Msamples (Option) is installed.  Channel coding parameters for UL\_RMC\_12\_2kbps and UL\_RMC\_12\_2kbps\_ACS

| Table 3.1.1-2 | Physical channel parameters for UL reference |
|---------------|--|
|               | measurement channel 12.2 kbps                |

| Parameter               | Unit | Level |
|-------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate    | kbps | 12.2  |
| DPDCH                   | kbps | 60    |
| DPCCH                   | kbps | 15    |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i    | _    | 0     |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio | dB   | -2.69 |
| TFCI                    | _    | On    |
| Repetition              | %    | 23    |

| Table 3.1.1-3 | Transport channel parameters for UL reference |
|---------------|---|
|               | measurement channel 12.2 kbps                 |

| Parameter                  | DTCH               | DCCH               |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number   | 1                  | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size       | 244                | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size   | 244                | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval | 20 ms              | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection   | Convolution Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                | 1/3                | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute    | 256                | 256                |
| Size of CRC                | 16                 | 12                 |

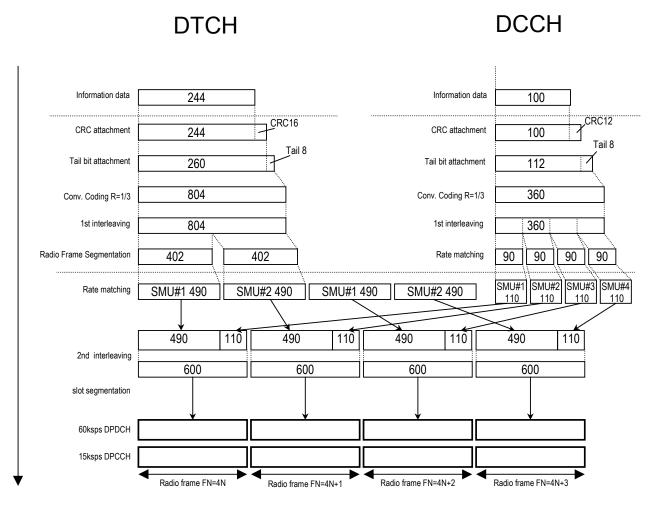


Figure 3.1.1-1 Channel coding for UL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

Channel coding parameters for UL\_RMC\_12\_2kbps\_TX

Table 3.1.1-4Physical channel parameters for UL referencemeasurement channel 12.2 kbps for Tx test

| Parameter               | Unit | Level |
|-------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate    | kbps | 12.2  |
| DPDCH                   | kbps | 60    |
| DPCCH                   | kbps | 15    |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i    | —    | 0     |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio | dB   | -5.46 |
| TFCI                    | —    | On    |
| Repetition              | %    | 23    |

| Table 3.1.1-5 | Transport channel parameters for UL reference |
|---------------|---|
| mea           | surement channel 12.2 kbps for Tx test        |

| Parameters                 | DTCH               | DCCH               |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number   | 1                  | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size       | 244                | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size   | 244                | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval | 20 ms              | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection   | Convolution Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                | 1/3                | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute    | 256                | 256                |
| Size of CRC                | 16                 | 12                 |

DCCH

## DTCH

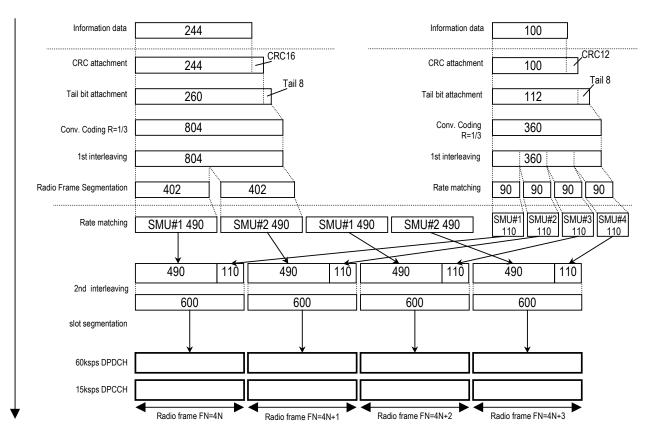


Figure 3.1.1-2 Channel coding for UL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

Repetition

Channel coding parameters for UL\_RMC\_64kbps

| measurement channel 64 kbps |      |       |  |
|-----------------------------|------|-------|--|
| Parameter                   | Unit | Level |  |
| Information bit rate        | kbps | 64    |  |
| DPDCH                       | kbps | 240   |  |
| DPCCH                       | kbps | 15    |  |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i        | _    | 0     |  |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio     | dB   | -5.46 |  |
| TFCI                        | -    | On    |  |

 Table 3.1.1-6
 Physical channel parameters for UL reference

 measurement channel 64 kbps

| Table 3.1.1-7 | Transport channel parameters for UL reference |  |
|---------------|---|--|
|               | measurement channel 64 kbps                   |  |

%

18

| Parameter                  | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number   | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size       | 2560         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size   | 2560         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval | 40 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection   | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute    | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                | 16           | 12                 |

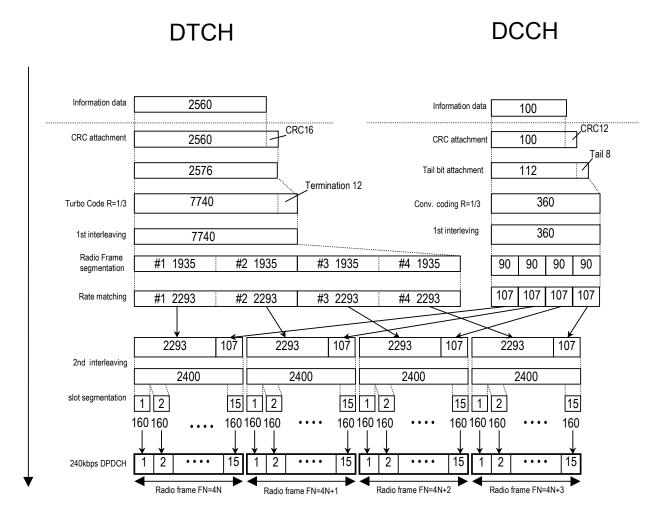


Figure 3.1.1-3 Channel coding for UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

Channel coding parameters for UL\_RMC\_144kbps

| measurement channel 144 Kbps |      |       |
|------------------------------|------|-------|
| Parameter                    | Unit | Level |
| Information bit rate         | kbps | 144   |
| DPDCH                        | kbps | 480   |
| DPCCH                        | kbps | 15    |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i         | -    | 0     |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio      | dB   | -9.54 |
| TFCI                         | -    | On    |
| Repetition                   | %    | 8     |

 
 Table 3.1.1-8
 Physical channel parameters for UL reference measurement channel 144 kbps

| Table 3.1.1-9 | Transport channel parameters for UL reference |
|---------------|---|
|               | measurement channel 144 kbps                  |

| Parameter                  | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number   | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size       | 2880         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size   | 5760         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval | 40 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection   | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute    | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                | 16           | 12                 |

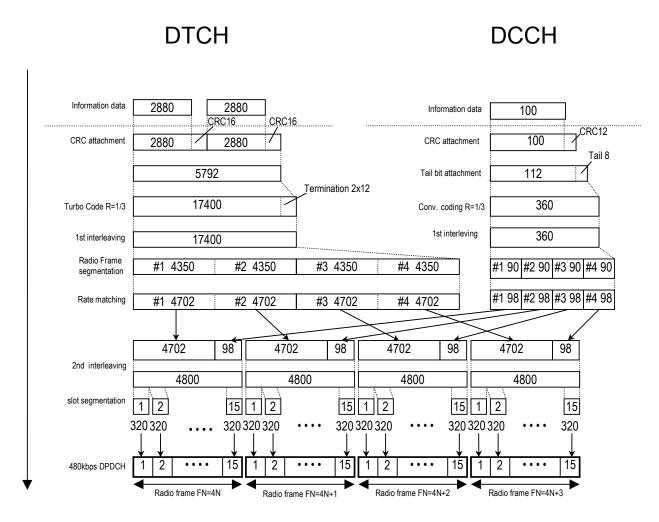


Figure 3.1.1-4 Channel coding for UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

Puncturing

Channel coding parameters for UL\_RMC\_384kbps

| measurement channel 384 kbps |      |       |  |
|------------------------------|------|-------|--|
| Parameter                    | Unit | Level |  |
| Information bit rate         | kbps | 384   |  |
| DPDCH                        | kbps | 960   |  |
| DPCCH                        | kbps | 15    |  |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i         | -    | 0     |  |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio      | dB   | -9.54 |  |
| TFCI                         | _    | On    |  |

 Table 3.1.1-10
 Physical channel parameters for UL reference

 measurement channel 384 kbps

| Table 3.1.1-11 | Transport channel parameters for UL reference |
|----------------|---|
|                | measurement channel 384 kbps                  |

%

18

| Parameter                  | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number   | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size       | 3840         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size   | 15360        | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval | 40 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection   | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute    | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                | 16           | 12                 |

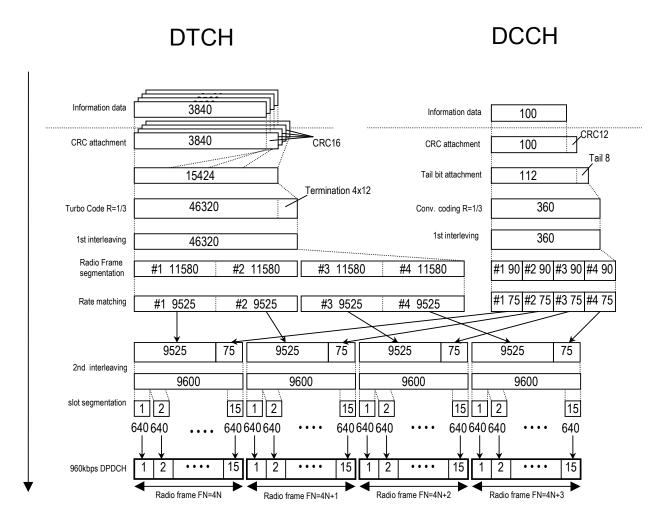


Figure 3.1.1-5 Channel coding for UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

# 3.1.2 UL\_AMR\_TFCSx/UL\_ISDN/UL\_64kbps\_Packet

These waveform patterns execute channel coding, division and spreading to physical channels, and power setting conforming to the Channel coding and multiplexing example (Uplink) standard described in 3GPP TS 25.944 Section 4.1.2.

Table 3.1.2-1 lists the parameters commonly used by each waveform pattern When a waveform pattern is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.1.2-1 is output from the AUX I/O connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

| Parameter                  | Setting Value                       |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Scrambling Code            | 0н                                  |
| DTCH Information Data      | PN9                                 |
| DCCH Information Data      | All 0                               |
| Over sampling rate         | 3                                   |
| Marker 1                   | Frame Clock                         |
| Marker 2                   | Slot Clock                          |
| Marker 3                   | _                                   |
| AWGN addition (Note)       | Enable                              |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1157                                |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$ |

Table 3.1.2-1 List of common parameters

Note: Use a waveform pattern AWGN\_3\_84MHz\_x2 or AWGN\_3\_84MHz \_x1\_5 for AWGN. The sampling rate for the waveform pattern must be set to 3.84 MHz × 3 when adding waveform patterns.

.....

Refer to Section 3.5.2 (3) "Adding Memories A and B outputs for modulation" in the MG3700A Operation Manual (Mainframe) for details of the AWGN addition method.

For UL\_ISDN, addition of standard waveform pattern's AGWN is enabled only when the ARB Memory Expansion 512Msamples (Option) is installed. Channel coding parameters for UL\_AMR\_TFCSx

| Table 3.1.2-2 | Physical channel parameters for UL_AMR_TFCSx |
|---------------|--|
|               |  |

| Parameter               | Unit | Level |
|-------------------------|------|-------|
| DPDCH                   | kbps | 60    |
| DPCCH                   | kbps | 15    |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i    | -    | 0     |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio | dB   | -2.69 |

#### Table 3.1.2-3 Parameters for 3.4 kbps data (DCCH)

| Transport Block Size     | 148 bits                |  |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Transport Block Set Size | 148 bits                |  |
| Rate Matching attribute  | 160                     |  |
| CRC                      | 16 bits                 |  |
| Coding                   | CC, coding rate = $1/3$ |  |
| TTI                      | 40 ms                   |  |

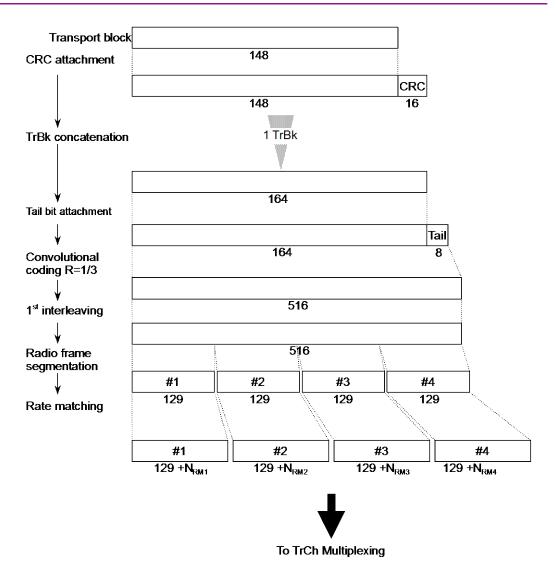
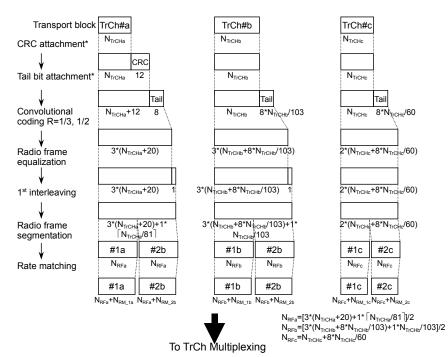
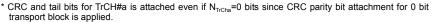


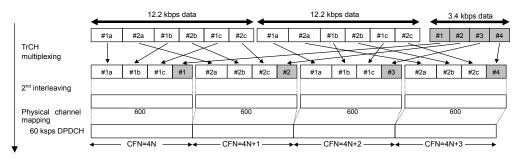
Figure 3.1.2-1 Channel coding and multiplexing for UL AMR TFCSx (1 of 2)

| Number of T  | rCHs         | 3  |
|--------------|--------------|--|
| Transport    | TrCH#a       | 39 or 81 bits  |
| Block Size   | TrCH#b       | 103 bits   |
|              | TrCH#c       | 60 bits  |
| TFCS         | #1           | $N_{TrCHa} = 1*81$ , $N_{TrCHb} = 1*103$ , $N_{TrCHc} = 1*60$ bits |
|              | #2           | $N_{TrCHa} = 1*39$ , $N_{TrCHb} = 0*103$ , $N_{TrCHc} = 0*60$ bits |
|              | #3           | $N_{TrCHa} = 0*81$ , $N_{TrCHb} = 0*103$ , $N_{TrCHc} = 0*60$ bits |
| Rate Matchin | ng attribute | RM <sub>a</sub> =200, RM <sub>b</sub> =190, RM <sub>c</sub> =235   |
| CRC          |              | 12 bits (attached to TrCH#a only)                                  |
| Coding       |              | CC,  |
|              |              | coding rate = 1/3 for TrCH#a, b                                    |
|              |              | coding rate = 1/2 for TrCH#c                                       |
| ТТІ          |              | 20 ms  |

Table 3.1.2-4 Parameters for 12.2 kbps data (DTCH)









#### Channel coding parameters for UL\_ISDN

| Table 3.1.2-5 | Physical channel | parameters for UL_ISDN |
|---------------|------------------|------------------------|
|---------------|------------------|------------------------|

| Parameter               | Unit | Level |
|-------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate    | kbps | 64    |
| DPDCH                   | kbps | 240   |
| DPCCH                   | kbps | 15    |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i    | —    | 0     |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio | dB   | -5.46 |

#### Table 3.1.2-6 Parameters for 64 kbps data

| Number of TrChs          | 1                                 |  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Transport Block Size     | 640 bits                          |  |
| Transport Block Set Size | 4*640 bits                        |  |
| Rate Matching attribute  | 170                               |  |
| CRC                      | 16 bits                           |  |
| Coding                   | Turbo coding, coding rate = $1/3$ |  |
| ТТІ                      | 40 ms                             |  |

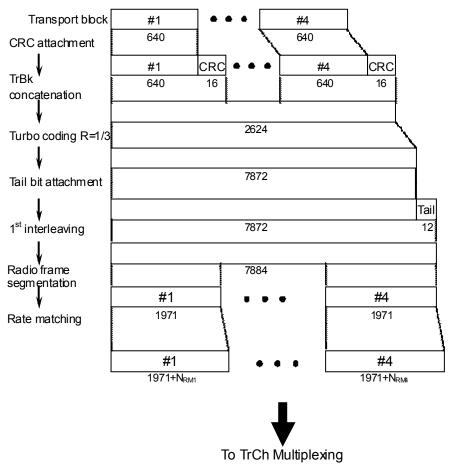


Figure 3.1.2-3 Channel coding for UL ISDN

#### 3.1 W-CDMA Waveform Pattern

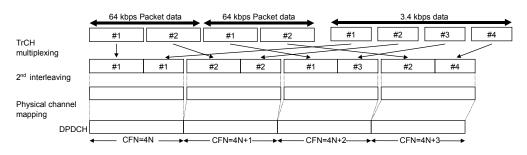


Figure 3.1.2-4 Multiplexing for UL ISDN

Channel coding parameters for UL\_64kbps\_Packet

| Parameter               | Unit | Level |
|-------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate    | kbps | 64    |
| DPDCH                   | kbps | 240   |
| DPCCH                   | kbps | 15    |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i    | _    | 0     |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio | dB   | -5.46 |

Table 3.1.2-8 Parameters for 64 kbps data

| Number of TrChs             |          | 1                                 |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| Transport Block             | Size     | 336 bits                          |
| Transport<br>Block Set Size | 64 kbps  | 336*B bits (B = 4)                |
| Rate Matching a             | ttribute | 150                               |
| CRC                         |          | 16 bits                           |
| Coding                      |          | Turbo coding, coding rate = $1/3$ |
| ТТІ                         |          | 20 ms                             |

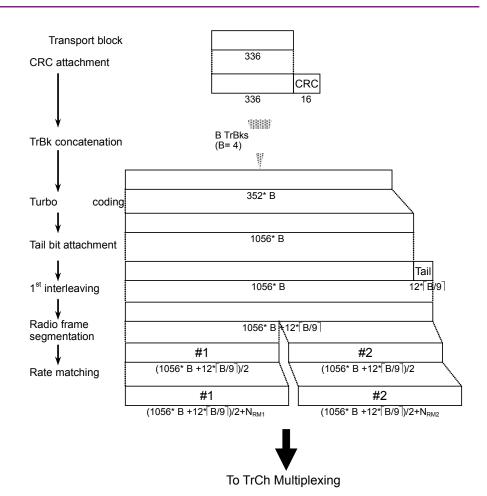


Figure 3.1.2-5 Channel coding for UL 64 kbps packet

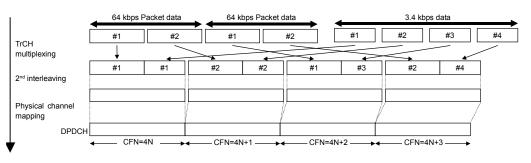


Figure 3.1.2-6 Multiplexing for UL 64 kbps packet

# 3.1.3 UL\_Interferer

These waveform patterns execute division and spreading to physical channels, and power setting conforming to the Characteristics of the W-CDMA interference signal standard described in 3GPP TS 25.141 Annex I.

| Parameter                  | Setting Value                       |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Scrambling Code            | 1 <sub>H</sub>                      |
| DTCH Information Data      | PN9                                 |
| DCCH Information Data      | All 0                               |
| Over sampling rate         | 4, 3 (UL_Interferer_ov3)            |
| Marker 1                   | Frame Clock                         |
| Marker 2                   | Slot Clock                          |
| Marker 3                   | _                                   |
| AWGN addition              | Disable                             |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1157                                |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$ |

Table 3.1.3-1 UL\_Interferer parameters

| Table 3.1.3-2 | Physical channel | parameters for UI | Interferer |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------|------------|
|---------------|------------------|-------------------|------------|

| Parameter               | Unit | Level |
|-------------------------|------|-------|
| Channel Bit Rate        | kbps | 64    |
| DPDCH                   | kbps | 240   |
| DPCCH                   | kbps | 15    |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i    | -    | 0     |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio | dB   | -5.46 |

## 3.1.4 DL\_RMCxxxkbps

These waveform patterns execute channel coding conforming to the DL Reference Measurement Channel standard described in 3GPP TS 25.101 Annex A, and execute division and spreading to physical channels in order to generate DPCH. They also execute power setting for control channels conforming to the standard described in 3GPP TS 25.101 Annex C.

Table 3.1.4-1 lists the parameters commonly used by each waveform pattern. When a waveform pattern is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.1.4-1 is output from the AUX I/O connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

| Parameter                              | Setting Value                       |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Scrambling Code                        | 80н                                 |
| DTCH Information Data                  | PN9                                 |
| DCCH Information Data                  | All 0                               |
| SFN count                              | 4096                                |
| Over sampling rate                     | 4                                   |
| Ch Code (P-CPICH)                      | 0                                   |
| Ch Code (P-CCPCH)                      | 1                                   |
| Ch Code (PICH)                         | 16                                  |
| Ch Code (DPCH for DL_RMC_12.2kbps)     | 96                                  |
| Ch Code (DPCH for DL_RMC_12.2kbps_RX)  | 96                                  |
| Ch Code (DPCH for DL_RMC_12.2kbps_MIL) | 96                                  |
| Ch Code (DPCH for DL_RMC_64kbps)       | 24                                  |
| Ch Code (DPCH for DL_RMC_144kbps)      | 12                                  |
| Ch Code (DPCH for DL_RMC_384kbps)      | 6                                   |
| Ch Code (DPCH for DL_AMR_TFCSx)        | 96                                  |
| Ch Code (DPCH for DL_ISDN)             | 24                                  |
| Ch Code (DPCH for DL_384kbps_Packet)   | 6                                   |
| OCNS                                   | See Table 3.1.4-2.                  |
| Marker 1                               | TTI Pulse                           |
| Marker 2                               | —                                   |
| Marker 3                               |                                     |
| AWGN addition                          | Disable                             |
| RMS for single phase of IQ             | 1157                                |
| IQ output level                        | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$ |

Table 3.1.4-1 List of common parameters

## 3.1 W-CDMA Waveform Pattern

| Channelization Code<br>at SF = 128 | Relative Level Setting<br>(dB) | DPCH Data                          |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 2                                  | -1                             | The DPCH data for                  |
| 11                                 | -3                             | each channelization                |
| 17                                 | -3                             | code shall be<br>uncorrelated with |
| 23                                 | -5                             | each other and with                |
| 31                                 | -2                             | any wanted signal                  |
| 38                                 | -4                             | over the period of any             |
| 47                                 | -8                             | measurement.                       |
| 55                                 | -7                             |                                    |
| 62                                 | -4                             |                                    |
| 69                                 | -6                             |                                    |
| 78                                 | -5                             |                                    |
| 85                                 | -9                             |                                    |
| 94                                 | -10                            |                                    |
| 125                                | -8                             |                                    |
| 113                                | -6                             |                                    |
| 119                                | 0                              |                                    |

Table 3.1.4-2 Parameters for OCNS

| Table 3.1.4-3 | Physical channel powers for DL_RMC12_2kbps_RX and |
|---------------|---|
|               | DL_RMC12_2kbps_ACS                                |

| Physical Channel | Power Ratio                       |  |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| P-CPICH          | $P$ -CPICH_Ec/DPCH_Ec = 7 dB      |  |
| Р-ССРСН          | $P$ -CCPCH_Ec/DPCH_Ec = 5 dB      |  |
| SCH              | $SCH_Ec/DPCH_Ec = 5 dB$           |  |
| PICH             | $PICH\_Ec/DPCH\_Ec = 2 dB$        |  |
| DPCH             | $DPCH\_Ec/Ior = -10.3 \text{ dB}$ |  |

| Table 3.1.4-4 | Physical channel  | powers for DL | _RMC12_2kbps_MIL |
|---------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------|
|               | i nyonoar onannoi |               |                  |

| Physical Channel | Power ratio   |
|------------------|---|
| P-CPICH          | $P$ -CPICH_Ec/Ior = $-10 \text{ dB}$                                |
| Р-ССРСН          | $P$ -CCPCH_Ec/Ior = $-12 \text{ dB}$                                |
| SCH              | $SCH_Ec/Ior = -12 dB$   |
| PICH             | $PICH_Ec/Ior = -15 dB$  |
| DPCH             | $DPCH\_Ec/Ior = -19 \text{ dB}$                                     |
| OCNS             | Power where the total power for all channels including OCNS is 0 dB |

| DE_1(1012_2(0)95_1112) |           |   |  |
|------------------------|-----------|---|--|
| Physical Channel       |           | Power ratio   |  |
| P-CPICH                |           | $P$ -CPICH_Ec/Ior = $-10 \text{ dB}$                                      |  |
| P-CCPCH                |           | $P$ -CCPCH_Ec/Ior = $-12 \text{ dB}$                                      |  |
| SCH                    |           | $SCH_Ec/Ior = -12 dB$   |  |
| PICH                   |           | $PICH_Ec/Ior = -15 dB$  |  |
|                        | 12.2 kbps | $DPCH_Ec/Ior = -16.6 dB$  |  |
| DPCH                   | 64 kbps   | $DPCH\_Ec/Ior = -12.8 \text{ dB}$   |  |
| ЛРСП                   | 144 kbps  | $DPCH_Ec/Ior = -9.8 dB$   |  |
|                        | 384 kbps  | $DPCH_Ec/Ior = -5.5 dB$   |  |
| OCNS                   |           | Power where the total power for<br>all channels including OCNS is 0<br>dB |  |

### Table 3.1.4-5 Physical channel powers for DL\_RMCxxxkbps (other than DL\_RMC12\_2kbps\_RX, DL\_RMC12\_2kbps\_ACS and DL\_RMC12\_2kbps\_MIL)

 Channel coding parameters for DL\_RMC\_12\_2kbps, DL\_RMC\_12\_2kbps\_RX, DL\_RMC\_12\_2kbps\_ACS and DL\_RMC\_12\_2kbps\_MIL

#### Table 3.1.4-6 Physical channel parameters for DL reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps

| Parameter                      | Unit | Level |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate           | kbps | 12.2  |
| DPCH                           | ksps | 30    |
| Slot Format #i                 | -    | 11    |
| TFCI                           | -    | On    |
| Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3 | dB   | 0     |
| Puncturing                     | %    | 14.7  |

| Table 3.1.4-7 | Transport channel parameters for DL reference |
|---------------|---|
|               | measurement channel 12.2 kbps                 |

| Parameter                  | DTCH               | DCCH               |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number   | 1                  | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size       | 244                | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size   | 244                | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval | 20 ms              | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection   | Convolution Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                | 1/3                | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute    | 256                | 256                |
| Size of CRC                | 16                 | 12                 |

# DCCH

# DTCH

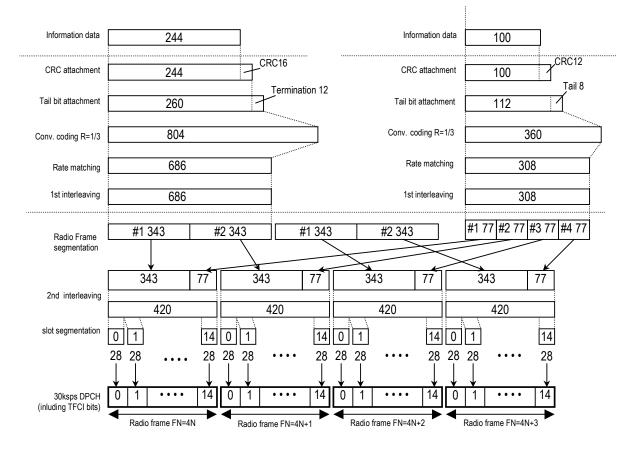


Figure 3.1.4-1 Channel coding for DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

Channel coding parameters for DL\_RMC\_64kbps

| Table 3.1.4-8 | Physical channel parameters for DL referenc |  |
|---------------|---|--|
|               | measurement channel 64 kbps                 |  |

| Parameter                      | Unit | Level |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate           | kbps | 64    |
| DPCH                           | ksps | 120   |
| Slot Format #i                 | -    | 13    |
| TFCI                           | -    | On    |
| Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3 | dB   | 0     |
| Repetition                     | %    | 2.9   |

| Table 3.1.4-9 | Transport channel parameters for DL reference |
|---------------|---|
|               | measurement channel 64 kbps                   |

| Parameter                       | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number        | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size            | 1280         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 1280         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 20 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection        | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                     | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                     | 16           | 12                 |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | fixed        | fixed              |

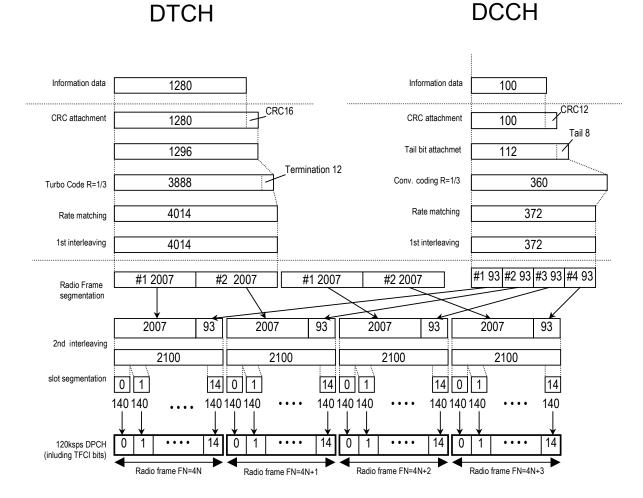


Figure 3.1.4-2 Channel coding for DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

Channel coding parameters for DL\_RMC\_144kbps

| Table 3.1.4-10 | Physical channel parameters for DL reference |
|----------------|--|
|                | measurement channel 144 kbps                 |

| Parameter                      | Unit | Level |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate           | kbps | 144   |
| DPCH                           | ksps | 240   |
| Slot Format #i                 | -    | 14    |
| TFCI                           | —    | On    |
| Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3 | dB   | 0     |
| Puncturing                     | %    | 2.7   |

| Table 3.1.4-11 | Transport channel parameters for DL reference |
|----------------|---|
|                | measurement channel 144 kbps                  |

| Parameter                       | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number        | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size            | 2880         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 2880         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 20 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection        | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                     | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                     | 16           | 12                 |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | fixed        | fixed              |

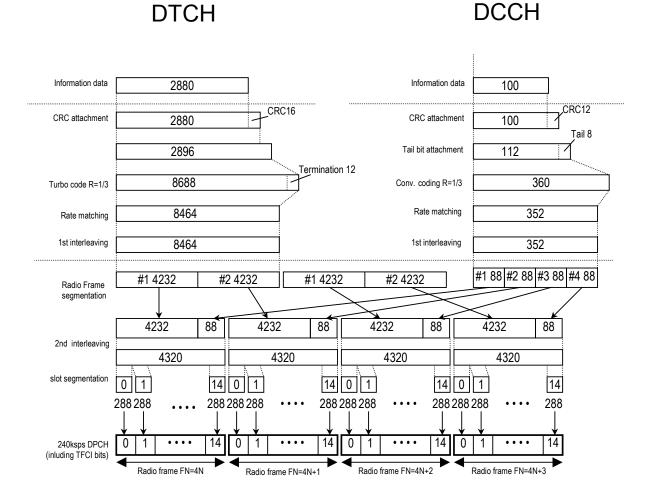


Figure 3.1.4-3 Channel coding for DL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

Channel coding parameters for DL\_RMC\_384kbps

| Table 3.1.4-12 | Physical channel parameters for DL reference |
|----------------|--|
|                | measurement channel 384 kbps                 |

| Parameter                      | Unit | Level |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate           | kbps | 384   |
| DPCH                           | ksps | 480   |
| Slot Format #i                 | -    | 15    |
| TFCI                           | —    | On    |
| Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3 | dB   | 0     |
| Puncturing                     | %    | 22    |

| Table 3.1.4-13 | Transport channel parameters for DL reference |
|----------------|---|
|                | measurement channel 384 kbps                  |

| Parameter                       | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number        | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size            | 3840         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 3840         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 10 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection        | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                     | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                     | 16           | 12                 |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | fixed        | fixed              |

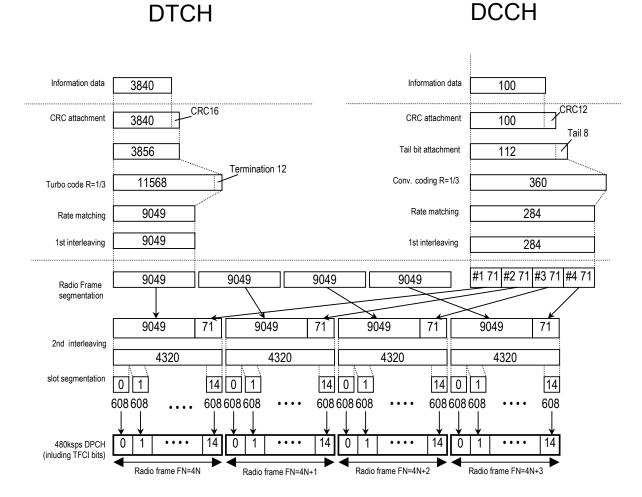


Figure 3.1.4-4 Channel coding for DL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

# 3.1.5 DL\_AMR\_TFCSx/DL\_ISDN/DL\_384kbps\_Packet

These waveform patterns execute channel coding, division and spreading to physical channels, and power setting conforming to the Channel coding and multiplexing example (FDD, Downlink) standard described in 3GPP TS 25.944 Section 4.1.1.

Table 3.1.5-1 lists the parameters commonly used by each waveform pattern When a waveform pattern is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.1.5-1 is output from the AUX I/O connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

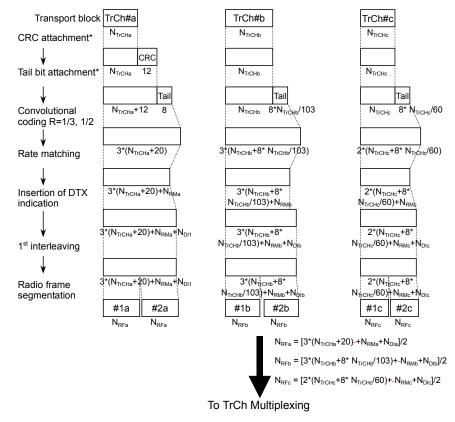
| Parameter                  | Setting Value                       |  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Scrambling Code            | 80 <sub>H</sub>                     |  |
| DTCH Information Data      | PN9                                 |  |
| DCCH Information Data      | All 0                               |  |
| Over sampling rate         | 4                                   |  |
| Marker 1                   | TTI Clock                           |  |
| Marker 2                   | _                                   |  |
| Marker 3                   | _                                   |  |
| AWGN addition              | Disable                             |  |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1157                                |  |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$ |  |

Table 3.1.5-1 List of common parameters

| Number of T      | rChs         | 3   |  |  |
|------------------|--------------|---|--|--|
| Transport TrCH#a |              | 0, 39 or 81 bits  |  |  |
| Block Size       | TrCH#b       | 103 bits  |  |  |
|                  | TrCH#c       | 60 bits   |  |  |
| TFCS             | #1           | $N_{TrCHa} = 1*81, N_{TrCHb} = 1*103, N_{TrCHc} = 1*60$ bits        |  |  |
|                  | #2           | $N_{TrCHa} = 1*39$ , $N_{TrCHb} = 0*103$ , $N_{TrCHc} = 0*60$ bits  |  |  |
|                  | #3           | $N_{TrCHa} = 1*0, N_{TrCHb} = 0*103, N_{TrCHc} = 0*60 \text{ bits}$ |  |  |
| Rate Matchi      | ng attribute | RM <sub>a</sub> =200, RM <sub>b</sub> =190, RM <sub>c</sub> =235    |  |  |
| CRC              |              | 12 bits (attached to TrCh#a only)                                   |  |  |
| CRC parity b     |              | Applied to TrCh#a only.   |  |  |
| attachment       |              |   |  |  |
| transport blo    | ОСК          |   |  |  |
| Coding           |              | CC,   |  |  |
|                  |              | coding rate = 1/3 for TrCh#a, b                                     |  |  |
|                  |              | coding rate = 1/2 for TrCh#c  |  |  |
| ТТІ              |              | 20 ms   |  |  |

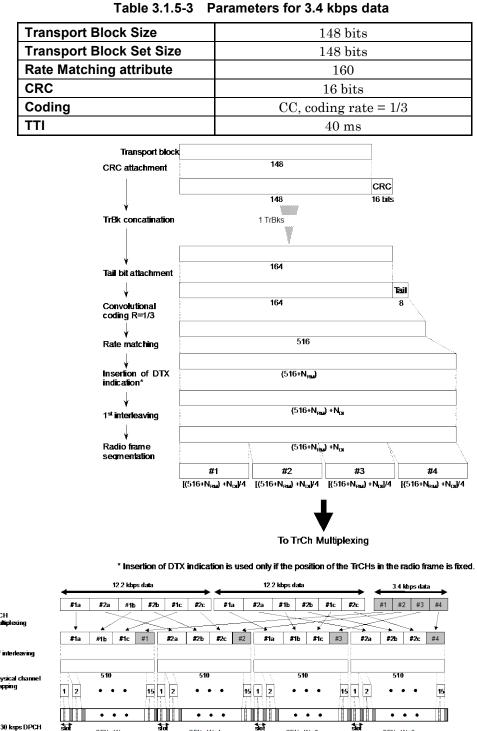
Channel coding parameters for DL\_AMR\_TFCSx

Table 3.1.5-2 Parameters for 12.2 kbps data



\* CRC and tail bits for TrCH#a is attached even if N<sub>TrCha</sub>=0 bits since CRC parity bit attachment for 0 bit transport block is applied.

Figure 3.1.5-1 Channel coding and multiplexing for DL AMR TFCSx (1 of 2)



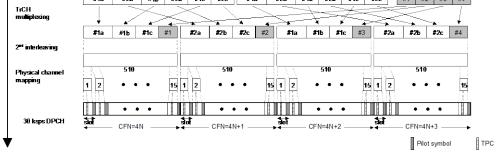




Table 3.1.5-4 Physical channel parameters for 12.2 kbps and 3.4 kbps data

| Symbol Rate (ksps) | N <sub>pilot</sub> (bits) | N <sub>TFCI</sub> (bits) | N <sub>TPC</sub> (bits) | N <sub>data1</sub> (bits) | N <sub>data2</sub> (bits) |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 30                 | 4                         | 0                        | 2                       | 6                         | 28                        |

Channel coding parameters for DL\_ISDN

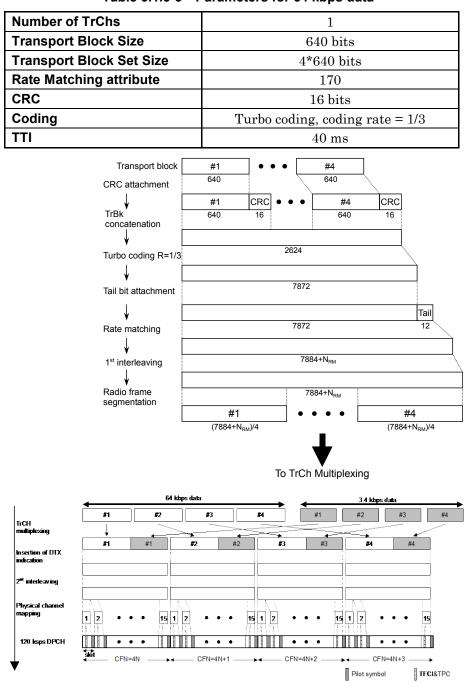


Table 3.1.5-5 Parameters for 64 kbps data

Figure 3.1.5-3 Channel coding and multiplexing for DL ISDN

Table 3.1.5-6 Physical channel parameters for 64 kbps and 3.4 kbps data

| Symbol Rate<br>(ksps) | No. of Physical<br>Channel | N <sub>pilot</sub> (bits) | N <sub>TFCI</sub> (bits) | N <sub>TPC</sub> (bits) | N <sub>data1</sub> (bits) | N <sub>data2</sub> (bits) |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 120                   | 1                          | 8                         | 8                        | 4                       | 28                        | 112                       |

Channel coding parameters for DL\_384kbps\_Packet

| Table 3.1.5-7 | Packet data | parameters | for 384 kbps data |
|---------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|
|---------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|

| Number of TrChs          | 1                                 |  |  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Transport Block Size     | 336 bits                          |  |  |
| Transport Block Set Size | 336*B bits (B = 12)               |  |  |
| Rate Matching attribute  | 145                               |  |  |
| CRC                      | 16 bits                           |  |  |
| Coding                   | Turbo coding, coding rate = $1/3$ |  |  |
| ТТІ                      | 10 ms                             |  |  |

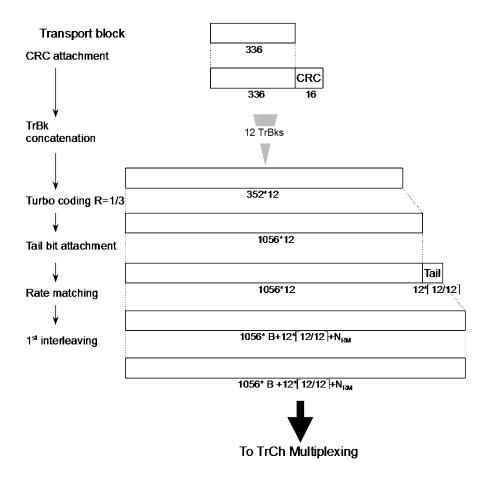


Figure 3.1.5-4 Channel coding for DL 384 kbps packet

#### 3.1 W-CDMA Waveform Pattern

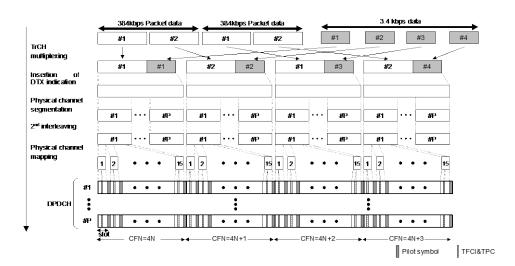


Figure 3.1.5-5 Multiplexing for DL 384 kbps

| Table 3.1.5-8 | Physical channel | parameters for 384 kb | ps and 3.4 kbps data |
|---------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
|---------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|

| Data Rate | Symbol Rate | No. of Physical | N <sub>pilot</sub> | N <sub>TFCI</sub> | N <sub>тРС</sub> | N <sub>data1</sub> | N <sub>data2</sub> |
|-----------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| (kbps)    | (ksps)      | Channel: P      | (bits)             | (bits)            | (bits)           | (bits)             | (bits)             |
| 384       | 480         | 1               | 16                 | 8                 | 8                | 120                | 488                |

# 3.1.6 DL\_Interferer

DL\_Interferer is a modulated signal code-multiplexed according to the parameters described in 3GPP TS25.104 Annex C.4 W-CDMA Modulated Interferer.

| Table 5.1.0-1              |                                     |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Parameter                  | Setting Value                       |
| Scrambling Code            | 0 <sub>H</sub>                      |
| Over sampling rate         | 4, 3 (DL_Interferer_ov3)            |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1157                                |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$ |

Table 3.1.6-1 Parameters for DL\_Interferer

| Tabl | e 3.1.6-2 | Physic | al chan | nel para | meters for | DL_Inter | ferer |  |
|------|-----------|--------|---------|----------|------------|----------|-------|--|
|      |           |        |         |          |            |          |       |  |

| Channel<br>Type | Spreading<br>Factor | Channelization<br>Code | Timing Offset<br>(x256T <sub>chip</sub> ) | Power                      | Note   |
|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| P-CCPCH         | 256                 | 1                      | 0   | P-CCPCH_Ec/Ior<br>= -10 dB |  |
| SCH             | 256                 | _                      | 0   | SCH_Ec/Ior<br>= -10 dB     | The SCH power is<br>equally divided and<br>distributed into 2<br>channels of P-SCH<br>and S-SCH. |
| P-CPICH         | 256                 | 0                      | 0   | P-CPICH_Ec/Ior<br>= -10 dB |  |
| PICH            | 256                 | 16                     | 16  | PICH_Ec/Ior<br>= -15 dB    |  |
| OCNS            | See Table 3         | .1.6-3.                |   |                            | The total power of the<br>OCNS channel and all<br>the channels above is<br>0 dB.                 |

## 3.1 W-CDMA Waveform Pattern

| Channelization Code<br>at SF = 128 | Relative Level Setting<br>(dB) | DPCH Data                          |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 2                                  | -1                             | The DPCH data for                  |
| 11                                 | -3                             | each channelization                |
| 17                                 | -3                             | code shall be<br>uncorrelated with |
| 23                                 | -5                             | each other and with                |
| 31                                 | -2                             | any wanted signal                  |
| 38                                 | -4                             | over the period of any             |
| 47                                 | -8                             | measurement.                       |
| 55                                 | -7                             |                                    |
| 62                                 | -4                             |                                    |
| 69                                 | -6                             |                                    |
| 78                                 | -5                             |                                    |
| 85                                 | -9                             |                                    |
| 94                                 | -10                            |                                    |
| 125                                | -8                             |                                    |
| 113                                | -6                             |                                    |
| 119                                | 0                              |                                    |

Table 3.1.6-3 Parameters for OCNS

## 3.1.7 TestModel\_x\_xxDPCH

TestModel\_x\_xxDPCH is a downlink multiplexed signal that is code-multiplexed according to the parameters described in 3GPP TS25.141 Section 11.4.0 Test Models.

Table 3.1.7-1 List of common parameters

| Parameter                  | Setting Value                       |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Scrambling Code (*1)       | 0 <sub>H</sub>                      |
| Over sampling rate         | 4                                   |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1157                                |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$ |

\*1: For offset frequency (5\*N[MHz]) of multicarrier when the lowest frequency carrier is 0, the Scrambling Code of each carrier is N. Time offset for each carrier frame is N/5, 2\*N/5, 3\*N/5, ... when setting the carrier of N=0 as the reference

♦ Test Model 1

| Туре                                    | Number of<br>Channels | Fraction of<br>Power (%) | Level<br>Setting (dB) | Channelization<br>Code | Timing Offset<br>(x256T <sub>chip</sub> ) |  |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| P-CCPCH+SCH                             | 1                     | 10                       | -10                   | 1                      | 0   |  |
| Primary CPICH                           | 1                     | 10                       | -10                   | 0                      | 0   |  |
| PICH                                    | 1                     | 1.6                      | -18                   | 16                     | 120                                       |  |
| S-CCPCH<br>containing PCH<br>(SF = 256) | 1                     | 1.6                      | -18                   | 3                      | 0   |  |
| DPCH (SF = 128)                         | 4/8/16/32/64          | 76.8 in total            | See Table 3.1.7-3.    |                        |   |  |

The multicarriers (Test\_Model\_1\_64DPCHx2/3/4) of Test Model 1 are assigned to the offset frequency as follows:

| Test_Model_1_64DPCHx2 (2 carriers): | –2.5 MHz, +2.5 MHz            |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Test_Model_1_64x2_10M (2 carriers): | –5 MHz, +5 MHz                |
| Test_Model_1_64x2_15M (2 carriers): | –7.5 MHz, +7.5 MHz            |
| Test_Model_1_64DPCHx3 (3 carriers): | 0 MHz, +10 MHz, +15 MHz       |
|                                     | (+5 MHz carrier is blank.)    |
| Test_Model_1_64DPCHx4 (4 carriers): | –7.5 MHz, –2.5 MHz, +2.5 MHz, |
|                                     | +7.5 MHz                      |

### 3.1 W-CDMA Waveform Pattern

| Code | Timing<br>Offset<br>(x256Tchip) | Level settings<br>(dB)<br>(4 codes) | Level settings<br>(dB)<br>(8 codes) | Level Settings<br>(dB)<br>(16 codes) | Level Settings<br>(dB)<br>(32 codes) | Level Settings<br>(dB)<br>(64 codes) |
|------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 2    | 86                              | -5                                  | -7                                  | -10                                  | -13                                  | -16                                  |
| 11   | 134                             | —                                   | -16                                 | -12                                  | -13                                  | -16                                  |
| 17   | 52                              | —                                   | —                                   | -12                                  | -14                                  | -16                                  |
| 23   | 45                              | —                                   | —                                   | -14                                  | -15                                  | -17                                  |
| 31   | 143                             | _                                   | _                                   | -11                                  | -17                                  | -18                                  |
| 38   | 112                             | -7                                  | -11                                 | -13                                  | -14                                  | -20                                  |
| 47   | 59                              | —                                   | —                                   | -17                                  | -16                                  | -16                                  |
| 55   | 23                              | —                                   | -11                                 | -16                                  | -18                                  | -17                                  |
| 62   | 1                               | —                                   | —                                   | -13                                  | -16                                  | -16                                  |
| 69   | 88                              | —                                   | —                                   | -15                                  | -19                                  | -19                                  |
| 78   | 30                              | -9                                  | -10                                 | -14                                  | -17                                  | -22                                  |
| 85   | 18                              | —                                   | -12                                 | -18                                  | -15                                  | -20                                  |
| 94   | 30                              | —                                   | —                                   | -19                                  | -17                                  | -16                                  |
| 102  | 61                              | —                                   | —                                   | -17                                  | -22                                  | -17                                  |
| 113  | 128                             | —                                   | -8                                  | -15                                  | -20                                  | -19                                  |
| 119  | 143                             | -9                                  | -12                                 | -9                                   | -24                                  | -21                                  |
| 7    | 83                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -20                                  | -19                                  |
| 13   | 25                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -18                                  | -21                                  |
| 20   | 103                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -14                                  | -18                                  |
| 27   | 97                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -14                                  | -20                                  |
| 35   | 56                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -16                                  | -24                                  |
| 41   | 104                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -19                                  | -24                                  |
| 51   | 51                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -18                                  | -22                                  |
| 58   | 26                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -17                                  | -21                                  |
| 64   | 137                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -22                                  | -18                                  |
| 74   | 65                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -19                                  | -20                                  |
| 82   | 37                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -19                                  | -17                                  |
| 88   | 125                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -16                                  | -18                                  |
| 97   | 149                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -18                                  | -19                                  |
| 108  | 123                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -15                                  | -23                                  |
| 117  | 83                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -17                                  | -22                                  |
| 125  | 5                               | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | -12                                  | -21                                  |
| 4    | 91                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -17                                  |
| 9    | 7                               | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -18                                  |
| 12   | 32                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -20                                  |

 Table 3.1.7-3
 Parameters for DPCH

| Code | Timing<br>Offset<br>(x256Tchip) | Level settings<br>(dB)<br>(4 codes) | Level settings<br>(dB)<br>(8 codes) | Level Settings<br>(dB)<br>(16 codes) | Level Settings<br>(dB)<br>(32 codes) | Level Settings<br>(dB)<br>(64 codes) |
|------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 14   | 21                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -17                                  |
| 19   | 29                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -19                                  |
| 22   | 59                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -21                                  |
| 26   | 22                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -19                                  |
| 28   | 138                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -23                                  |
| 34   | 31                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -22                                  |
| 36   | 17                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -19                                  |
| 40   | 9                               | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -24                                  |
| 44   | 69                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -23                                  |
| 49   | 49                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -22                                  |
| 53   | 20                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -19                                  |
| 56   | 57                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -22                                  |
| 61   | 121                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -21                                  |
| 63   | 127                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -18                                  |
| 66   | 114                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -19                                  |
| 71   | 100                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -22                                  |
| 76   | 76                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -21                                  |
| 80   | 141                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -19                                  |
| 84   | 82                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -21                                  |
| 87   | 64                              | —                                   | —                                   | -                                    | _                                    | -19                                  |
| 91   | 149                             | —                                   | —                                   | -                                    | _                                    | -21                                  |
| 95   | 87                              | —                                   | —                                   | -                                    | _                                    | -20                                  |
| 99   | 98                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -25                                  |
| 105  | 46                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -25                                  |
| 110  | 37                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -25                                  |
| 116  | 87                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -24                                  |
| 118  | 149                             | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -22                                  |
| 122  | 85                              | _                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -20                                  |
| 126  | 69                              | —                                   | —                                   | _                                    | _                                    | -15                                  |

 Table 3.1.7-3
 Parameters for DPCH (Cont'd)

#### ♦ Test Model 2

| Туре                                    | Number of<br>Channels | Fraction of<br>Power (%) | Level<br>Setting (dB) | Channelization<br>Code | Timing Offset<br>(x256T <sub>chip</sub> ) |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---|
| P-CCPCH+SCH                             | 1                     | 10                       | -10                   | 1                      | 0   |
| Primary CPICH                           | 1                     | 10                       | -10                   | 0                      | 0   |
| PICH                                    | 1                     | 5                        | -13                   | 16                     | 120                                       |
| S-CCPCH<br>containing PCH<br>(SF = 256) | 1                     | 5                        | -13                   | 3                      | 0   |
| DPCH (SF = 128)                         | 3                     | 2 x 10, 1 x 50           | 2 x -10,<br>1 x -3    | 24, 72, 120            | 1, 7, 2                                   |

## Table 3.1.7-4 Channel configuration of Test Model 2

♦ Test Model 3

| Туре                                    | Number of<br>Channels | Fraction of<br>Power (%)<br>4/8/16/32 | Level<br>Setting (dB)<br>4/8/16/32 | Channelization<br>Code | Timing Offset<br>(x256T <sub>chip</sub> ) |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| P-CCPCH+SCH                             | 1                     | 15,8/15,8/12,<br>6/7,9                | -8/-8/<br>-9/-11                   | 1                      | 0   |
| Primary CPICH                           | 1                     | 15,8/15,8/12,<br>6/7,9                | -8/-8/<br>-9/-11                   | 0                      | 0   |
| PICH                                    | 1                     | 2.5/2.5/5/1.6                         | -16/-16/<br>-13/-18                | 16                     | 120                                       |
| S-CCPCH<br>containing PCH<br>(SF = 256) | 1                     | 2.5/2.5/5/1.6                         | -16/-16/<br>-13/-18                | 3                      | 0   |
| DPCH (SF = 256)                         | 4/8/16/32             | 63,4/63,4/63,<br>7/80,4 in<br>total   | See Table 3.1.                     | 7-6.                   |   |

## Table 3.1.7-5 Channel configuration of Test Model 3

|      | Table 3.1.7-6    Parameters for Test Model 3 |                                  |                                  |                                   |                                   |  |  |  |  |
|------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code | T <sub>offset</sub>                          | Level settings (dB)<br>(4 codes) | Level settings (dB)<br>(8 codes) | Level Settings (dB)<br>(16 codes) | Level Settings (dB)<br>(32 codes) |  |  |  |  |
| 64   | 86   | -8                               | -11                              | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 69   | 134  | —                                | —                                | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 74   | 52   | —                                | -11                              | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 78   | 45   | —                                | _                                | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 83   | 143  | _                                |                                  | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 89   | 112  | -8                               | -11                              | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 93   | 59   | _                                | _                                | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 96   | 23   | —                                | -11                              | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 100  | 1  | —                                |                                  | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 105  | 88   | —                                | _                                | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 109  | 30   | -8                               | -11                              | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 111  | 18   | —                                | -11                              | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 115  | 30   | —                                | _                                | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 118  | 61   | —                                | _                                | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 122  | 128  | —                                | -11                              | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 125  | 143  | -8                               | -11                              | -14                               | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 67   | 83   | —                                | _                                | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 71   | 25   | —                                | —                                | -                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 76   | 103  | —                                | _                                | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 81   | 97   | —                                |                                  | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 86   | 56   | —                                | —                                | -                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 90   | 104  | —                                | _                                | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 95   | 51   | —                                | _                                | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 98   | 26   | —                                | —                                | -                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 103  | 137  | —                                | _                                | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 108  | 65   | —                                | _                                | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 110  | 37   | —                                | _                                | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 112  | 125  | —                                | —                                | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 117  | 149  | —                                | _                                | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 119  | 123  |                                  | _                                | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 123  | 83   | —                                | _                                | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |
| 126  | 5  | —                                | _                                | _                                 | -16                               |  |  |  |  |

Table 3.1.7-6 Parameters for Test Model 3

#### ♦ Test Model 4

| Туре  | Number of<br>Channels | Fraction of Power (%) | Level<br>Setting (dB) | Channelization<br>Code | Timing<br>Offset |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| P-CCPCH+SCH when<br>Primary CPICH is disabled | 1                     | 100                   | 0                     | 1                      | 0                |
| P-CCPCH+SCH when<br>Primary CPICH is enabled  | 1                     | 50                    | -3                    | 1                      | 0                |
| Primary CPICH1                                | 1                     | 50                    | -3                    | 0                      | 0                |

## Table 3.1.7-7 Channel configuration of Test Model 4

## 3.1.8 TestModel\_5\_xDPCH

These waveforms are downlink multiplexed signals that include HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH equivalent to Test Model 5, which is described in 3GPP TS25.141 Section 6.1.

The settings are the same as that shown in Section 3.1.9. Refer to 3.1.9 "TestModel\_5\_xHSPDSCH" for details.

## 3.1.9 TestModel\_5\_xHSPDSCH

These waveforms are downlink multiplexed signals that include HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH equivalent to Test Model 5, which is described in 3GPP TS25.141 Section 6.1.

| Parameter                  | Setting Value                       |  |  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Scrambling Code            | 0 <sub>H</sub>                      |  |  |
| Over sampling rate         | 4                                   |  |  |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1157                                |  |  |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$ |  |  |

Table 3.1.9-1 List of common parameters

| Table 3.1.9-2 | Channel | configuration of | Test Model 5 |
|---------------|---------|------------------|--------------|
|---------------|---------|------------------|--------------|

| Туре                                 | Number of<br>Channels | Level Setting<br>(dB) | Channelization<br>Code | Timing Offset<br>(x256T <sub>chip</sub> ) |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---|
| P-CCPCH+SCH                          | 1                     | -11                   | 1                      | 0   |
| Primary CPICH                        | 1                     | -11                   | 0                      | 0   |
| PICH                                 | 1                     | -19                   | 16                     | 120                                       |
| S-CCPCH containing<br>PCH (SF = 256) | 1                     | -19                   | 3                      | 0   |
| DPCH (SF = 128)                      | 30/14/6/4 (*)         | See Table 3.1.9-3.    |                        |   |
| HS-SCCH                              | 2                     | See Table 3.1.9-4.    |                        |   |
| HS-PDSCH (16QAM)                     | 8/4/2 (*)             | See Table 3.1.9-5.    |                        |   |

\*: DPCH is 6 channels when HS-PDSCH is 2 channels,
 4 channels or 14 channels when HS-PDSCH is 4 channels, and
 30 channels when HS-PDSCH is 8 channels.

### 3.1 W-CDMA Waveform Pattern

| Code<br>(SF = 128) | Timing Offset<br>(x256Tchip) | Level Settings<br>(dB) (30 codes) | Level Settings<br>(dB) (14 codes) | Level Settings<br>(dB) (6 codes) | Level settings<br>(dB) (4 codes) |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 15                 | 86                           | -20                               | -17                               | -17                              | -15                              |
| 23                 | 134                          | -20                               | -19                               | -15                              | -15                              |
| 68                 | 52                           | -21                               | -19                               | -15                              | -18                              |
| 76                 | 45                           | -22                               | -20                               | -18                              | -12                              |
| 82                 | 143                          | -24                               | -18                               | -16                              | —                                |
| 90                 | 112                          | -21                               | -20                               | -17                              | —                                |
| 5                  | 59                           | -23                               | -25                               | _                                | —                                |
| 11                 | 23                           | -25                               | -23                               | _                                | —                                |
| 17                 | 1                            | -23                               | -20                               | _                                | —                                |
| 27                 | 88                           | -26                               | -22                               | _                                | —                                |
| 64                 | 30                           | -24                               | -21                               | _                                | —                                |
| 72                 | 18                           | -22                               | -22                               | _                                | —                                |
| 86                 | 30                           | -24                               | -19                               | _                                | —                                |
| 94                 | 61                           | -28                               | -20                               | _                                | _                                |
| 3                  | 128                          | -27                               | _                                 | _                                | —                                |
| 7                  | 143                          | -26                               | _                                 | _                                | —                                |
| 13                 | 83                           | -27                               | _                                 | _                                | —                                |
| 19                 | 25                           | -25                               | _                                 | _                                | —                                |
| 21                 | 103                          | -21                               | _                                 | _                                |                                  |
| 25                 | 97                           | -21                               | _                                 | _                                | _                                |
| 31                 | 56                           | -23                               | _                                 | _                                | _                                |
| 66                 | 104                          | -26                               | _                                 | _                                | _                                |
| 70                 | 51                           | -25                               | -                                 | _                                | _                                |
| 74                 | 26                           | -24                               | _                                 | _                                | —                                |
| 78                 | 137                          | -27                               | _                                 | _                                | _                                |
| 80                 | 65                           | -26                               | -                                 | _                                | —                                |
| 84                 | 37                           | -23                               | _                                 | _                                | _                                |
| 88                 | 125                          | -25                               | _                                 | _                                |                                  |
| 89                 | 149                          | -22                               | _                                 | _                                | _                                |
| 92                 | 123                          | -24                               | _                                 | _                                | —                                |

Table 3.1.9-3 Setting for DPCH

#### Table 3.1.9-4 Settings for HS-SCCH

| Code (SF = 128) | Timing Offset (x256Tchip) | Level Settings (dB) |  |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 9               | 0                         | -15                 |  |
| 29              | 0                         | -21                 |  |

| Code<br>(SF = 16) | Timing Offset<br>(x256Tchip) | Level Settings<br>(dB) (8 codes) | Level Settings<br>(dB) (4 codes) | Level Settings<br>(dB) (2 codes) |
|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 4                 | 0                            | -11                              | -8                               | -5                               |
| 5                 | 0                            | -11                              | -8                               | -                                |
| 6                 | 0                            | -11                              | —                                | —                                |
| 7                 | 0                            | -11                              | -                                | -                                |
| 12                | 0                            | -11                              | -8                               | -5                               |
| 13                | 0                            | -11                              | -8                               | —                                |
| 14                | 0                            | -11                              | _                                | _                                |
| 15                | 0                            | -11                              | —                                | -                                |

#### Table 3.1.9-5 Setting for HS-PDSCH

## 3.1.10 TestModel\_6\_xHSPDSCH

These waveforms are downlink multiplexed signals that include HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH equivalent to Test Model 6, which is described in 3GPP TS25.141 Section 6.1.

| Table 3.1.10-1 | List of common | parameters |
|----------------|----------------|------------|
|----------------|----------------|------------|

| Parameter                  | Setting Value                       |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Scrambling Code            | 0 <sub>H</sub>                      |
| Over sampling rate         | 4                                   |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1157                                |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$ |

| Туре                                 | Number of<br>Channels      | Level Setting<br>(dB) | Channelization<br>Code | Timing Offset<br>(x256T <sub>chip</sub> ) |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---|
| P-CCPCH+SCH                          | 1                          | -11                   | 1                      | 0   |
| Primary CPICH                        | 1                          | -11                   | 0                      | 0   |
| PICH                                 | 1                          | -19                   | 16                     | 120                                       |
| S-CCPCH containing<br>PCH (SF = 256) | 1                          | -19                   | 3                      | 0   |
| DPCH (SF = 128)                      | 30/4(*)                    | See Table 3.1.10-3.   |                        |   |
| HS-SCCH                              | 2                          | See Table 3.1.10-4.   |                        |   |
| HS-PDSCH (64QAM)                     | 8/4(*) See Table 3.1.10-5. |                       |                        |   |

\*: DPCH is 4 channels when 4 HS-PDSCH is 4 channels, and 30 channels when HS-PDSCH is 8 channels.

| Section 3 Details of Standard Wa | aveform Pattern |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|
|----------------------------------|-----------------|

| Code<br>(SF = 128)Timing Offset<br>(x256Tchip)Level Settings (dB)<br>(30 codes)Level settings (dB)<br>(4 codes)1586-17-1323134-17156852-18-97645-19-1282143-21-90112-18-559-20-1123-22-1123-22-1123-22-1123-21-71-20-171-20-18-19718-19-9461-25-7143-23-1383-24-1925-22-211003-18-3156-20-7426-21-78137-24-78137-24-8065-23-8437-22-89149-22-92123-21-  | Table 3.1.10-3 Setting for DPCH |     |     |     |  |  |
|---|---------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| 23       134 $-17$ $-15$ 68       52 $-18$ $-9$ 76       45 $-19$ $-12$ 82       143 $-21$ $-$ 90       112 $-18$ $-$ 5       59 $-20$ $-$ 11       23 $-22$ $-$ 17       1 $-20$ $-$ 17       1 $-20$ $-$ 27       88 $-23$ $-$ 64       30 $-21$ $-$ 72       18 $-19$ $-$ 86       30 $-21$ $-$ 94       61 $-25$ $-$ 3       128 $-24$ $-$ 7       143 $-23$ $-$ 13       83 $-24$ $-$ 19       25 $-22$ $-$ 21       103 $-18$ $-$ 31       56 $-20$ $-$ 66       104 $-23$ $-$ 74 |                                 |     |     |     |  |  |
| 68 $52$ $-18$ $-9$ $76$ $45$ $-19$ $-12$ $82$ $143$ $-21$ $ 90$ $112$ $-18$ $ 5$ $59$ $-20$ $ 11$ $23$ $-22$ $ 17$ $1$ $-20$ $ 17$ $1$ $-20$ $ 27$ $88$ $-23$ $ 64$ $30$ $-21$ $ 72$ $18$ $-19$ $ 72$ $18$ $-19$ $ 86$ $30$ $-21$ $ 94$ $61$ $-25$ $ 3$ $128$ $-24$ $ 7$ $143$ $-23$ $ 13$ $83$ $-24$ $ 19$ $25$ $-22$ $ 21$ $103$ $-18$ $ 25$ $97$ $-18$ $ 74$ $26$  | 15                              | 86  | -17 | -13 |  |  |
| 76 $45$ $-19$ $-12$ $82$ $143$ $-21$ $ 90$ $112$ $-18$ $ 5$ $59$ $-20$ $ 11$ $23$ $-22$ $ 11$ $23$ $-22$ $ 17$ $1$ $-20$ $ 27$ $88$ $-23$ $ 64$ $30$ $-21$ $ 72$ $18$ $-19$ $ 86$ $30$ $-21$ $ 94$ $61$ $-25$ $ 3$ $128$ $-24$ $ 7$ $143$ $-23$ $ 13$ $83$ $-24$ $ 19$ $25$ $-22$ $ 21$ $103$ $-18$ $ 31$ $56$ $-20$ $ 66$ $104$ $-23$ $ 70$ $51$ $-22$ $ 74$ $26$  | 23                              | 134 | -17 | -15 |  |  |
| 82 $143$ $-21$ $ 90$ $112$ $-18$ $ 5$ $59$ $-20$ $ 11$ $23$ $-22$ $ 17$ $1$ $-20$ $ 17$ $1$ $-20$ $ 27$ $88$ $-23$ $ 64$ $30$ $-21$ $ 72$ $18$ $-19$ $ 86$ $30$ $-21$ $ 94$ $61$ $-25$ $ 3$ $128$ $-24$ $ 7$ $143$ $-23$ $ 13$ $83$ $-24$ $ 19$ $25$ $-22$ $ 21$ $103$ $-18$ $ 25$ $97$ $-18$ $ 21$ $103$ $-18$ $ 70$ $51$ $-22$ $ 74$ $26$ $-21$ $ 74$ $26$  | 68                              | 52  | -18 | -9  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 76                              | 45  | -19 | -12 |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 82                              | 143 | -21 | —   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 90                              | 112 | -18 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 5                               | 59  | -20 | —   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 11                              | 23  | -22 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 17                              | 1   | -20 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 27                              | 88  | -23 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 64                              | 30  | -21 | —   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 72                              | 18  | -19 | —   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 86                              | 30  | -21 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 94                              | 61  | -25 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 3                               | 128 | -24 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 7                               | 143 | -23 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 13                              | 83  | -24 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 19                              | 25  | -22 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 21                              | 103 | -18 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 25                              | 97  | -18 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 31                              | 56  | -20 | —   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 66                              | 104 | -23 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 70                              | 51  | -22 | _   |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 74                              | 26  | -21 | _   |  |  |
| 84         37         -22         -           88         125         -22         -           89         149         -22         -   | 78                              | 137 | -24 |     |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 80                              | 65  | -23 |     |  |  |
| 89 149 -22 -  | 84                              | 37  | -22 |     |  |  |
|   | 88                              | 125 | -22 |     |  |  |
| 92 123 -21 -  | 89                              | 149 | -22 |     |  |  |
|   | 92                              | 123 | -21 | _   |  |  |

Table 3.1.10-3 Setting for DPCH

### 3.1 W-CDMA Waveform Pattern

### Table 3.1.10-4 Settings for HS-SCCH

| Code (SF = 128) | Timing Offset (x256Tchip) | Level Settings (dB) |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 9               | 0                         | -15                 |
| 29              | 0                         | -21                 |

### Table 3.1.10-5 Setting for HS-PDSCH

| Code<br>(SF = 16) | Timing Offset<br>(x256Tchip) | Level Settings (dB)<br>(8 codes) | Level settings (dB)<br>(4 codes) |
|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 4                 | 0                            | -12                              | -9                               |
| 5                 | 0                            | -12                              | -9                               |
| 6                 | 0                            | -12                              | _                                |
| 7                 | 0                            | -12                              | _                                |
| 12                | 0                            | -12                              | -9                               |
| 13                | 0                            | -12                              | -9                               |
| 14                | 0                            | -12                              |                                  |
| 15                | 0                            | -12                              |                                  |

# 3.2 PDC Waveform Pattern

As the PDC waveform pattern, waveform patterns that output uplink/downlink slot 0 only at the full rate or half rate, and unframed waveform patterns for interference signals are provided as shown in Table 3.2-1.

| Waveform Pattern Name | Uplink/Downlink | Half Rate/Full Rate | Output Slot |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------|
| PI_4_DQPSK_PN9        | _               | _                   | Unframed    |
| PI_4_DQPSK_PN15       | —               | _                   | Unframed    |
| DL_Full_Rate_Slot0    | Downlink        | Full rate           | Slot 0 only |
| DL_Half_Rate_Slot0    | Downlink        | Half rate           | Slot 0 only |
| UL_Full_Rate_Slot0    | Uplink          | Full rate           | Slot 0 only |
| UL_Half_Rate_Slot0    | Uplink          | Half rate           | Slot 0 only |
| CW                    | _               | _                   | _           |

Table 3.2-1 List of PDC waveform patterns

When a PDC waveform pattern is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.2-2 is output from the AUX I/O connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

Table 3.2-2 Marker output data and IQ output level

| Marker Signal              | Output Data                         |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Marker 1                   | Frame Clock                         |
| Marker 2                   | RF Gate                             |
| Marker 3                   | Symbol Clock                        |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1634                                |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 453 \text{ mV}$ |

Transfer and selection of an additional waveform pattern that is generated by adding two signals, such as a desired signal + an interference signal, and using two memories, can be operated easily by selecting a combination file listed in Table 3.2-3 below when the MG3700A is in the Defined mode.

| Combination File Name | Comment   |
|-----------------------|---|
| PDC_BS_FULL_RATE_ACS  | For base station adjacent channel selectivity test      |
|                       | UL_Full_Rate_Slot0+PI_4_DQPSK_PN15 (50 kHz offset)      |
| PDC_BS_FULL_RATE_IMD  | For base station intermodulation characteristics test   |
|                       | UL_Full_Rate_Slot0+CW (200 kHz offset) *1               |
| PDC_BS_FULL_RATE_SR   | For base station spurious sensitivity test              |
|                       | UL_Full_Rate_Slot0+CW (100 kHz offset)                  |
| PDC_BS_HALF_RATE_ACS  | For base station adjacent channel selectivity test      |
|                       | UL_Half_Rate_Slot0+PI_4_DQPSK_PN15 (50 kHz offset)      |
| PDC_BS_HALF_RATE_IMD  | For base station intermodulation characteristics test   |
|                       | UL_Half_Rate_Slot0+CW (200 kHz offset) *1               |
| PDC_BS_HALF_RATE_SR   | For base station spurious sensitivity test              |
|                       | UL_Half_Rate_Slot0+CW (100 kHz offset)                  |
| PDC_UE_FULL_RATE_ACS  | For mobile station adjacent channel selectivity test    |
|                       | DL_Full_Rate_Slot0+PI_4_DQPSK_PN15 (50 kHz offset)      |
| PDC_UE_FULL_RATE_IMD  | For mobile station intermodulation characteristics test |
|                       | DL_Full_Rate_Slot0+CW (200 kHz offset) *1               |
| PDC_UE_FULL_RATE_SR   | For mobile station spurious sensitivity test            |
|                       | DL_Full_Rate_Slot0+CW (100 kHz offset)                  |
| PDC_UE_HALF_RATE_ACS  | For mobile station adjacent channel selectivity test    |
|                       | DL_Half_Rate_Slot0+PI_4_DQPSK_PN15 (50 kHz offset)      |
| PDC_UE_HALF_RATE_IMD  | For mobile station intermodulation characteristics test |
|                       | DL_Half_Rate_Slot0+CW (200 kHz offset) *1               |
| PDC_UE_HALF_RATE_SR   | For mobile station spurious sensitivity test            |
|                       | DL_Half_Rate_Slot0+CW (100 kHz offset)                  |

Table 3.2-3 List of combination files for PDC reception evaluation

\*1: The high-frequency signal generator 1 (modulated desired signal) and the high-frequency signal generator 3 (CW interference signal) are used in combination. When executing an intermodulation characteristics test, it must be externally added with a CW signal (high-frequency signal generator 2) with 100 kHz offset that is generated by another CW signal generator.

## 3.2.1 Frame configuration

### At full rate

The PDC system consists of TDMA frames that are composed of three slots, and data is generated cyclically based on one TDMA frame. A PN9 pseudo random pattern in each slot is independent within the slot and has continuity. In downlink, all 1 data are output for the bit sequence in Slots 1 and 2. In uplink, Slots 1 and 2 are burst off.



Figure 3.2.1-1 Frame configuration at full rate

### At half rate

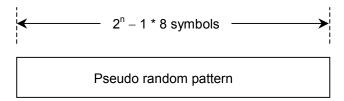
The PDC system consists of TDMA frames that are composed of six slots, and data is generated cyclically based on one TDMA frame. A PN9 pseudo random pattern in each slot is independent within the slot and has continuity. In downlink, all 1 data are output for the bit sequence in Slots 1 through 5. In uplink, Slots 1 through 5 are burst off.

| < 40 ms |        |        |        |        | ,<br>,<br>,<br>,<br>, |        |  |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------------------|--------|--|
|         | Slot 0 | Slot 1 | Slot 2 | Slot 3 | Slot 4                | Slot 5 |  |

Figure 3.2.1-2 Frame configuration at half rate

### Unframed waveform pattern

For interference signals, unframed pseudo random patterns are output for which  $\pi/4$  DQPSK modulation was performed. At this time, the positions of the first and last symbol points of the arbitrary waveform pattern are changed to adjust the data length, so as to retain the continuity of the pseudo random pattern.





## 3.2.2 Slot configuration

There are four types of slot configurations according to the communication channels (uplink/downlink).

Uplink communication channel (UP TCH)

|  | R   | Р   | ТСН           | SW        | СС       | SF                 | SACCH                              | тсн                  | G      |      |
|--|---|---|---------------|-----------|----------|--------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------|------|
|  | 4   | 2   | 112           | 20        | 8        | 1                  | 15                                 | 112                  | 6      |      |
|  | 4   | 2   | 112           | 20        | 0        | <b>_</b>           | 15                                 | 112                  | 0      |      |
| R:                                       | R: Guard time for burst transient response $0_{\rm H}$ (4 bits) |   |               |           |          |                    |                                    |                      |        |      |
| P:                                       |   | Preamble $2_{\rm H} (2 \text{ bits})$                       |               |           |          |                    |                                    |                      |        |      |
| TCH                                      | :   | Foi   | r user inform | nation tr | ansfe    | r                  | PN pseud                           | lo random pa         | ttern  |      |
|  | indepe  |   |               |           | independ | ent in each sl     | lot (PN                            | V                    |        |      |
|  |   |   |               |           |          |                    | pattern is                         | s continuous :       | in TCl | H of |
| a slot).                                 |   |   |               |           |          |                    |                                    |                      |        |      |
| SW:                                      |   | Syı   | nc word       |           |          |                    | Slot $0 = 785B4_{\rm H}$ (20 bits) |                      |        |      |
|  |   |   |               |           |          |                    | Slot 1 = $62DC9_H$ (20 bits)       |                      |        |      |
|  |   |   |               |           |          |                    | Slot $2 = 7$                       | 'E28Aн (20 bi        | its)   |      |
| CC:                                      |   | Col   | lor code      |           |          |                    |                                    | $00_{ m H}$ (8 bits) |        |      |
| SF:                                      |   | Steal flag  |               |           |          | $0_{ m H}$ (1 bit) |                                    |                      |        |      |
| SACCH: Low-speed associated control chan |   |   |               |           | annel    | 0000H (15 bi       | ts)                                |                      |        |      |
| G:                                       |   | Guard time for burst transient response $0_{ m H}$ (6 bits) |               |           |          |                    |                                    |                      |        |      |
| Scramble function (TCH, SF, SACCH): Off  |   |   |               |           |          |                    |                                    |                      |        |      |

Downlink communication channel (DOWN TCH)

|        |   |            |              |          |      |                                    |             |                             | _      |
|--------|---|------------|--------------|----------|------|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|--------|
|        | R   | Р          | ТСН          | SW       | сс   | SF                                 | SACCH       | ТСН                         |        |
|        | 4   | 2          | 112          | 20       | 8    | 1                                  | 21          | 112                         |        |
| R:     | Guard time for burst transient response $0_{\rm H}$ (4 bits)  |            |              |          |      |                                    |             |                             |        |
| D:     | Pr  | ear        | nble         |          |      |                                    | $2_{ m H}$  | (2 bits)                    |        |
| TCH:   | Fo  | or u       | ser informat | ion tran | sfer | PN                                 | l pseudo i  | random patte                | ern    |
|        |   |            |              |          |      | inc                                | lependen    | t in each slot              | (PN    |
|        |   |            |              |          |      | pa                                 | ttern is co | ontinuous in                | TCH of |
|        |   |            |              |          |      | a s                                | lot).       |                             |        |
| SW:    | Sy  | nc         | word         |          |      | Slot $0 = 87A4B_H$ (20 bits)       |             |                             |        |
|        |   |            |              |          |      | Slot $1 = 9D236_{\rm H}$ (20 bits) |             |                             |        |
|        |   |            |              |          |      | Slo                                | t = 811     | $075_{ m H}~(20~{ m bits})$ | 1      |
| CC:    | Co  | Color code |              |          |      |                                    | 00          | $_{ m H}$ (8 bits)          |        |
| SF:    | Steal flag $0_{\rm H}$ (1 bit)                                |            |              |          |      |                                    |             |                             |        |
| SACCH  | SACCH: Low-speed associated control channel 000000H (21 bits) |            |              |          |      |                                    | ts)         |                             |        |
| Scramb | le fi   | inc        | tion (TCH, S | F, SAC   | CH): |                                    | Of          | f                           |        |
|        |   |            |              |          |      |                                    |             |                             |        |

# 3.3 PDC PACKET Waveform Pattern

As the PDC PACKET waveform pattern, waveform patterns for uplink and downlink are provided as shown in Table 3.3-1.

| Waveform Pattern Name | Uplink/Downlink | Output Slot       |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| DL_Packet_Slot_0      | Downlink        | Slot 0 only       |
| DL_Packet_Slot_01     | Downlink        | Slots 0 and 1     |
| DL_Packet_Slot_all    | Downlink        | Slots 0, 1, and 2 |
| UL_Packet_Slot_0      | Uplink          | Slot 0 only       |

Table 3.3-1 List of PDC PACKET waveform patterns

When a PDC PACKET waveform pattern is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.3-2 is output from the AUX I/O connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

Table 3.3-2 Marker output data and IQ output level

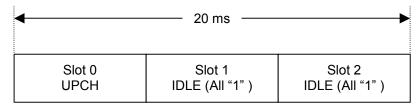
| Marker Signal              | Output Data                         |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Marker 1                   | Frame Clock                         |
| Marker 2                   | RF Gate                             |
| Marker 3                   | Symbol Clock                        |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1634                                |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 453 \text{ mV}$ |

## 3.3.1 Frame configuration

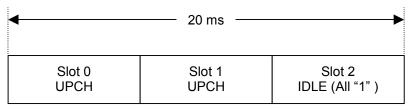
There are four types of TDMA frame configurations for PDC PACKET waveform patterns: downlink 1-slot transmission, downlink 2-slot transmission, downlink 3-slot transmission, and uplink 1-slot transmission. Each TDMA frame is composed of three slots, and data is generated cyclically based on one TDMA frame.

A PN9 pseudo random pattern in the CAC field of each slot has continuity. In downlink UPCH 2-slot transmission, for example, the end of the CAC field in Slot 0 and the start of the CAC field in Slot 1 are continuing. Also, the end of the CAC field in Slot 1 and the start of the CAC field in Slot 0 of the next frame are continuing in this case.

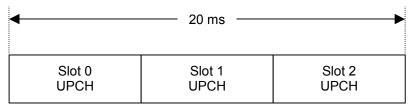
Downlink UPCH 1-slot transmission (DL\_Packet\_Slot\_0)



Downlink UPCH 2-slot transmission (DL\_Packet\_Slot\_01)



Downlink UPCH 3-slot transmission (DL\_Packet\_Slot\_all)



Uplink UPCH 1-slot transmission (UL\_Packet\_Slot\_0)

| •      | 20 ms            |                  |
|--------|------------------|------------------|
| Slot 0 | Slot 1           | Slot 2           |
| UPCH   | Transmission Off | Transmission Off |

## 3.3.2 Slot configuration

There are two types of slot configurations: downlink user packet channel and uplink user packet channel. The scramble function is always Off.

| Р | CAC          |  | SW  | CC  | CAC  | E   |  |
|---|--------------|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| 2 | 112          |  | 20  | 8   | 112  | 22  |  |
|   | R:           | Guard t  | ime for burs  | t transi  | -  |   |  |
|   | P:           | Preamb   | le  |   | $2_{ m H}$ (2 bits)  |   |  |
|   | CAC: Control |  | ntrol signals (UPCH)  |   | PN9 pseudo random  | PN9 pseudo random pattern   |  |
|   |              |  |   |   | (continuous between  |   |  |
|   |              |  |   |   | transmitted slots)   |   |  |
|   | SW:          | Sync wo  | ord   |   | Slot $0 = 87A4B_{\rm H}$ (20 k   | oits)   |  |
|   |              |  |   |   | Slot 1 = $9D236_{H}$ (20 b   | oits)   |  |
|   |              |  |   |   | $Slot 2 = 81D75_{H} (20 b)$  | oits)   |  |
|   | CC:          | Color co   | de  |   | $00_{ m H}$ (8 bits)   |   |  |
|   | E:           | Collision  | n control bits  | 3   | 3FFFFF <sub>H</sub> (2   | 2 bits)   |  |
|   | P<br>2       | P CAC<br>2 112<br>R:<br>P:<br>CAC:<br>SW:<br>CC: | P       CAC         2       112         R:       Guard t         P:       Preamb         CAC:       Control         SW:       Sync wood         CC:       Color col | P     CAC     SW       2     112     20       R:     Guard time for burs       P:     Preamble       CAC:     Control signals (UP)       SW:     Sync word       CC:     Color code | P     CAC     SW     CC       2     112     20     8       R:     Guard time for burst transi       P:     Preamble       CAC:     Control signals (UPCH)       SW:     Sync word       CC:     Color code | PCACSWCCCAC2112208112R:Guard time for burst transient response $0_H$ (4 bits)P:Preamble $2_H$ (2 bits)CAC:Control signals (UPCH)PN9 pseudo random p<br>(continuous between<br>transmitted slots)SW:Sync wordSlot 0 = 87A4B_H (20 B<br>Slot 1 = 9D236_H (20 B)<br>Slot 2 = 81D75_H (20 B)<br>OO_H (8 bits) |  |

Downlink user packet channel (DOWN UPCH)

Uplink user packet channel (UP UPCH)

| R | P | CAC        | SW           | CC       | CAC                                  | G  |
|---|---|------------|--------------|----------|--------------------------------------|----|
| 4 | 2 | 112        | 20           | 8        | 116                                  | 18 |
|   |   | R: Guard t | ime for burs | t transi | ent response 0 <sub>H</sub> (4 bits) |    |

| D:   | Preamble               | $2_{\rm H}$ (2 bits)           |
|------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| CAC: | Control signals (UPCH) | PN9 pseudo random pattern      |
|      |                        | (continuous between            |
|      |                        | transmitted slots)             |
| SW:  | Sync word              | Slot $0 = 785B4_{H}$ (20 bits) |
| CC:  | Color code             | $00_{\rm H}$ (8 bits)          |
| G:   | Guard time             | $00000_{ m H}$ (18 bits)       |

# 3.4 PHS Waveform Pattern

As the PHS waveform pattern, continuous waveform patterns for uplink/downlink TCH and interference signals are provided as shown in Table 3.4-1.

| Waveform Pattern Name | Uplink/Downlink | Scramble | Output Slot |
|-----------------------|-----------------|----------|-------------|
| PI_4_DQPSK_PN9        | -               | OFF      | Unframed    |
| PI_4_DQPSK_PN15       | —               | OFF      | Unframed    |
| PI_4_DQPSK_ALL0       | —               | OFF      | Unframed    |
| DL_TCH_Slot_1         | Downlink        | OFF      | Slot 1 only |
| UL_TCH_Slot_1         | Uplink          | OFF      | Slot 1 only |
| CW                    | -               | -        | -           |

Table 3.4-1 List of PHS waveform patterns

When a PHS waveform pattern is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.4-2 is output from the AUX I/O connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

| Marker Signal              | Output Data                         |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Marker 1                   | Frame Clock                         |
| Marker 2                   | RF Gate                             |
| Marker 3                   | Symbol Clock                        |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1634                                |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 453 \text{ mV}$ |

Transfer and selection of an additional waveform pattern that is generated by adding two signals, such as a desired signal + an interference signal, and using two memories, can be operated easily by selecting a combination file listed in Table 3.4-3 below when the MG3700A is in the Defined mode.

| Combination File Name | Comment   |
|-----------------------|---|
| PHS_BS_ACS_0_6MHz     | For base station adjacent channel selectivity test      |
|                       | UL_TCH_Slot_1+PI_4_DQPSK_PN15 (600 kHz offset)          |
| PHS_BS_ACS_0_9MHz     | For base station adjacent channel selectivity test      |
|                       | UL_TCH_Slot_1+PI_4_DQPSK_PN15 (900 kHz offset)          |
| PHS_BS_IMD            | For base station intermodulation characteristics test   |
|                       | UL_TCH_Slot_1+CW (1.2 MHz offset) *1                    |
| PHS_UE_ACS_0_6MHz     | For mobile station adjacent channel selectivity test    |
|                       | DL_TCH_Slot_1+PI_4_DQPSK_PN15 (600 kHz offset)          |
| PHS_UE_ACS_0_9MHz     | For mobile station adjacent channel selectivity test    |
|                       | DL_TCH_Slot_1+PI_4_DQPSK_PN15 (900 kHz offset)          |
| PHS_UE_IMD            | For mobile station intermodulation characteristics test |
|                       | DL_TCH_Slot_1+CW (1.2 MHz offset) *1                    |

Table 3.4-3 List of combination files for PHS reception evaluation

\*1: The high-frequency signal generator 1 (modulated desired signal) and the high-frequency signal generator 3 (CW interference signal) are used in combination. When executing an intermodulation characteristics test, it must be externally added with a CW signal (high-frequency signal generator 2) with 600-kHz offset that is generated by another CW signal generator.

## 3.4.1 Frame configuration

Each PHS frame is composed of four uplink slots and four downlink slots (eight slots in total), and data is generated cyclically based on one PHS frame. Only Slot 1 is transmitted, and subsequent Slots 2 through 4 are not transmitted (transmission off). A PN9 pseudo random pattern in the TCH field of each slot is independent within the slot has continuity between frames.

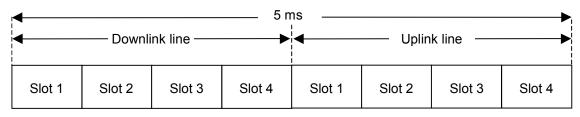


Figure 3.4.1-1 PHS frame configuration

In a waveform pattern other than PI\_4\_DQPSK\_PN9, PI\_4\_DQPSK\_ PN15 and PI\_4\_DQPSK\_ALL0, a communication channel is allocated to uplink or downlink Slot 1. Other slots are burst off output.

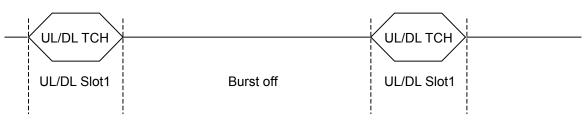


Figure 3.4.1-2 Output of waveform pattern other than PI\_4\_DQPSK\_PN9/15/ALL0

## 3.4.2 Slot configuration

There are two types of slot configurations: downlink traffic channel and uplink traffic channel. The scramble function is always Off.

|   |    | Opinitive     |        | tranic t                          | manner      |             |                           |                         |         |  |
|---|----|---------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------|--|
| R | SS | PR            | UW     | CI                                | SA          |             |                           | CRC                     | G       |  |
| 4 | 2  | 6             | 16     | 4                                 | 16          | 1           | 60                        | 16                      | 16      |  |
|   |    |               |        |                                   |             |             |                           |                         |         |  |
|   |    | R:            | Ramp   | time fo                           | or transie  | nt response | $0_{ m H}$ (4 bits)       |                         |         |  |
|   |    | SS:           | Start  | symbol                            |             |             | $2_{\rm H}$ (2 bits)      |                         |         |  |
|   |    | $\mathbf{PR}$ | Pream  | Preamble 19 <sub>H</sub> (6 bits) |             |             |                           |                         |         |  |
|   |    | UW:           | Sync v | Sync word Uplink =                |             |             |                           | $2149_{ m H}$ (16 bits) |         |  |
|   |    |               |        |                                   |             |             | Downlink = 3              | $D4C_{\rm H}$ (1        | 6 bits) |  |
|   |    | CI:           | Chanr  | nel ider                          | ntification |             | 0 <sub>H</sub> (4 bits)   |                         |         |  |
|   |    | SA:           | SACC   | Н                                 |             |             | 8000 <sub>H</sub> (16 bit | s)                      |         |  |
|   |    | TCH:          | Inform | Information channel               |             |             | PN9 pseudo random pattern |                         |         |  |
|   |    |               |        |                                   |             |             | independent               | in each s               | lot (PN |  |
|   |    |               |        |                                   |             |             | pattern is continuous in  |                         |         |  |
|   |    |               |        |                                   |             |             | TCH of a slot             | ).                      |         |  |
|   |    | CRC:          | Cyclic | redun                             | dancy che   | ck code     | CRC bits for              | CI, SA, T               | CH      |  |
|   |    | G:            | Guard  | l time f                          | or transie  | nt response | $0000_{\rm H}$ (16 bit    | s)                      |         |  |
|   |    |               |        |                                   |             |             |                           |                         |         |  |

Uplink/downlink traffic channel

# 3.5 GSM Waveform Pattern

As the GSM waveform pattern, waveform patterns for uplink/downlink are provided as shown in Table 3.5-1.

| Waveform Pattern Name | Uplink/Downlink | Data     | Output Slot  |
|-----------------------|-----------------|----------|--------------|
| GMSK_PN9              | Uplink/Downlink | PN9 (*1) | -            |
| 8PSK_PN9              | Uplink/Downlink |          | -            |
| GMSK_TN0              | Uplink/Downlink | PN9 (*2) | TN0          |
| 8PSK_TN0              | Uplink/Downlink |          | TN0          |
| NB_GMSK               | Uplink/Downlink | PN9 (*3) | TN0          |
| NB_ALL_GMSK           | Uplink/Downlink |          | All slots    |
| NB_8PSK               | Uplink/Downlink |          | TN0          |
| NB_ALL_8PSK           | Uplink/Downlink |          | All slots    |
| TCH_FS                | Uplink/Downlink | PN9 (*4) | TN0          |
| CS-1_1SLOT            | Uplink/Downlink |          | TN0          |
| CS-4_1SLOT            | Uplink/Downlink |          | TN0          |
| DL_MCS-1_1SLOT        | Downlink        |          | TN0          |
| UL_MCS-1_1SLOT        | Uplink          |          | TN0          |
| DL_MCS-5_1SLOT        | Downlink        |          | TN0          |
| UL_MCS-5_1SLOT        | Uplink          |          | TN0          |
| DL_MCS-9_1SLOT        | Downlink        |          | TN0          |
| UL_MCS-9_1SLOT        | Uplink          | ]        | TN0          |
| DL_MCS-9_4SLOT        | Downlink        | ]        | TN0, 1, 2, 3 |
| UL_MCS-9_4SLOT        | Uplink          |          | TN0, 1, 2, 3 |

Table 3.5-1 List of GSM waveform patterns

- \*1: PN9 data is inserted to all the non-slot format fields.
- \*2: PN9 data is inserted to all the fields in a slot except the guard.
- \*3: PN9 data is inserted to the encrypted bit fields of normal burst.
- \*4: A bit sequence generated by channel-coding the PN9 data is inserted to the encrypted bit fields of normal burst.

When a GSM waveform pattern is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.5-2 is output from the AUX I/O connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

 Table 3.5-2
 Marker output data and IQ output level

| Marker Signal              | Output Data                         |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Marker 1                   | Frame Clock                         |
| Marker 2                   | RF Gate                             |
| Marker 3                   | Multi-Frame Clock                   |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1634                                |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 453 \text{ mV}$ |

## 3.5.1 Details of each pattern

### ♦ GMSK\_PN9, PSK\_PN9

PN9 data which dosen't have slot format is inserted.

### ♦ GMSK\_TN0, 8PSK\_TN0

PN9 data is inserted to all the fields in a slot except the guard field. The PN9 data in each slot has continuity.

### ♦ NB\_GMSK, NB\_ALL\_GMSK, NB\_8PSK, NB\_ALL\_8PSK

PN9 data is inserted to the encrypted bit fields of normal burst. The PN9 data in each slot has continuity.

### ♦ TCH\_FS

Supports Speech channel at full rate (TCH/FS) prescribed in 3GPP TS05.03 Section 3.1.

The table below shows channel coding parameters:

| Type of<br>Channel | Bits/Block Data<br>+ Parity + Tail1 |     | Coded Bits<br>per Block | Interleaving<br>Depth |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| TCH/FS             |                                     |     | 456                     | 8                     |
| class I            | 182 + 3 + 4                         | 1/2 | 378                     |                       |
| class II           | 78 + 0 + 0                          | —   | 78                      |                       |

### ♦ CS-1(4)\_1SLOT

Supports Packet data block type 1 (CS-4), 4 (CS-1) of GPRS PDTCH prescribed in 3GPP TS05.03 Section 5.1.

The table below shows channel coding parameters:

| Scheme | Code<br>Rate | USF | Pre-coded<br>USF | Radio Block excl.<br>USF and BCS | BCS | Tail | Coded<br>Bits | Punctured<br>Bits |
|--------|--------------|-----|------------------|----------------------------------|-----|------|---------------|-------------------|
| CS-1   | 1/2          | 3   | 3                | 181                              | 40  | 4    | 456           | 0                 |
| CS-4   | 1            | 3   | 12               | 428                              | 16  | -    | 456           | _                 |

### ♦ DL(UL)\_MCS-1(5, 9)\_1SLOT(\_4SLOT)

Supports Packet data block type 5 (MCS-1), 9 (MCS-5), and 13 (MCS-9) of EGPRS PDTCH prescribed in 3GPP TS05.03 Section 5.1. The table below shows channel coding parameters:

| Scheme | Code<br>Rate | Header<br>Code<br>Rate<br>(Note) | Modulation | RLC<br>Blocks per<br>Radio<br>Block<br>(20 ms) | Raw Data<br>within<br>One<br>Radio<br>Block | Family | BCS  | Tail<br>Payload | HCS | Data<br>Rate<br>kb/s |
|--------|--------------|----------------------------------|------------|--|---|--------|------|-----------------|-----|----------------------|
| MCS-9  | 1.0          | 0.36                             | 8PSK       | 2  | 2x592                                       | А      | 2x12 | 2x6             |     | 59.2                 |
| MCS-5  | 0.37         | 1/3                              | orsk       | 1  | 448   | В      | 12   | C               | 8   | 22.4                 |
| MCS-1  | 0.53         | 0.53                             | GMSK       | 1  | 176   | С      | 12   | 6               |     | 8.8                  |

Note:

The Header data is all "0."

## 3.5.2 Frame configuration

Each frame is composed of eight slots. TCH/FS consist of 26 multiframes, and other channels consist of 52 multiframes.

## 3.5.3 Slot configuration

• GMSK\_TN0 and 8PSK\_TN0 consist of the data field and guard field only as shown in the figures below:

|      | PN<br>148             |   | G<br>8.25  |
|------|-----------------------|---|------------|
|      |                       |   | Unit: bit  |
| PN:  | Data                  | PN9 pseudo random pattern (<br>between transmitted slots) | continuous |
| G:   | Guard bit             | $\mathbf{FF}_{\mathbf{H}}$                                |            |
|      | PN<br>444             |   | G<br>24.75 |
|      |                       |   | Unit: bit  |
| PN:  | Data                  | PN9 pseudo random pattern (<br>between transmitted slots) | continuous |
| G:   | Guard bit             | $\mathbf{FF}_{\mathrm{H}}$                                |            |
| ◆ Th | ne slot configuration | n for those other than GMSK_PN9, 8                        | PSK_PN9,   |

• The slot configuration for those other than GMSK\_PN9, 8PSK\_PN9, GMSK\_TN0, and 8PSK\_TN0 is normal burst as shown in the figure below:

Normal burst (GMSK)

|   |         |                     |          | 0. (0             |                                    |                                     |     |            |    |           |
|---|---------|---------------------|----------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|------------|----|-----------|
| Т |         | E                   |          | S                 | TSC                                |                                     | 5   | E          | Т  | G         |
| 3 | 57 1 26 |                     |          |                   | 1                                  | 57                                  | 3   | 8.25       |    |           |
|   |         |                     |          |                   |                                    |                                     |     |            | ļ  | Unit: bit |
|   |         |                     |          |                   |                                    |                                     |     |            |    |           |
|   |         | T:                  | Tail bit |                   |                                    | $0_{\rm H} (4)$                     | bit | s)         |    |           |
|   |         | E: Encrypted        |          | ted bi            | it                                 | Channel-coded (see Note) PN9 pseudo |     |            | do |           |
|   |         |                     |          |                   | random pattern (continuous between |                                     |     |            |    |           |
|   |         |                     |          |                   |                                    | trans                               | mit | ted slots) |    |           |
|   |         | $\mathbf{S}$ :      | Stealin  | g bit             |                                    | Steal                               | fla | g          |    |           |
|   |         | TSC: Training seque |          | uence bit         | $097~0897_{\rm H}$                 |                                     |     |            |    |           |
|   |         | T: Tail bit         |          | 0 <sub>H</sub> (4 | bit                                | s)                                  |     |            |    |           |
|   |         | G:                  | Guard    | bit               |                                    | $\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{H}}$ |     |            |    |           |
|   |         |                     |          |                   |                                    |                                     |     |            |    |           |

## 3.5 GSM Waveform Pattern

|         | No                         | ormal bu | urst (8PSK)   |             |   |         |            |
|---------|----------------------------|----------|---------------|-------------|---|---------|------------|
| T1<br>9 | E<br>174                   |          | TSC<br>78     |             | E<br>174  | T2<br>9 | G<br>24.75 |
|         |                            |          |               |             |   |         | Unit: bit  |
|         | T1: Tail bit<br>E: Encrypt |          | t<br>pted bit | Cha<br>ranc | <sub>H</sub> (9 bits)<br>nnel-coded (see Note) PNS<br>lom pattern (continuous b<br>smitted slots) | -       |            |
|         | TSC:<br>T2:<br>G:          |          |               |             | F 9E29 FFF3 FF3F 9E49 <sub>F</sub><br><sub>H</sub> (9 bits)                                       | I       |            |

### Note:

When the waveform pattern is NB, PN9 data that has not been channel-coded is inserted directly.

# 3.6 CDMA2000 1X Waveform Pattern

As the CDMA2000 1X waveform pattern, waveform patterns shown in Table 3.6-1 are provided.

| Waveform Pattern Name | Supported System                        | Frame Coding   | Output Slot                                  |
|-----------------------|---|----------------|--|
| RVS_RC1_FCH           | cdma2000 1xRTT RC1<br>Reverse           | Applicable     | FCH 9.6 kbps                                 |
| RVS_RC2_FCH           | cdma2000 1xRTT RC2<br>Reverse           | Applicable     | FCH 14.4 kbps                                |
| RVS_RC3_FCH           | cdma2000 1xRTT RC3<br>Reverse           | Applicable     | PICH<br>FCH 9.6 kbps                         |
| RVS_RC3_FCH_SCH       | cdma2000 1xRTT RC3<br>Reverse           | Applicable     | PICH<br>FCH 9.6 kbps<br>SCH 9.6 kbps         |
| RVS_RC3_DCCH          | cdma2000 1xRTT RC3<br>Reverse           | Applicable     | PICH<br>DCCH 9.6 kbps                        |
| RVS_RC4_FCH           | cdma2000 1xRTT RC4<br>Reverse           | Applicable     | PICH<br>FCH 14.4 kbps                        |
| FWD_RC1-2_9channel    | cdma2000 1xRTT RC1,<br>RC2 Forward      | Spreading only | PICH, SyncCH, PagingCH,<br>FCH 19.2 ksps x 6 |
| FWD_RC3-5_9channel    | cdma2000 1xRTT RC3,<br>RC4, RC5 Forward | Spreading only | PICH, SyncCH, PagingCH,<br>FCH 38.4 ksps x 6 |

Table 3.6-1 List of CDMA2000 1X waveform patterns

When a CDMA2000 1X waveform pattern is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.6-2 is output from the AUX I/O connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

|  | Table 3.6-2 | Marker output data and IQ output level |
|--|-------------|--|
|--|-------------|--|

| Marker Signal              | Output Data                         |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Marker 1                   | Frame Clock                         |
| Marker 2                   | RF Gate                             |
| Marker 3                   | Symbol Clock                        |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1157                                |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$ |
| AWGN addition (Note)       | Enable                              |

Note:

Use a waveform pattern AWGN\_1\_23MHz\_x2 or AWGN\_1\_23MHz \_x1\_5 for AWGN. The sampling rate for the waveform pattern must be set to 1.2288 MHz  $\times$  4 when adding waveform patterns.

Refer to Section 3.5.2 (3) "Adding Memories A and B outputs for modulation" in the MG3700A Operation Manual (Mainframe) for details of the AWGN addition method.

## 3.6.1 1xRTT Reverse RC1 (RVS\_RC1\_FCH)

When this waveform pattern is selected, a frame-coded R-FCH signal accommodating 1xRTT Reverse RC1 is output. The frame coding and IQ modulation conform to 3GPP2 C.S0002-C-1. Table 3.6.1-1 shows the output signal parameter.

|       |           | lental Channel) |
|-------|-----------|-----------------|
|       | Data Rate | Data            |
| R-FCH | 9.6 kbps  | PN9fix*         |

Table 3.6.1-1 R-FCH (Reverse Fundamental Channel)

The frame coding illustrated in the functional diagram of Figure 3.6.1-2 is executed for the signals that are output by selecting this waveform pattern. The frame coding is continuously executed for four frames (it takes about 20 ms to output one frame), and a 4-frame length signal pattern obtained by executing the frame coding is output repeatedly. Since the total length of three cycles of I Channel PN Sequence and Q Channel PN Sequence, which are used for the short-code spreading, is 80 ms and equals to the length of four frames, the short code holds the continuity during signal output. Therefore, the signals output by selecting this waveform pattern are usable for modulation accuracy measurement and FER (Frame Error Rate) measurement with CRC. The long-code spreading is not processed.

Figure 3.6.1-1 shows the assignment of bit sequences before executing convolutional coding.

| PN9fix <sup>*</sup> (172 bits) | Frame<br>Quality<br>Indicator<br>(12 bits) | Encoder Tail<br>Bits<br>("00000000") |
|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|

### Figure 3.6.1-1 Frame configuration of waveform pattern RVS\_RC1\_FCH

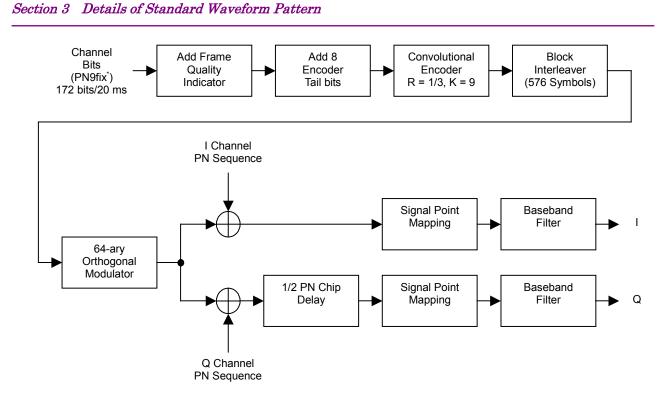


Figure 3.6.1-2 Signal generation block diagram of waveform pattern RVS\_RC1\_FCH

\*: 4-frame length data, which is generated by initializing the PN9 generator for each 4 frames, is output repeatedly as shown in Figure 3.6.1-3 below. This is why the continuity of PN9fix is held within the four frames, but the continuity with other four frames is lost.

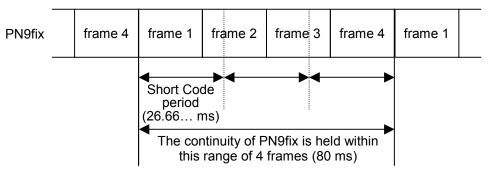


Figure 3.6.1-3 PN9fix data and short code

## 3.6.2 1xRTT Reverse RC2 (RVS\_RC2\_FCH)

When this waveform pattern is selected, a frame-coded R-FCH signal accommodating 1xRTT Reverse RC2 is output. The frame coding and IQ modulation conform to 3GPP2 C.S0002-C-1. Table 3.6.2-1 shows the output signal parameter.

| Table 3.6.2-1 | R-FCH (Reverse Fundamental Channel) |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|
|               |                                     |

|       | Data Rate | Data    |
|-------|-----------|---------|
| R-FCH | 14.4 kbps | PN9fix* |

The frame coding illustrated in the functional diagram of Figure 3.6.2-2 is executed for the signals that are output by selecting this waveform pattern. The frame coding is continuously executed for four frames (it takes about 20 ms to output one frame), and a 4-frame length signal pattern obtained by executing the frame coding is output repeatedly. Since the total length of three cycles of I Channel PN Sequence and Q Channel PN Sequence, which are used for the short-code spreading, is 80 ms and equals to the length of four frames, the short code holds the continuity during signal output. Therefore, the signals output by selecting this waveform pattern are usable for modulation accuracy measurement and FER (Frame Error Rate) measurement with CRC. The long-code spreading is not processed.

Figure 3.6.2-1 shows the assignment of bit sequences before executing convolutional coding.

| Erasure<br>Indicator<br>Bit<br>("0") | PN9fix <sup>*</sup> (267 bits) | Frame<br>Quality<br>Indicator<br>(12 bits) | Encoder Tail<br>Bits<br>("00000000") |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|

### Figure 3.6.2-1 Frame configuration of waveform pattern RVS\_RC2\_FCH



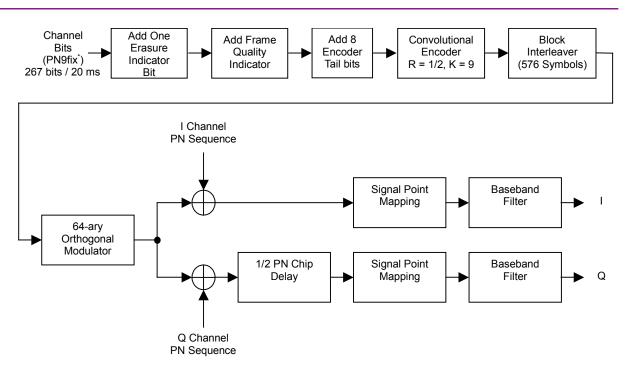


Figure 3.6.2-2 Signal generation block diagram of waveform pattern RVS\_RC2\_FCH

\*: 4-frame length data is output repeatedly because the PN9 generator is initialized for each 4 frames. This is why the continuity of PN9fix is held within the four frames, but the continuity with other four frames is lost.

See Figure 3.6.1-3 "PN9fix data and short code" in Section 3.6.1 for details.

## 3.6.3 1xRTT Reverse RC3 (1) (RVS\_RC3\_FCH)

When this waveform pattern is selected, a frame-coded multiplexed signal accommodating 1xRTT Reverse RC3 is output. The frame coding and IQ modulation conform to 3GPP2 C.S0002-C-1. The multiplexed channels are R-PICH and R-FCH. Table 3.6.3-1 shows the output signal parameters.

|        | Walsh Code | Code Power           | Data Rate | Data    |
|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|---------|
| R-PICH | 0          | $-5.278~\mathrm{dB}$ | N/A       | All "0" |
| R-FCH  | 4          | $-1.528~\mathrm{dB}$ | 9.6 kbps  | PN9fix* |

Table 3.6.3-1R-PICH (Reverse Pilot Channel),R-FCH (Reverse Fundamental Channel)

The frame coding illustrated in the functional diagrams of Figure 3.6.3-2 and 3.6.3-3 is executed for the signals that are output by selecting this waveform pattern. The frame coding is continuously executed for four frames (it takes about 20 ms to output one frame), and a 4-frame length signal pattern obtained by executing the frame coding is output repeatedly. Since the total length of three cycles of I Channel PN Sequence and Q Channel PN Sequence, which are used for the short-code spreading, is 80 ms and equals to the length of four frames, the short code holds the continuity during signal output. Therefore, the signals output by selecting this waveform pattern are usable for modulation accuracy measurement and FER (Frame Error Rate) measurement with CRC. The long-code spreading is not processed.

Figure 3.6.3-1 shows the assignment of bit sequences before executing convolutional coding.

Figure 3.6.3-1 Traffic channel frame configuration of waveform pattern RVS\_RC3\_FCH

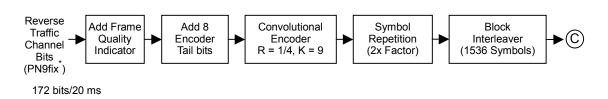
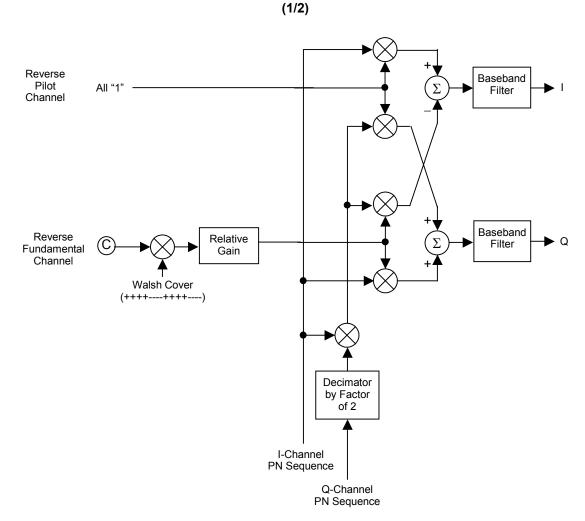
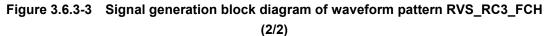


Figure 3.6.3-2 Signal generation block diagram of waveform pattern RVS\_RC3\_FCH





### Note:

Binary numbers "0" and "1" are replaced by 1 and -1, respectively.

\*: 4-frame length data is output repeatedly because the PN9 generator is initialized for each 4 frames. This is why the continuity of PN9fix is held within the four frames, but the continuity with other four frames is lost.

See Figure 3.6.1-3 "PN9fix data and short code" in Section 3.6.1 for details.

#### 3.6.4 1xRTT Reverse RC3 (2) (RVS RC3 FCH SCH)

When this waveform pattern is selected, a frame-coded multiplexed signal accommodating 1xRTT Reverse RC3 is output. The frame coding and IQ modulation conform to 3GPP2 C.S0002-C-1. The multiplexed channels are R-PICH, R-FCH, and R-SCH. Table 3.6.4-1 shows the output signal parameters.

| Т | able 3.6.4-1 | R-PICH (Rever  | se Pilot Channel), |  |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------------|--|
|   | R-FCH (Re    | everse Fundame | ental Channel),    |  |
|   | R-SCH (Re    | everse Supplem | ental Channel)     |  |
| 1 |              |                |                    |  |

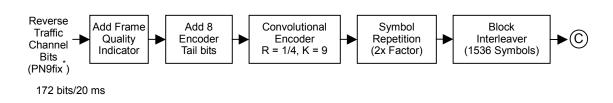
|        | Walsh Code | Code Power            | Data Rate | Data    |
|--------|------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|
| R-PICH | 0          | $-7.5912~\mathrm{dB}$ | N/A       | All "0" |
| R-FCH  | 4          | $-3.8412~\mathrm{dB}$ | 9.6 kbps  | PN9fix* |
| R-SCH  | 2          | $-3.8412~\mathrm{dB}$ | 9.6 kbps  | PN9fix* |

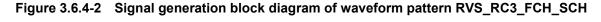
The frame coding illustrated in the functional diagrams of Figure 3.6.4-2 and 3.6.4-3 is executed for the signals that are output by selecting this waveform pattern. The frame coding is continuously executed for four frames (it takes about 20 ms to output one frame), and a 4-frame length signal pattern obtained by executing the frame coding is output repeatedly. Since the total length of three cycles of I Channel PN Sequence and Q Channel PN Sequence, which are used for the short-code spreading, is 80 ms and equals to the length of four frames, the short code holds the continuity during signal output. Therefore, the signals output by selecting this waveform pattern are usable for modulation accuracy measurement and FER (Frame Error Rate) measurement with CRC. The long-code spreading is not processed.

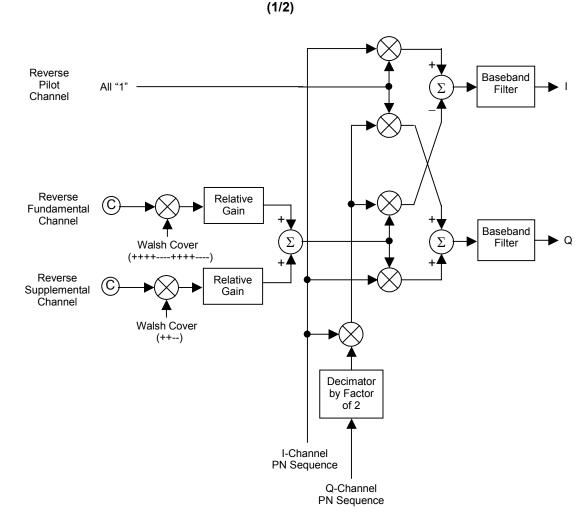
Figure 3.6.4-1 shows the assignment of bit sequences before executing convolutional coding.

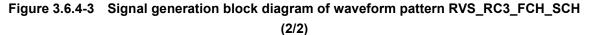
|                                | Frame     | Encoder Tail |
|--------------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| PN9fix <sup>*</sup> (172 bits) | Quality   | Bits         |
|                                | Indicator | ("00000000") |
|                                | (12 bits) | . ,          |

Figure 3.6.4-1 Traffic channel frame configuration of waveform pattern RVS\_RC3\_FCH\_SCH









### Note:

Binary numbers "0" and "1" are replaced by 1 and -1, respectively.

\*: 4-frame length data is output repeatedly because the PN9 generator is initialized for each 4 frames. This is why the continuity of PN9fix is held within the four frames, but the continuity with other four frames is lost.

See Figure 3.6.1-3 "PN9fix data and short code" in Section 3.6.1 for details.

## 3.6.5 1xRTT Reverse RC3 (3) (RVS\_RC3\_DCCH)

When this waveform pattern is selected, a frame-coded multiplexed signal accommodating 1xRTT Reverse RC3 is output. The frame coding and IQ modulation conform to 3GPP2 C.S0002-C-1. The multiplexed channels are R-PICH and R-DCCH. Table 3.6.5-1 shows the output signal parameters.

|        | Walsh Code | Code Power           | Data Rate | Data    |
|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|---------|
| R-PICH | 0          | $-5.278~\mathrm{dB}$ | N/A       | All "0" |
| R-DCCH | 8          | $-1.528~\mathrm{dB}$ | 9.6 kbps  | PN9fix* |

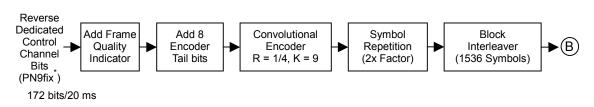
Table 3.6.5-1R-PICH (Reverse Pilot Channel),R-DCCH (Reverse Dedicated Control Channel)

The frame coding illustrated in the functional diagrams of Figure 3.6.5-2 and 3.6.5-3 is executed for the signals that are output by selecting this waveform pattern. The frame coding is continuously executed for four frames (it takes about 20 ms to output one frame), and a 4-frame length signal pattern obtained by executing the frame coding is output repeatedly. Since the total length of three cycles of I Channel PN Sequence and Q Channel PN Sequence, which are used for the short-code spreading, is 80 ms and equals to the length of four frames, the short code holds the continuity during signal output. Therefore, the signals output by selecting this waveform pattern are usable for modulation accuracy measurement and FER (Frame Error Rate) measurement with CRC. The long-code spreading is not processed.

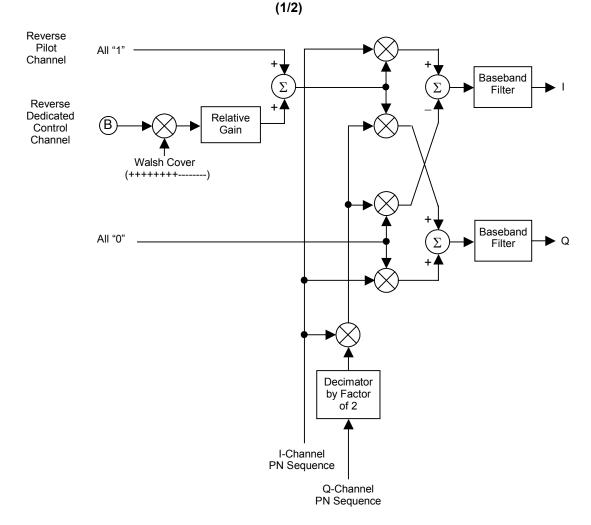
Figure 3.6.5-1 shows the assignment of bit sequences before executing convolutional coding.

| Indicator ("0000000")<br>(12 bits) |
|------------------------------------|
|------------------------------------|

Figure 3.6.5-1 Traffic channel frame configuration of waveform pattern RVS\_RC3\_DCCH









#### Note:

Binary numbers "0" and "1" are replaced by 1 and -1, respectively.

\*: 4-frame length data is output repeatedly because the PN9 generator is initialized for each 4 frames. This is why the continuity of PN9fix is held within the four frames, but the continuity with other four frames is lost.

See Figure 3.6.1-3 "PN9fix data and short code" in Section 3.6.1 for details.

## 3.6.6 1xRTT Reverse RC4 (RVS\_RC4\_FCH)

When this waveform pattern is selected, a frame-coded multiplexed signal accommodating 1xRTT Reverse RC4 is output. The frame coding and IQ modulation conform to 3GPP2 C.S0002-C-1. The multiplexed channels are R-PICH and R-FCH. Table 3.6.6-1 shows the output signal parameters.

|        | Walsh Code | Code Power           | Data Rate | Data    |
|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|---------|
| R-PICH | 0          | $-5.278~\mathrm{dB}$ | N/A       | All "0" |
| R-FCH  | 4          | $-1.528~\mathrm{dB}$ | 14.4 kbps | PN9fix* |

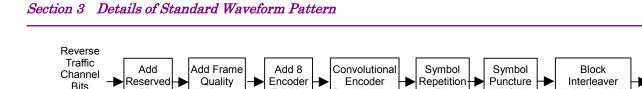
Table 3.6.6-1R-PICH (Reverse Pilot Channel),R-FCH (Reverse Fundamental Channel)

The frame coding illustrated in the functional diagrams of Figure 3.6.6-2 and 3.6.6-3 is executed for the signals that are output by selecting this waveform pattern. The frame coding is continuously executed for four frames (it takes about 20 ms to output one frame), and a 4-frame length signal pattern obtained by executing the frame coding is output repeatedly. Since the total length of three cycles of I Channel PN Sequence and Q Channel PN Sequence, which are used for the short-code spreading, is 80 ms and equals to the length of four frames, the short code holds the continuity during signal output. Therefore, the signals output by selecting this waveform pattern are usable for modulation accuracy measurement and FER (Frame Error Rate) measurement with CRC. The long-code spreading is not processed.

Figure 3.6.6-1 shows the assignment of bit sequences before executing convolutional coding.

| Reserved<br>Bit<br>("0") | PN9fix <sup>*</sup> (267 bits) | Frame<br>Quality<br>Indicator<br>(12 bits) | Encoder Tail<br>Bits<br>("00000000") |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|

Figure 3.6.6-1 Traffic channel frame configuration of waveform pattern RVS\_RC4\_FCH



Tail bits

267 bits/20 ms

(PN9fix<sup>\*</sup>)

Bits

Indicator

Figure 3.6.6-2 Signal generation block diagram of waveform pattern RVS\_RC4\_FCH (1/2)

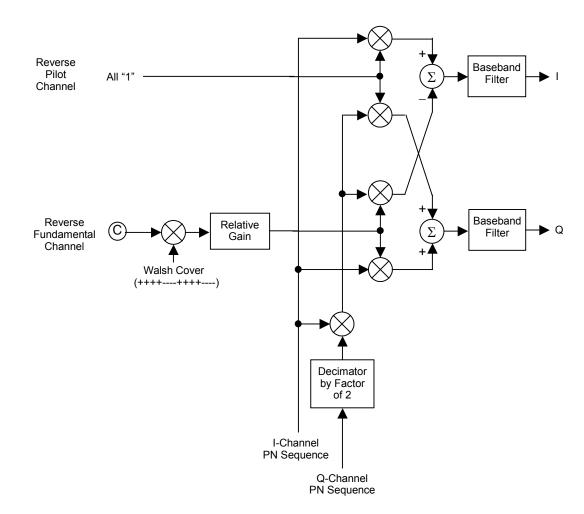
R = 1/4, K = 9

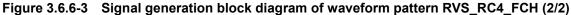
(2x Factor)

(8 of 24)

(C

(1536 Symbols)





#### Note:

Binary numbers "0" and "1" are replaced by 1 and -1, respectively.

\*: 4-frame length data is output repeatedly because the PN9 generator is initialized for each 4 frames. This is why the continuity of PN9fix is held within the four frames, but the continuity with other four frames is lost.

See Figure 3.6.1-3 "PN9fix data and short code" in Section 3.6.1 for details.

## 3.6.7 1xRTT Forward RC1, 2 (FWD\_RC1-2 9channel)

When this waveform pattern is selected, a multiplexed signal accommodating 1xRTT Forward RC1, RC2 that conform to 3GPP2 C.S0002-C-1 is output. The multiplexed channels are F-PICH, F-SyncCH, PagingCH, and F-FCH x 6 (data sequence generated by spreading six symbol data sequences according to spreading code of Walsh Code 8, 9, ..., 13). Table 3.6.7-1 shows the multiplexed channel parameters.

Table 3.6.7-1 F-PICH (Forward Pilot Channel), F-SyncCH (Forward Sync Channel), PagingCH (Paging Channel), F-FCH (Forward Fundamental Channel)

|           | Walsh Code | Code Power         | Symbol Rate            | Symbol Data |
|-----------|------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| F-PICH    | 0          | -7.0 dB            | N/A                    | All "0"     |
| F-SyncCH  | 32         | −13.3 dB           | $4.8 \mathrm{~ksps}$   | PN9fix*     |
| PagingCH  | 1          | $-7.3~\mathrm{dB}$ | 19.2 ksps              | PN9fix*     |
| F-FCH x 6 | 8 to 13    | –10.3 dB           | $19.2 \ \mathrm{ksps}$ | PN9fix*     |

The processing illustrated in the functional diagram of Figure 3.6.7-1 is executed for the signals that are output by selecting this waveform pattern. The convolutional coding and interleaving are not processed. This functional diagram should be applied to each channel, and the symbol data of the channels are separately processed as indicated in this functional diagram and then added each other. The frame coding is continuously executed for four frames (it takes about 20 ms to output one frame), and a 4-frame length signal pattern obtained by executing the frame coding is output repeatedly. Since the total length of three cycles of I Channel PN Sequence and Q Channel PN Sequence, which are used for the short-code spreading, is 80 ms and equals to the length of four frames, the short code holds the continuity during signal output. Therefore, the signals output by selecting this waveform pattern are usable for modulation accuracy measurement and FER (Frame Error Rate) measurement with CRC. The long-code scrambling and PCB Mux are not processed.

### Section 3 Details of Standard Waveform Pattern

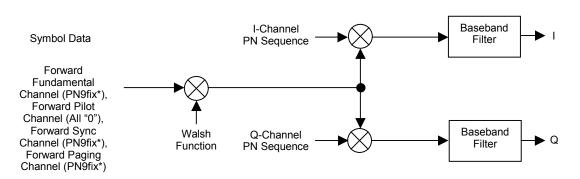


Figure 3.6.7-1 Signal generation block diagram of waveform pattern FWD\_RC1-2 9channel

#### Note:

Binary numbers "0" and "1" are replaced by 1 and -1, respectively.

\*: 4-frame length data is output repeatedly because the PN9 generator is initialized for each 4 frames. This is why the continuity of PN9fix is held within the four frames, but the continuity with other four frames is lost.

See Figure 3.6.1-3 "PN9fix data and short code" in Section 3.6.1 for details.

## 3.6.8 1xRTT Forward RC3, 4, 5 (FWD\_RC3-5 9channel)

When this waveform pattern is selected, a multiplexed signal accommodating 1xRTT Forward RC3, RC4, RC5 that conform to 3GPP2 C.S0002-C-1 is output. The multiplexed channels are F-PICH, F-SyncCH, PagingCH, and F-FCH x 6 (data sequence generated by spreading six symbol data sequences according to spreading code of Walsh Code8, 9, ..., 13). Table 3.6.7-1 shows the multiplexed channel parameters.

 F-SyncCH (Forward Sync Channel), PagingCH (Paging Channel),

 F-FCH (Forward Fundamental Channel)

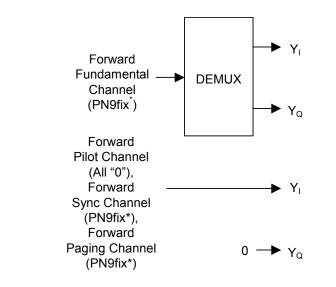
 Walsh Code
 Code Power
 Symbol Rate
 Symbol Date

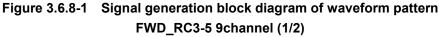
Table 3.6.8-1 F-PICH (Forward Pilot Channel),

|           | Walsh Code | Code Power          | Symbol Rate           | Symbol Data |
|-----------|------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| F-PICH    | 0          | -7.0 dB             | N/A                   | All "0"     |
| F-SyncCH  | 32         | $-13.3~\mathrm{dB}$ | $4.8 \mathrm{~ksps}$  | PN9fix*     |
| PagingCH  | 1          | $-7.3~\mathrm{dB}$  | 19.2 ksps             | PN9fix*     |
| F-FCH x 6 | 8 to 13    | –10.3 dB            | $38.4 \mathrm{~ksps}$ | PN9fix*     |

The processing illustrated in the functional diagrams of Figs. 3.6.8-1 and 3.6.8-2 is executed for the signals that are output by selecting this waveform pattern. The convolutional coding and interleaving are not processed. This functional diagram should be applied to each channel, and the symbol data of the channels are separately processed as indicated in this functional diagram and then added each other. The frame coding is continuously executed for four frames (it takes about 20 ms to output one frame), and a 4-frame length signal pattern obtained by executing the frame coding is output repeatedly. Since the total length of three cycles of I Channel PN Sequence and Q Channel PN Sequence, which are used for the short-code spreading, is 80 ms and equals to the length of four frames, the short code holds the continuity during signal output. Therefore, the signals output by selecting this waveform pattern are usable for modulation accuracy measurement and FER (Frame Error Rate) measurement with CRC. The long-code scrambling and PCB Mux are not processed.







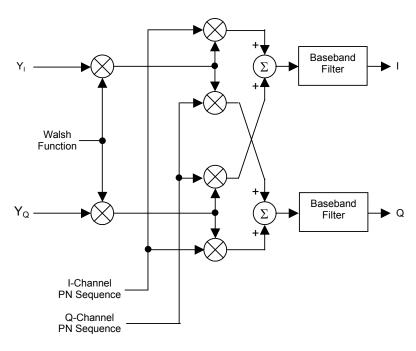


Fig. 3.6.8-2 Signal generation block diagram of waveform pattern FWD\_RC3-5 9channel (2/2)

### Note:

Binary numbers "0" and "1" are replaced by 1 and -1, respectively.

\*: 4-frame length data is output repeatedly because the PN9 generator is initialized for each 4 frames. This is why the continuity of PN9fix is held within the four frames, but the continuity with other four frames is lost. See Figure 3.6.1-3 "PN9fix data and short code" in Section 3.6.1 for details.

# 3.7 CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Waveform Pattern

As the CDMA2000 1xEV-DO waveform pattern, the following waveform patterns are provided.

#### FWD\_38\_4\_16slot/.../FWD\_2457\_6\_1slot

When these waveform patterns are selected, CDMA2000 1xEV-DO forward modulated signal for which channel coding, TDM, and IQ mapping are executed according to 3GPP2 C.S0024 is output.

#### FWD\_ldle

When this waveform pattern is selected, CDMA2000 1xEV-DO forward idle slot modulated signal for which TDM and IQ mapping are executed according to 3GPP2 C.S0024 is output.

#### RVS\_9\_6\_kbps\_RX/.../RVS\_153\_6\_kbps\_RX

When these waveform patterns are selected, CDMA2000 1xEV-DO reverse modulated signal for which channel coding and IQ mapping are executed according to 3GPP2 C.S0024 is output.

Table 3.7-1 lists the CDMA2000 1xEV-DO waveform patterns.

| 1xEV-DO Waveform<br>Pattern | Supported System                         | Baseband Filter | Data     |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|----------|
| FWD_38_4kbps_16slot         | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward              | IS-95SPEC+EQ    |          |
| FWD_76_8kbps_8slot          | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward              | I IS-95SPEC+EQ  |          |
| FWD_153_6kbps_4slot         | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward              | IS-95SPEC+EQ    |          |
| FWD_307_2kbps_2slot         | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward              | IS-95SPEC+EQ    |          |
| $FWD_614_4kbps_1slot$       | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward IS-95SPEC+EQ |                 | PN15fix* |
| $FWD_{307}_{2kbps}_{4slot}$ | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward              | IS-95SPEC+EQ    | PN15fix* |
| $FWD_614_4kbps_2slot$       | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward              | IS-95SPEC+EQ    | PN15fix* |
| FWD_1228_8kbps_1slot        | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward              | IS-95SPEC+EQ    | PN15fix* |
| FWD_921_6kbps_2slot         | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward              | IS-95SPEC+EQ    | PN15fix* |
| FWD_1843_2kbps_1slot        | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward              | IS-95SPEC+EQ    | PN15fix* |

#### Table 3.7-1 List of CDMA2000 1xEV-DO waveform patterns (1/2)

| 1xEV-DO Waveform<br>Pattern | Supported System                         | Baseband Filter | Data     |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| FWD_1228_8kbps_2slot        | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward              |                 |          |  |  |  |  |
| FWD_2457_6kbps_1slot        | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward IS-95SPEC+EQ |                 | PN15fix* |  |  |  |  |
| FWD_Idle                    | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Forward              | IS-95SPEC+EQ    | _        |  |  |  |  |
| RVS_9_6kbps_RX              | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Reverse              | IS-95SPEC       | PN9fix*  |  |  |  |  |
| RVS_19_2kbps_RX             | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Reverse              | IS-95SPEC       | PN9fix*  |  |  |  |  |
| RVS_38_4kbps_RX             | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Reverse              | IS-95SPEC       | PN9fix*  |  |  |  |  |
| RVS_76_8kbps_RX             | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Reverse              | IS-95SPEC       | PN9fix*  |  |  |  |  |
| RVS_153_6kbps_RX            | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Reverse              | IS-95SPEC       | PN9fix*  |  |  |  |  |
| RVS_9_6kbps_TX              | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Reverse              | IS-95SPEC       | PN9fix*  |  |  |  |  |
| RVS_19_2kbps_TX             | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Reverse              | IS-95SPEC       | PN9fix*  |  |  |  |  |
| RVS_38_4kbps_TX             | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Reverse              | IS-95SPEC       | PN9fix*  |  |  |  |  |
| RVS_76_8kbps_TX             | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Reverse              | IS-95SPEC       | PN9fix*  |  |  |  |  |
| RVS_153_6kbps_TX            | CDMA2000 1xEV-DO<br>Reverse              | IS-95SPEC       | PN9fix*  |  |  |  |  |

| Table 3.7-1 | List of CDMA2000 1xEV-DO waveform patterns (2/2 | 2) |
|-------------|---|----|
|-------------|---|----|

\*: Indicates the PN sequence that was extracted for each packet. Therefore, the PN sequence is not continuous between the last data of a packet and the first data of the next packet.

When a CDMA2000 1xEV-DO waveform pattern is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.7-2 is output from the AUX I/O connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

| Marker Signal              | Output Data                         |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Marker 1                   | Frame Clock                         |  |  |  |  |
| Marker 2                   | RF Gate                             |  |  |  |  |
| Marker 3                   | Symbol Clock                        |  |  |  |  |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1157                                |  |  |  |  |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$ |  |  |  |  |
| AWGN addition (Note)       | Enable                              |  |  |  |  |

 Table 3.7-2
 Marker output data and IQ output level

#### Note:

Use a waveform pattern AWGN\_1\_23MHz\_x2 or AWGN\_1\_23MHz \_x1\_5 for AWGN. The sampling rate for the waveform pattern must be set to 1.2288 MHz  $\times$  4 when adding waveform patterns.

Refer to Section 3.5.2 (3) "Adding Memories A and B outputs for modulation" in the MG3700A Operation Manual (Mainframe) for details of the AWGN addition method.

## 3.7.1 1xEV-DO forward (excluding FWD\_Idle)

When a waveform pattern from FWD\_38\_4kbps\_16slot to FWD\_245\_7kbps\_6\_1slot is selected, a CDMA2000 1xEV-DO forward modulated signal for which channel coding and IQ mapping are executed according to 3GPP2 C.S0024 is output. In this output signal, the pilot channel, forward MAC channel, and forward traffic channel are multiplexed. For the forward traffic channel, PN15fix\* is used as the data before adding FCS (Frame Check Sequence).

Figure 3.7.1-1 shows the format of PN15fix bit sequence with FCS and TAIL bit sequences added. Hereafter, the PN15fix bit sequence with FCS and TAIL bit sequences added is referred to as "packet".

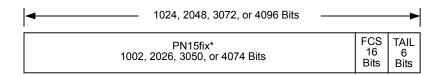


Figure 3.7.1-1 Format of 1xEV-DO forward packet

The channel coding including turbo coding, scrambling, channel interleaving, and modulation (QPSK, 8-PSK, 16QAM) is processed for a packet as shown in Figure 3.7.1-2 Then the packet is multiplexed with other channels by time division (time division multiplexing: TDM) For the MAC index that is used in scrambling, the MAC index value used by the preamble in the same slot is used.

\*: Indicates the PN sequence that was extracted for each packet. Therefore, the PN sequence is not continuous between the last data of a packet and the first data of the next packet.

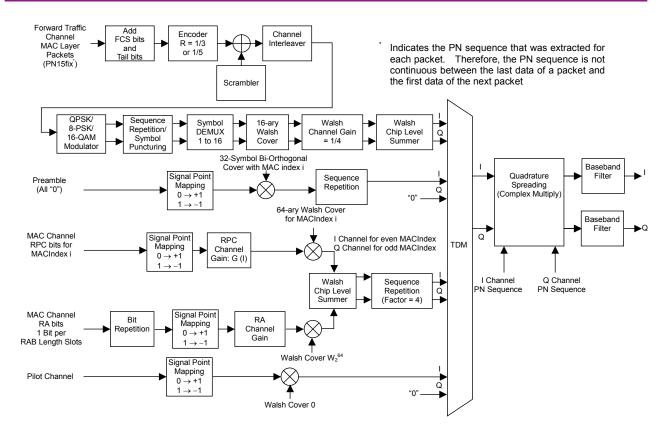


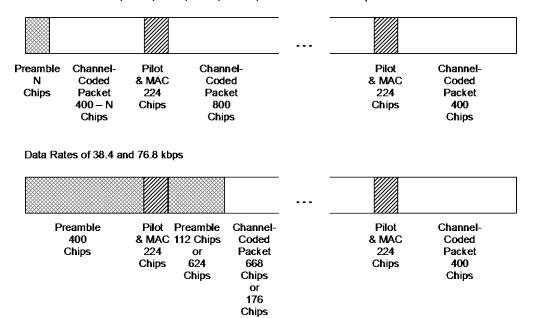
Figure 3.7.1-2 Signal generation block diagram of 1xEV-DO forward waveform pattern

The channel-coded packet is allocated to the data field in the slot along with the preamble that has the same MAC index by time division multiplexing.

Figure 3.7.1-3 shows the slot format, and Figure 3.7.1-4 shows the timing of time division multiplexing of preamble, channel-coded packet, MAC channel, and pilot channel.

| Data              | MAC      | Pilot    | MAC      | Data      | MAC      | Pilot    | MAC      | Data      |  |
|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|--|
| 400 chips         | 64 chips | 96 chips | 64 chips | 800 chips | 64 chips | 96 chips | 64 chips | 400 chips |  |
|                   |          |          |          |           |          |          |          |           |  |
| 1 slot = 1.67 ms► |          |          |          |           |          |          |          |           |  |

Figure 3.7.1-3 Slot format of 1xEV-DO forward waveform pattern (excluding idle slot)



Data Rates of 153.6, 307.2, 614.4, 921.6, 1228.8, 1843.2 and 2457.6 kbps

Figure 3.7.1-4 TDM timing diagram

Four PN15fix that have a different initial value of the PN15 code generator are generated as the data to be transferred on the forward traffic channel, and a packet is generated from each PN15fix (four packets in total). Then the channel coding is executed for these packets. At this time, different values are applied to each MAC index that is used by the scrambler, according to each packet. The same MAC index value is applied to the packet and preamble if they are allocated to the same slot. See Fig. 3.7.1-5 for MAC index values. A channel-coded packet is allocated to every 4 slots, and another channel-coded packet is allocated to one of the remaining three slots.

Figure 3.7.1-5 shows an example of allocation of forward traffic channels every 4 slots. Table 3.7.1-1 lists the parameters for forward traffic channels.

#### 3.7 CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Waveform Pattern

| 1xEV-DO Modulated<br>Signal | Data Rate<br>(kbps) | Slot | Packet<br>(Bit) | Preamble<br>(Chip) | Modulation<br>Type |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| FWD_38_4kbps_16slot         | 38.4                | 16   | 1024            | 1024               | QPSK               |
| $FWD_76_8kbps_8slot$        | 76.8                | 8    | 1024            | 512                | QPSK               |
| FWD_153_6kbps_4slot         | 153.6               | 4    | 1024            | 256                | QPSK               |
| FWD_307_2kbps_2slot         | 307.2               | 2    | 1024            | 128                | QPSK               |
| FWD_614_4kbps_1slot         | 614.4               | 1    | 1024            | 64                 | QPSK               |
| FWD_307_2kbps_4slot         | 307.2               | 4    | 2048            | 128                | QPSK               |
| FWD_614_4kbps_2slot         | 614.4               | 2    | 2048            | 64                 | QPSK               |
| FWD_1228_8kbps_1slot        | 1228.8              | 1    | 2048            | 64                 | QPSK               |
| FWD_921_6kbps_2slot         | 921.6               | 2    | 3072            | 64                 | 8-PSK              |
| FWD_1843_2kbps_1slot        | 1843.2              | 1    | 3072            | 64                 | 8-PSK              |
| FWD_1228_8kbps_2slot        | 1228.8              | 2    | 4096            | 64                 | 16QAM              |
| FWD_2457_6kbps_1slot        | 2457.6              | 1    | 4096            | 64                 | 16QAM              |

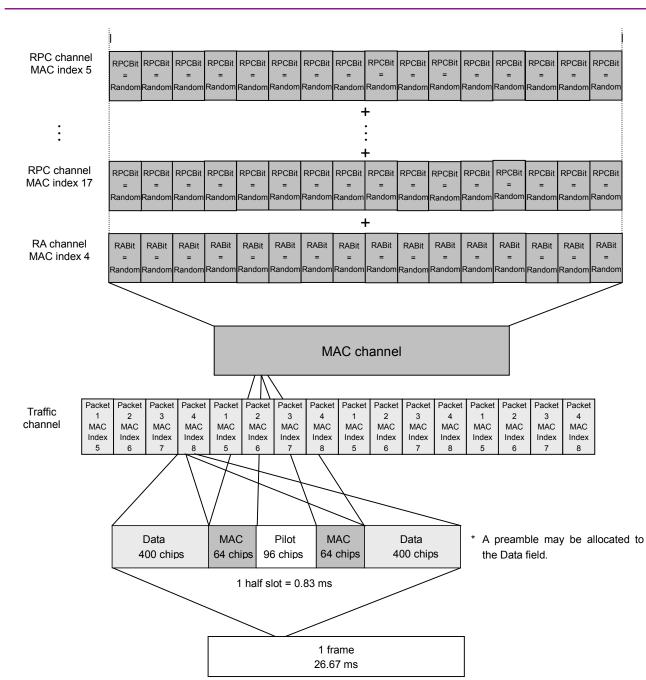
Table 3.7.1-1 List of traffic channel parameters

Table 3.7.1-2 lists the parameter for the MAC channel:

| Table 3.7.1-2 | List of MAC channel parar | neter |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------|
|---------------|---------------------------|-------|

| MAC Index                             | RABit  | RPCBit |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| 4 (RA Channel),<br>5-17 (RPC Channel) | Random | Random |

The RPCBit to be transferred on the RPC channel and the RABit to be transferred on the RA channel of the MAC channel are set at random. There are 13 RPC channels and one RA channel. These MAC channels are spread by the Walsh cover, which is determined depending on the MAC index, and then multiplexed. The MAC channels are allocated to the MAC field in a slot as shown in Figure 3.7.1-3. Figure 3.7.1-5 shows the relationship between the slot and the data transmitted by the MAC channel and traffic channel.



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Figure 3.7.1-5 Multiplexing channels

## 3.7.2 1xEV-DO reverse

When a 1xEV-DO modulated signal from RVS\_9\_6kbps\_RX to RVS\_153\_6kbps\_TX is selected, a CDMA2000 1xEV-DO reverse modulated signal for which channel coding and IQ mapping are executed according to 3GPP2 C.S0024 is output. In this output signal, the pilot channel, RRI channel, DRC channel, ACK channel, and data channel are multiplexed. For the data channel, PN9fix\* is used as the data before adding FCS (Frame Check Sequence).

Figure 3.7.2-1 shows the format of PN9fix bit sequence with FCS and TAIL bit sequences added.

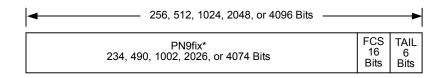
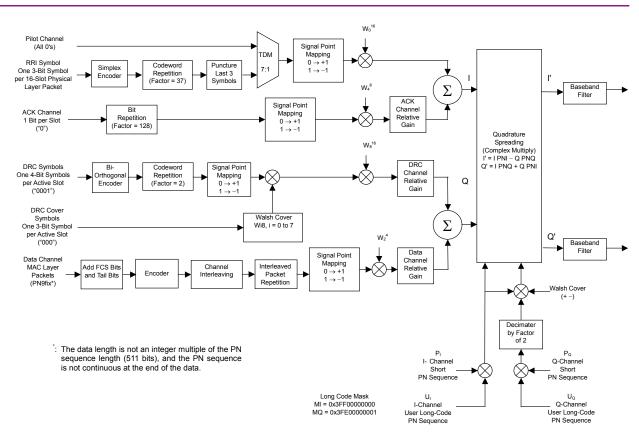


Figure 3.7.2-1 Format of 1xEV-DO reverse packet

The PN9fix bit sequence with FCS and TAIL bit sequences added is channel coded, and then multiplexed with the pilot channel, RRI channel, DRC channel, and ACK channel. Figure 3.7.2-2 shows the block diagram of 1xEV-DO reverse, and Tables 3.7.2-1 and 3.7.2-2 list modulation parameters and channel gains, respectively.

\*: The data length is not an integer multiple of the PN sequence length (511 bits), and the PN sequence is not continuous at the end of the data.



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Figure 3.7.2-2 Signal generation block diagram of 1xEV-DO reverse waveform pattern

| 1xEV-DO Modulated<br>Signal | Data Rate<br>(kbps) | RRI<br>Symbol | DRC<br>Value | DRC<br>Cover | ACK<br>Channel Bit | Long Code Mask     |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| RVS_9_6kbps_RX              | 9.6                 | 001           | 0x01         | $W_{0^8}$    | 0                  |                    |
| $RVS_{19}_{kbps}RX$         | 19.2                | 010           | 0x01         | $W_{0^8}$    | 0                  |                    |
| RVS_38_4kbps_RX             | 38.4                | 011           | 0x01         | $W_{0^8}$    | 0                  |                    |
| RVS_76_8kbps_RX             | 76.8                | 100           | 0x01         | $W_{0^8}$    | 0                  |                    |
| RVS_153_6kbps_RX            | 153.6               | 101           | 0x01         | $W_{0^8}$    | 0                  | MI = 0x3FF00000000 |
| RVS_9_6kbps_TX              | 9.6                 | 001           | 0x01         | $W_{0^8}$    | 0                  | MQ = 0x3FE00000001 |
| RVS_19_2kbps_TX             | 19.2                | 010           | 0x01         | $W_{0^8}$    | 0                  |                    |
| RVS_38_4kbps_TX             | 38.4                | 011           | 0x01         | $W_{0^8}$    | 0                  |                    |
| RVS_76_8kbps_TX             | 76.8                | 100           | 0x01         | $W_{0^8}$    | 0                  |                    |
| RVS_153_6kbps_TX            | 153.6               | 101           | 0x01         | $W_0^8$      | 0                  |                    |

 Table 3.7.2-1
 List of modulation parameters for 1xEV-DO reverse waveform pattern

## 3.7 CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Waveform Pattern

| 1xEV-DO Modulated<br>Signal | Data Rate<br>(kbps) | Data/Pilot          | RRI/Pilot | DRC/Pilot | ACK/Pilot |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| RVS_9_6kbps_RX              | 9.6                 | $3.75~\mathrm{dB}$  | 0  dB     | 3.0 dB    | 0.0 dB    |
| RVS_19_2kbps_RX             | 19.2                | $6.75~\mathrm{dB}$  | 0  dB     | 3.0 dB    | 0.0 dB    |
| RVS_38_4kbps_RX             | 38.4                | $9.75~\mathrm{dB}$  | 0  dB     | 3.0 dB    | 0.0 dB    |
| RVS_76_8kbps_RX             | 76.8                | $13.25~\mathrm{dB}$ | 0  dB     | 3.0 dB    | 0.0 dB    |
| RVS_153_6kbps_RX            | 153.6               | $18.50~\mathrm{dB}$ | 0  dB     | 3.0 dB    | 0.0 dB    |
| RVS_9.6 kbps_TX             | 9.6                 | $3.75~\mathrm{dB}$  | 0  dB     | 3.0 dB    | 3.0 dB    |
| RVS_19.2 kbps_TX            | 19.2                | $6.75~\mathrm{dB}$  | 0  dB     | 3.0 dB    | 3.0 dB    |
| RVS_38.4 kbps_TX            | 38.4                | 9.75 dB             | 0 dB      | 3.0 dB    | 3.0 dB    |
| RVS_76.8 kbps_TX            | 76.8                | $13.25~\mathrm{dB}$ | 0 dB      | 3.0 dB    | 3.0 dB    |
| RVS_153.6 kbps_TX           | 153.6               | 18.50 dB            | 0 dB      | 3.0 dB    | 3.0 dB    |

 Table 3.7.2-2
 List of channel gains for 1xEV-DO reverse waveform pattern

## 3.7.3 1xEV-DO forward idle slot

When the FWD\_Idle waveform pattern is selected, a modulated signal with the CDMA2000 1xEV-DO forward idle slot configuration for which channel coding and IQ mapping are executed according to 3GPP2 C.S0024 is output. In this output signal, the pilot channel and forward MAC channel are multiplexed. Figure 3.7.3-1 shows the block diagram of 1xEV-DO forward idle slot waveform pattern.

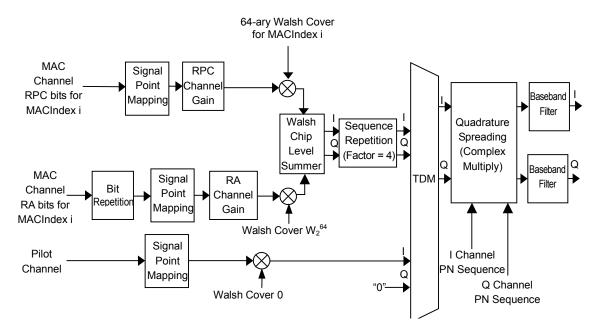


Figure 3.7.3-1 Signal generation block diagram of 1xEV-DO forward idle slot waveform pattern

Figure 3.7.3-2 shows the 1xEV-DO forward idle slot waveform pattern format, and Table 3.7.3-1 lists the MAC channel parameters for the 1xEV-DO forward idle slot waveform pattern.

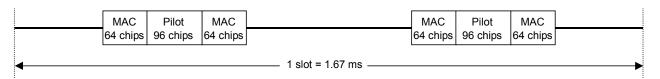


Figure 3.7.3-2 Format of 1xEV-DO forward idle slot waveform pattern

 
 Table 3.7.3-1
 List of MAC channel parameters for 1xEV-DO forward idle slot waveform pattern

| MAC Index                                | RA Bit | RPC Bit | RA Channel<br>Gain    | RPC Channel<br>Gain |  |  |  |
|--|--------|---------|-----------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| 4 (RA Channel),<br>5 to 17 (RPC Channel) | Random | Random  | $-12.04 \text{ dB}^*$ | −11.42 dB*          |  |  |  |
| *: Relative value to the pilot channel.  |        |         |                       |                     |  |  |  |

# 3.8 WLAN Waveform Pattern

As the WLAN waveform pattern, waveform patterns that conform to IEEE802.11a/b/g are provided as shown in Table 3.8-1.

| •                      |                        |            |                |                                  |                                   |                                 |  |  |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Waveform Pattern Name  | Data Rate<br>(Mbits/s) | Modulation | Coding<br>Rate | Coding<br>Bits per<br>Subcarrier | Coding Bits<br>per OFDM<br>Symbol | Data Bits<br>per OFDM<br>Symbol |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_6Mbps         | 6                      | BPSK       | 1/2            | 1                                | 48                                | 24                              |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_9Mbps         | 9                      | BPSK       | 3/4            | 1                                | 48                                | 36                              |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_9Mbps_PN9 *1  | 9                      | BPSK       | 3/4            | 1                                | 48                                | 36                              |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_12Mbps        | 12                     | QPSK       | 1/2            | 2                                | 96                                | 48                              |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_18Mbps        | 18                     | QPSK       | 3/4            | 2                                | 96                                | 72                              |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_18Mbps_PN9 *1 | 18                     | QPSK       | 3/4            | 2                                | 96                                | 72                              |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_24Mbps        | 24                     | 16-QAM     | 1/2            | 4                                | 192                               | 96                              |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_36Mbps        | 36                     | 16-QAM     | 3/4            | 4                                | 192                               | 144                             |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_36Mbps_PN9 *1 | 36                     | 16-QAM     | 3/4            | 4                                | 192                               | 144                             |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_48Mbps        | 48                     | 64-QAM     | 2/3            | 6                                | 288                               | 192                             |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_54Mbps        | 54                     | 64-QAM     | 3/4            | 6                                | 288                               | 216                             |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_54Mbps_PN9 *1 | 54                     | 64-QAM     | 3/4            | 6                                | 288                               | 216                             |  |  |
| 11a_OFDM_54Mbps_ACP *2 | 54                     | 64-QAM     | 3/4            | 6                                | 288                               | 216                             |  |  |

 Table 3.8-1
 List of IEEE802.11a waveform patterns

- \*1: Waveform pattern having continuous PN9 data. For the waveform patterns without \*1 affixed, the PN9 data does not have continuity. A gap period of 4 samples is secured at the start of the waveform pattern, followed by a PLCP preamble. When using an external trigger, set the trigger delay to -4 samples to match the rising of the external trigger and the starting point of the PLCP preamble.
- \*2: Waveform pattern having improved ACPR with spectrum sidelobes cut down.

| Waveform Pattern Name | Spreading, Coding         | Modulation |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------|
| 11b_DSSS_1Mbps        | DSSS, 11 chip Barker Code | DBPSK      |
| 11b_DSSS_2Mbps        | DSSS, 11 chip Barker Code | DQPSK      |
| 11b_DSSS_2Mbps_PN9*1  | DSSS, 11 chip Barker Code | DQPSK      |
| 11b_CCK_5_5Mbps       | ССК                       | DQPSK      |
| 11b_CCK_11Mbps        | ССК                       | DQPSK      |
| 11b_CCK_11Mbps_PN9*1  | ССК                       | DQPSK      |
| 11b_CCK_11Mbps_ACP*2  | ССК                       | DQPSK      |

Table 3.8-2 List of IEEE802.11b waveform patterns

In the above waveform patterns, the ramp rises at the start of the waveform pattern. The frame clock also rises at the same timing. When using an external trigger, set the trigger delay to -88 samples to match the rising of the external trigger and the starting point of the PLCP preamble.

- \*1: Waveform pattern having continuous PN9 data. For the waveform patterns without \*1 affixed, the PN9 data does not have continuity.
- \*2: Waveform pattern having improved ACPR with spectrum sidelobes cut down.

| Waveform Pattern Name | Data rate<br>(Mbits/s) | Modulation | Coding<br>Rate | Coding<br>Bits per<br>Subcarrier | Coding Bits<br>per OFDM<br>Symbol | Data Bits<br>per OFDM<br>Symbol |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 11g_DSSS_OFDM_6Mbps   | 6                      | BPSK       | 1/2            | 1                                | 48                                | 24                              |
| 11g_DSSS_OFDM_9Mbps   | 9                      | BPSK       | 3/4            | 1                                | 48                                | 36                              |
| 11g_DSSS_OFDM_12Mbps  | 12                     | QPSK       | 1/2            | 2                                | 96                                | 48                              |
| 11g_DSSS_OFDM_18Mbps  | 18                     | QPSK       | 3/4            | 2                                | 96                                | 72                              |
| 11g_DSSS_OFDM_24Mbps  | 24                     | 16-QAM     | 1/2            | 4                                | 192                               | 96                              |
| 11g_DSSS_OFDM_36Mbps  | 36                     | 16-QAM     | 3/4            | 4                                | 192                               | 144                             |
| 11g_DSSS_OFDM_48Mbps  | 48                     | 64-QAM     | 2/3            | 6                                | 288                               | 192                             |
| 11g_DSSS_OFDM_54Mbps  | 54                     | 64-QAM     | 3/4            | 6                                | 288                               | 216                             |

Table 3.8-3 List of IEEE802.11g waveform patterns

In the above waveform patterns, the ramp rises at the start of the waveform pattern. The frame clock also rises at the same timing. When using an external trigger, set the trigger delay to -60 samples to match the rising of the external trigger and the starting point of the PLCP preamble.

When a WLAN waveform pattern is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.8-4 is output from the AUX connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

| Marker Signal              | Output Data                         |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Marker 1                   | Frame Clock                         |
| Marker 2                   | RF Gate                             |
| Marker 3                   | _                                   |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1157                                |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$ |

 Table 3.8-4
 Marker output data and IQ output level

### 3.8.1 IEEE802.11a

These waveform patterns conform to the MAC layer and physical layer standards described in IEEE802.11, IEEE802.11a.

Table 3.8.1-1 lists the parameters commonly used by each waveform pattern:

 Table 3.8.1-1
 List of common parameters

| Parameter     | Setting Value        |  |
|---------------|----------------------|--|
| PSDU Length   | 1000 bytes           |  |
| PSDU Data     | PN9fix or PN9 (Note) |  |
| Sampling rate | 40 MHz               |  |

*Note:* PN9fix is PN9 data reset for each PSDU. Therefore, the PN data is not continuous between PSDUs. However, the waveform patterns whose name has \_PN9 have the continued PN9 data.

Figure 3.8.1-1 shows the PPDU frame format.

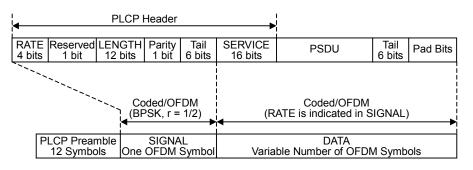


Figure 3.8.1-1 IEEE802.11a PPDU frame format

A MAC frame shown in Figure 3.8.1-2 below is applied to the PSDU field in the PPDU frame format. A MAC frame consists of the MAC header field and FSC field, as well as the transmission data indicated by Frame Body.

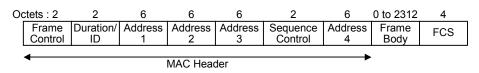


Figure 3.8.1-2 IEEE802.11a MAC frame format

The Frame Control field consists of the following bits with the corresponding data as shown in Table 3.8.1-2 below.

| Field            | Bit       | Data |
|------------------|-----------|------|
| Protocol Version | B0 and B1 | 00   |
| Туре             | B2 and B3 | 01   |
| Subtype          | B4 to B7  | 0000 |
| To DS            | B8        | 0    |
| From DS          | B9        | 0    |
| More Flag        | B10       | 0    |
| Retry            | B11       | 0    |
| Power Management | B12       | 00   |
| More Data        | B13       | 0    |
| WEP              | B14       | 0    |
| Order            | B15       | 0    |

Table 3.8.1-2 Contents of Frame Control field

Table 3.8.1-3 lists the data in a MAC header excluding the Frame Control field.

| Data                               |
|------------------------------------|
| 0000 <sub>H</sub>                  |
| FFFF FFFF FFFF <sub>H</sub> (Note) |
| $0000 \ 0000 \ 0000_{\rm H}$       |
| 0000 0000 0000н                    |
| 0000н                              |
| $0000\ 0000\ 0000_{\rm H}$         |
|                                    |

Table 3.8.1-3 Contents of MAC header excluding Frame Control field

Note:

For Address 1 (Destination Address in the Adhoc mode,) all "1" indicates broadcast address.

## 3.8.2 IEEE802.11b

These waveform patterns conform to the MAC layer and physical layer standards described in IEEE802.11, IEEE802.11b.

Table 3.8.2-1 lists the parameters commonly used by each waveform pattern:

| Setting Value        |  |
|----------------------|--|
| 1024 bytes           |  |
| PN9fix or PN9 (Note) |  |
| 44 MHz               |  |
|                      |  |

**Note:** PN9fix is PN9 data reset for each PSDU. Therefore, the PN data is not continuous between PSDUs. However, the waveform patterns whose name has \_PN9 have the continued PN9 data.

Figure 3.8.2-1 shows the Long PLCP PPDU frame format.

Scrambled One's 1 Mbit/s DBPSK SYNC SFD SIGNAL SERVICE LENGTH CRC 128 bits 16 bits 8 bits 8 bits 16 bits 16 bits PLCP Preamble PLCP HEADER PSDU 144 bits 48 bits 192 µs 1 DBPSK 2 DQPSK PPDU 5.5 or 11 Mbits/s

Figure 3.8.2-1 IEEE802.11b Long PLCP PPDU frame format

A MAC frame same with that described in Section 3.8.1 "IEEE802.11a" is applied to the PSDU field in the Long PLCP PPDU frame format.

# 3.8.3 IEEE802.11g

These waveform patterns conform to the physical layer standards described in IEEE802.11, IEEE802.11g.

Table 3.8.3-1 lists the parameters commonly used by each waveform pattern:

| Table 3.8.3-1 | List of common parameters |
|---------------|---------------------------|
|---------------|---------------------------|

| Parameter   | Setting Value |  |  |  |
|---|---------------|--|--|--|
| PSDU Length   | 1000 bytes    |  |  |  |
| PSDU Data   | PN9fix (Note) |  |  |  |
| Sampling rate 44 MHz  |               |  |  |  |
|   |               |  |  |  |
| Note:   |               |  |  |  |
| PN9fix is PN9 data reset for each PSDU. Therefore, the PN data is |               |  |  |  |
| not continuous between PSDUs.                                     |               |  |  |  |

Figure 3.8.3-1 shows the Long PLCP PPDU frame format.

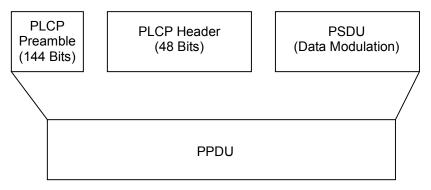


Figure 3.8.3-1 IEEE802.11b Long preamble PPDU frame format

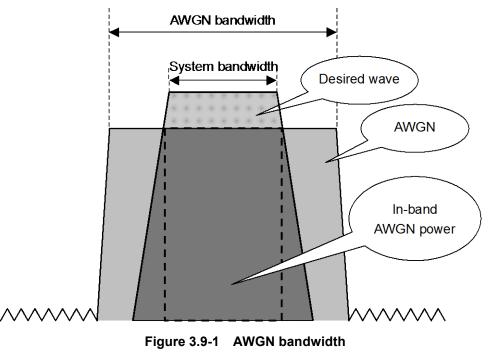
# 3.9 AWGN Waveform Pattern

As the AWGN waveform pattern, waveform patterns shown in Table 3.9-1 are provided. AWGN signals can be generated with any sampling rate or bandwidth by using the AWGN Generator function of the MG3700A IQproducer.

| Waveform Pattern<br>Name | Max.<br>Peak/RM<br>S ratio | 3-dB<br>bandwidt<br>h (MHz) | In-band<br>power<br>conversion ratio<br>(dB)* | Application   |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| AWGN_3_84MHz_x2          | > 12 dB                    | 7.68                        | 3.01  | Added with a W-CDMA UL signal to perform dynamic range measurement.                 |
| AWGN_3_84MHz_x1_5        | > 12 dB                    | 5.76                        | 1.76  | Added with a W-CDMA UL signal to perform dynamic range measurement.                 |
| AWGN_1.23MHz_x2          | > 12 dB                    | 2.46                        | 3.01  | Added with a CDMA2000 1x<br>Reverse signal to perform<br>dynamic range measurement. |
| AWGN_1.23MHz_x1_5        | > 12 dB                    | 3.69                        | 1.76  | Added with a CDMA2000 1x<br>Reverse signal to perform<br>dynamic range measurement. |

Table 3.9-1 List of AWGN waveform patterns

\*: The in-band power conversion ratio is the ratio of the power within the system bandwidth for each communication system to the total power of MG3700A outputs measured by a power meter, etc. as shown in Figure 3.9-1 below.



# 3.10 Digital Broadcast Waveform Pattern

The Digital Broadcast waveform patterns shown in Table 3.10-1 are provided.

| Waveform Pattern<br>Name | Parameter   | Application   |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| BS_1ch                   | Roll-off factor: 0.35<br>Nyquist Bandwidth: 28.86 MHz<br>Modulation: QPSK                             | Physical layer waveform<br>pattern of digital BS broadcast<br>for device evaluation.  |
| CS_1ch                   | Roll-off factor: 0.35<br>Nyquist Bandwidth: 21.096 MHz<br>Modulation: QPSK                            | Physical layer waveform<br>pattern of digital CS broadcast<br>for device evaluation.  |
| CATV_AnnexC_1ch          | Roll-off factor: 0.13<br>Nyquist Bandwidth: 5.274 MHz<br>Modulation: 64QAM                            | Physical layer waveform<br>pattern of CATV (ITU-T J83<br>Annex C) for device evaluation.  |
| ISDBT_1layer_1ch         | Mode: 3, GI: 1/8<br>A-Layer:13seg, 64QAM  | Physical layer waveform<br>pattern of ISDB-T for device<br>evaluation.  |
| ISDBT_2layer_1ch         | Mode: 3, GI: 1/8<br>A-Layer: 1seg, QPSK<br>B-Layer: 12seg, 64QAM                                      | Physical layer waveform<br>pattern of ISDB-T for device<br>evaluation.  |
| ISDBT_2layer_Movie       | Mode: 3, GI: 1/8<br>A-Layer: 1seg, QPSK, CR = 2/3, TI = 2<br>B-Layer: 12seg, 64QAM, CR = 7/8, TI = 2  | Waveform pattern for ISDB-T<br>partial reception, mainly used<br>for evaluation of image and  |
| ISDBT_2layer_Movie2      | Mode: 3, GI: 1/8<br>A-Layer: 1seg, QPSK, CR = 2/3, TI = 4<br>B-Layer: 12seg, 64QAM, CR = 3/4, TI = 2  | voice data of terminals. The<br>waveform length is 40 frames.*  |
| ISDBT_2layer_Coded       | Mode: 3, GI: 1/8<br>A-Layer: 1seg, QPSK, CR = 2/3, TI = 2<br>B-Layer: 12seg, 64QAM, CR = 7/8, TI = 2  | Waveform pattern for ISDB-T<br>partial reception, mainly used<br>for simple BER measurement.<br>The waveform length is 4<br>frames. |
| ISDBT_QPSK_1_2           | Mode: 3, GI: 1/8<br>A-Layer: 1seg, QPSK, CR = 1/2, TI = 0<br>B-Layer: 12seg, 64QAM, CR = 7/8, TI = 1  | Waveform pattern for ISDB-T<br>partial reception, mainly used<br>for simple BER measurement.  |
| ISDBT_QPSK_2_3           | Mode: 3, GI: 1/8<br>A-Layer: 1seg, QPSK, CR = 2/3, TI = 0<br>B-Layer: 12seg, 64QAM, CR = 7/8, TI =1   | The waveform length is 4 frames.  |
| ISDBT_16QAM_1_2          | Mode: 3, GI: 1/8<br>A-Layer: 1seg, 16QAM, CR = 1/2, TI = 0<br>B-Layer: 12seg, 64QAM, CR = 7/8, TI = 1 |   |
| ISDBT_QPSK_2_3_TI4       | Mode: 3, GI: 1/8<br>A-Layer: 1seg, QPSK, CR = 2/3, TI = 4<br>B-Layer: 12seg, 64QAM, CR = 3/4, TI = 2  |   |

| Table 3.10-1 | List of Digital Broadcast waveform patterns |
|--------------|---|
|--------------|---|

| Waveform Pattern<br>Name |              | Parameter  | Application   |
|--------------------------|--------------|--|---|
|                          | Seg#1 to #5: | 8-segment concatenation<br>transmission in 1-segment<br>format | Mainly used for evaluation of<br>image and voice data of<br>terminals. The waveform |
| ISDBTsb_Movie            | Seg#6 to #8: | 8-segment concatenation<br>transmission in 3-segment<br>format | length is 68 frames.*   |
|                          | Mode: 3, GI: | 1/8  |   |
|                          |              | SK, $CR = 1/2$ , $TI = 4$                                      |   |
|                          | B-Layer: QP  | SK, $CR = 1/2$ , $TI = 4$                                      |   |
|                          | Seg#1 to #5: | 8-segment concatenation<br>transmission in 1-segment<br>format | Mainly used for simple BER<br>measurement. The waveform<br>length is 4 frames.      |
| ISDBTsb_QPSK_1_2         | Seg#6 to #8: | 8-segment concatenation<br>transmission in 3-segment<br>format |   |
|                          | Mode: 3, GI: | 1/8  |   |
|                          | A-Layer: QP  | SK, $CR = 1/2$ , $TI = 0$                                      |   |
|                          |              | SK, $CR = 1/2$ , $TI = 0$                                      |   |
|                          | Seg#1 to #5: | 8-segment concatenation<br>transmission in 1-segment<br>format |   |
| ISDBTsb_QPSK_2_3         | Seg#6 to #8: | 8-segment concatenation<br>transmission in 3-segment<br>format |   |
|                          | Mode: 3, GI: | 1/8  |   |
|                          | A-Layer: QP  | SK, $CR = 2/3$ , $TI = 0$                                      |   |
|                          | B-Layer: QP  | SK, $CR = 2/3$ , $TI = 0$                                      |   |
|                          | Seg#1 to #5: | 8-segment concatenation<br>transmission in 1-segment<br>format |   |
| ISDBTsb_16QAM_1_2        | Seg#6 to #8: | 8-segment concatenation<br>transmission in 3-segment<br>format |   |
|                          | Mode: 3, GI: |  |   |
|                          | •            | AM, CR = 1/2, TI = 0   |   |
|                          | B-Layer 166  | QAM, CR = 1/2, TI = 0  |   |

| Table 3.10-1 | List of Digital | Broadcast wavef | form patterns | (Cont'd) |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|----------|
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|----------|

\*: It is not guaranteed that any receiver can receive a waveform with this length.

Table 3.10-2 lists the parameters commonly used by each waveform pattern.

| Parameter                  | Setting Value                                       |
|----------------------------|---|
| Data                       | PN23fix*: (digital BS, digital CS,<br>CATV, ISDB-T) |
|                            | digital BS: 144.3 Msps                              |
|                            | digital CS: 147.62 Msps                             |
| Sampling rate              | CATV: 42.192 Msps                                   |
|                            | ISDB-T: 16.253968 Msps                              |
|                            | ISDB-Tsb: 8.12698417 Msps                           |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1157  |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 320 \text{ mV}$                 |

Table 3.10-2 List of common parameters

\*: PN sequence is discontinuous at the connection of the waveform pattern.

## 3.10.1 Frame configuration

BS\_1ch, CS\_1ch, CATV\_AnnexC\_1ch

Digital BS, digital CS and CATV waveform patterns have no-frame structure as follows.

PN23fix



ISDBT\_1layer\_1ch, ISDBT\_2layer\_1ch, ISDBT\_QPSK\_1\_2, ISDBT\_QPSK\_2\_3, ISDBT\_16QAM\_1\_2, ISDBT\_QPSK\_2\_3\_TI4 ISDB-T waveform patterns are created as follows.

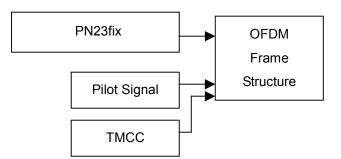


Figure 3.10.1-2 Generation of the waveform patterns for ISDB-T

ISDBT\_2layer\_Movie, ISDBT\_2layer\_Movie2, ISDBT\_2layer\_Coded ISDB-T waveform patterns are created as follows.

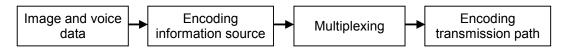


Figure 3.10.1-3 Generation of the waveform patterns for ISDB-T

Table 3.10.1-1 lists the parameters used for encoding the transmission paths of ISDBT\_2layer\_Movie and ISDBT\_2layer\_Coded waveform patterns.

Table 3.10.1-2 lists the parameters used for encoding the transmission paths of an ISDBT\_2layer\_Movie2 waveform pattern.

Image and voice data of receivers for partial reception can be evaluated with ISDBT\_2layer\_Movie and ISDBT\_2layer\_Movie2 waveform patterns.

Simple BER measurement can be performed for receivers for partial reception with an ISDBT\_2layer\_Coded waveform pattern.

Note that the contents in Layers A and B of ISDBT\_2layer\_Movie waveform patterns, those of ISDBT\_2layer\_Movie2 waveform patterns, and those of ISDBT\_2layer\_Coded waveform patterns are different.

 Table 3.10.1-1
 List of transmission path encoding parameters

 for ISDBT\_2layer\_Movie and ISDBT\_2layer\_Coded waveform patterns

| Parameter         | Layer A Layer B |     |  |  |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----|--|--|
| Mode              | Mo              | de3 |  |  |
| Guard interval    | 1.              | /8  |  |  |
| Partial reception | ON              |     |  |  |
| Emergency flag    | OFF             |     |  |  |
| Segment count     | 1 12            |     |  |  |
| Modulation        | QPSK 64QAM      |     |  |  |
| Encoding rate     | 2/3 7/8         |     |  |  |
| Time interleave   | 2               | 2   |  |  |

Table 3.10.1-2 List of transmission path encoding parameters for ISDBT\_2layer\_Movie2 waveform pattern

| Parameter         | Layer A Layer B |     |  |  |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----|--|--|
| Mode              | Mo              | de3 |  |  |
| Guard interval    | 1.              | /8  |  |  |
| Partial reception | ON              |     |  |  |
| Emergency flag    | OFF             |     |  |  |
| Segment count     | 1 12            |     |  |  |
| Modulation        | QPSK 64QAM      |     |  |  |
| Encoding rate     | 2/3 3/4         |     |  |  |
| Time interleave   | 4               | 2   |  |  |

Table 3.10.1-3 lists the parameters used for encoding the transmission paths for each segment of ISDBTsb\_Movie waveform patterns. Signals in 1-segment format or signals in 3-segment format are concatenated into 8 segments in a layout shown in Table 3.10.1-3 and transmitted.

| Parameter                               | Seg#1   | eg#1 Seg#2 Seg#3 Seg#4 Seg#5 Seg#6 to |         |         | 6 to #8 |          |         |
|---|---------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|
| Layer                                   | Layer A | Layer A                               | Layer A | Layer A | Layer A | Layer A  | Layer B |
| Mode                                    | Mode3   |                                       |         |         |         |          |         |
| Guard interval                          |         | 1/8                                   |         |         |         |          |         |
| Partial reception                       | OFF     | OFF                                   | OFF     | OFF     | OFF     | ON       | OFF     |
| Emergency flag                          | OFF     | OFF                                   | OFF     | OFF     | OFF     | OFF      | OFF     |
| Modulation                              | QPSK    | QPSK                                  | QPSK    | QPSK    | QPSK    | QPSK     | QPSK    |
| Encoding rate                           | 1/2     | 1/2                                   | 1/2     | 1/2     | 1/2     | 1/2      | 1/2     |
| Time interleave                         | 4       | 4                                     | 4       | 4       | 4       | 4        | 4       |
| Subchannel No. in the center of segment | 5       | 8                                     | 11      | 14      | 17      | 20/23/26 |         |

| Table 3.10.1-3 | List of transmission path encoding parameters |
|----------------|---|
| for            | ISDBTsb_Movie waveform patterns               |

An ISDBTsb\_Movie waveform pattern contains image and voice data that are multiplexed, re-multiplexed, and encoded. Table 3.10.1-4 lists the multiplexed parameters. Images and voices of the receiver can be evaluated using such a waveform pattern. When receiving an RF signal, set the output frequency of the MG3700A to 190.21428571 MHz.

| Parameter                           | Seg#1  | Seg#2  | Seg#3  | Seg#4  | Seg#5  | Seg#6 to 8 |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------|
| service_id                          | 0x2600 | 0x2608 | 0x2610 | 0x2618 | 0x2620 | 0x2630     |
| network_id                          | 0x8090 | 0x8091 | 0x8092 | 0x8093 | 0x8094 | 0x8096     |
| transport_stream_id                 | 0x8090 | 0x8091 | 0x8092 | 0x8093 | 0x8094 | 0x8096     |
| remote_control_key_id               | 0x5B   | 0x5C   | 0x5D   | 0x5E   | 0x5F   | 0x60       |
| frequency                           | 0x529  | 0x52C  | 0x52F  | 0x532  | 0x535  | 0x538      |
| connected_transmission_<br>group_id | 0x2401 | 0x2401 | 0x2401 | 0x2401 | 0x2401 | 0x2401     |

Table 3.10.1-4 PSI/SI information of ISDBTsb\_Movie waveform pattern

# 3.11 Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Waveform Pattern

The *Bluetooth* waveform patterns shown in Table 3.11-1 are provided.

| Waveform Pattern Name | Data rate<br>(Mbits/s) | Modulation for Payload | Filter                          | Packet Type             | Dirty, FM* <sup>8</sup> |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| DH1*1                 | 1                      | $GFSK^{*4}$            | Gaussian*5                      | DH1                     | -                       |
| DH3*1                 | 1                      | GFSK*4                 | Gaussian*5                      | DH3                     | -                       |
| DH5*1                 | 1                      | GFSK*4                 | Gaussian*5                      | DH5                     | -                       |
| $DH3_3SlotOff^{*1}$   | 1                      | $GFSK^{*4}$            | Gaussian*5                      | DH3                     | -                       |
| DH5_5SlotOff*1        | 1                      | GFSK*4                 | Gaussian*5                      | DH5                     | -                       |
| POLL                  | 1                      | $GFSK^{*4}$            | Gaussian*5                      | POLL                    | -                       |
| 2-DH1*1               | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK         | Root Nyquist*6                  | 2-DH1                   | -                       |
| 2-DH3*1               | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK         | Root Nyquist*6                  | 2-DH3                   | -                       |
| 2-DH5*1               | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK         | Root Nyquist*6                  | 2-DH5                   | -                       |
| 2-DH3_3SlotOff*1      | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK         | Root Nyquist*6                  | 2-DH3                   | -                       |
| 2-DH5_5SlotOff*1      | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK         | Root Nyquist*6                  | 2-DH5                   | -                       |
| 3-DH1*1               | 3                      | 8-DPSK                 | Root Nyquist*6                  | 3-DH1                   | -                       |
| 3-DH3*1               | 3                      | 8-DPSK                 | Root Nyquist*6                  | 3-DH3                   | -                       |
| 3-DH5*1               | 3                      | 8-DPSK                 | Root Nyquist*6                  | $3\text{-}\mathrm{DH5}$ | -                       |
| 3-DH3_3SlotOff*1      | 3                      | 8-DPSK                 | Root Nyquist*6                  | 3-DH3                   | -                       |
| $3$ -DH5_5SlotOff*1   | 3                      | 8-DPSK                 | Root Nyquist*6                  | $3\text{-}\mathrm{DH5}$ | -                       |
| GFSK-PN9*2            | 1                      | $GFSK^{*4}$            | Gaussian*5                      | No packet format        | -                       |
| GFSK-PN15*3           | 1                      | $GFSK^{*4}$            | Gaussian*5                      | No packet format        | -                       |
| PI_4_DQPSK-PN9*2      | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK         | Root Nyquist*6                  | No packet format        | -                       |
| PI_4_DQPSK-PN15*3     | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK         | Root Nyquist*6                  | No packet format        | -                       |
| 8DPSK-PN9*2           | 3                      | 8DPSK                  | Root Nyquist*6 No packet format |                         | -                       |
| 8DPSK-PN15*3          | 3                      | 8DPSK                  | Root Nyquist*6                  | No packet format        | -                       |

 Table 3.11-1
 List of *Bluetooth* waveform patterns (1/2)

| Section 3 Details of Standard | Waveform Pattern |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
|-------------------------------|------------------|

|                                |                        |                |                | · · ·                   |                         |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Waveform Pattern Name          | Data rate<br>(Mbits/s) | FIITA          |                | Packet Type             | Dirty, FM* <sup>8</sup> |
| DH1_dirty*1                    | 1                      | $GFSK^{*4}$    | Gaussian*5     | DH1                     | Dirty                   |
| DH3_dirty *1                   | 1                      | GFSK*4         | Gaussian*5     | DH3                     | Dirty                   |
| $DH5_dirty*_1$                 | 1                      | $GFSK^{*4}$    | Gaussian*5     | DH5                     | Dirty                   |
| $2\text{-DH1}_dirty *_1$       | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | Root Nyquist*6 | 2-DH1                   | Dirty                   |
| 2-DH3_dirty *1                 | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | Root Nyquist*6 | 2-DH3                   | Dirty                   |
| 2-DH5_dirty *1                 | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | Root Nyquist*6 | 2-DH5                   | Dirty                   |
| 3-DH1_dirty *1                 | 3                      | 8-DPSK         | Root Nyquist*6 | 3-DH1                   | Dirty                   |
| 3-DH3_dirty *1                 | 3                      | 8-DPSK         | Root Nyquist*6 | 3-DH3                   | Dirty                   |
| 3-DH5_dirty *1                 | 3                      | 8-DPSK         | Root Nyquist*6 | 3-DH5                   | Dirty                   |
| $DH1_Dirty_withFM^{*1}$        | 1                      | $GFSK^{*4}$    | Gaussian*5     | DH1                     | Dirty, FM               |
| DH3_Dirty_withFM*1             | 1                      | $GFSK^{*4}$    | Gaussian*5     | DH3                     | Dirty, FM               |
| DH5_Dirty_withFM*1             | 1                      | GFSK*4         | Gaussian*5     | DH5                     | Dirty, FM               |
| 2-DH1_Dirty_withFM *1          | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | Root Nyquist*6 | 2-DH1                   | Dirty, FM               |
| 2-DH3_Dirty_withFM *1          | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | Root Nyquist*6 | 2-DH3                   | Dirty, FM               |
| $2\text{-DH5}_Dirty_withFM *1$ | 2                      | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | Root Nyquist*6 | $2\text{-}\mathrm{DH5}$ | Dirty, FM               |
| $3$ -DH1_Dirty_withFM * $^1$   | 3                      | 8-DPSK         | Root Nyquist*6 | 3-DH1                   | Dirty, FM               |
| 3-DH3_Dirty_withFM *1          | 3                      | 8-DPSK         | Root Nyquist*6 | 3-DH3                   | Dirty, FM               |
| 3-DH5_Dirty_withFM *1          | 3                      | 8-DPSK         | Root Nyquist*6 | 3-DH5                   | Dirty, FM               |
| BLE*1                          | 1                      | GFSK*9         | Gaussian*5     | BLE Reference<br>Signal | -                       |
| BLE_dirty*1                    | 1                      | GFSK*9         | Gaussian*5     | BLE Reference<br>Signal | Dirty                   |
| BLE_Dirty_withFM*1             | 1                      | GFSK*9         | Gaussian*5     | BLE Reference<br>Signal | Dirty, FM               |
| BLE_CRC_corrupted*1,*7         | 1                      | GFSK*9         | Gaussian*5     | BLE Reference<br>Signal | -                       |
| GFSK-PN15_BLE*3                | 1                      | GFSK*9         | Gaussian*5     | No packet format        | -                       |

Table 3.11-1 List of *Bluetooth* waveform patterns (2/2)

- \*1: PN9 data is inserted into the payload body.
- \*2: PN9 data is inserted to all areas that do not have a packet format.
- \*3: PN15 data is inserted to all areas that do not have a packet format.
- \*4: Modulation index = 0.32
- \*5: Bandwidth time (BT) = 0.5
- \*6: Roll-off rate  $\beta = 0.4$
- \*7: Use in RF-PHY.TS/4.0.0 RCV-LE/CA/07/C (PER Report Integrity) with intentional CRC errors in every other packet is assumed.
- \*8: Refer to Section 3.11.4.
- \*9: Modulation index = 0.5

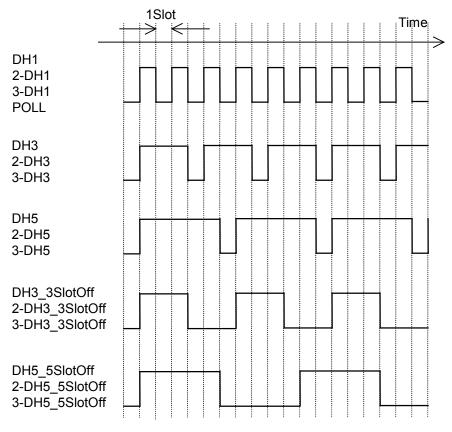


Figure 3.11-1 below shows the timing chart of waveform patterns that have a packet format.

Figure 3.11-1 Timing chart of waveform patterns

When a *Bluetooth* waveform pattern that has a packet configuration is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.11-2 is output from the AUX I/O connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

Table 3.11-2 Marker output data and IQ output level

| Marker Signal              | Output Data                                     |
|----------------------------|---|
| Marker 1                   | Packet Clock                                    |
| Marker 2                   | RF Gate   |
| Marker 3                   | _   |
| RMS for single phase of IQ | 1634 (1157 for Dirty and BLE waveform patterns) |
| IQ output level            | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2}$ = 453 mV (320 mV for Dirty   |
|                            | and BLE waveform patterns)                      |

## 3.11.1 Packet configuration for Basic Rate (BR)

When a waveform pattern of DH1, DH3, DH5, DH3\_3SlotOff, or DH5\_5SlotOff is selected, the data is output in the format shown in Figure 3.11.1-1 below. Table 3.11.1-1 shows the payload body data length for each file.

| LS | SB                     |                   |         | MSB           |
|----|------------------------|-------------------|---------|---------------|
|    | ACCESS CODE<br>68 bits | HEADER<br>54 bits | PAYLOAD |               |
|    | <                      | (                 | GFSK    | $\rightarrow$ |

#### Figure 3.11.1-1 Packet configuration for Basic Rate waveform

| Packet Type | Payload Body (Bytes) |
|-------------|----------------------|
| DH1         | 27                   |
| DH3         | 183                  |
| DH5         | 339                  |
| POLL        | None                 |

#### 3.11.1.1 ACCESS CODE

The following figure shows the configuration of the ACCESS CODE. For Sync Word (SW), a value that is obtained according to the Sync Word Definition, which is prescribed in section 6.3.3 of BLUETOOTH SPECIFICATION Version 2.0 + EDR[vol3], is assigned with LAP = 9E8B33<sub>H</sub>. For Preamble and Trailer, a value that is determined by the Sync Word value and the specifications in section 6.3.2 (for Preamble) or 6.3.4 (for Trailer) of the above specifications is assigned respectively.

#### ACCESS CODE

| Р | SW              |                                  | Т   |                              |
|---|-----------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
|   | P:<br>SW:<br>T: | Preamble<br>Sync Word<br>Trailer | 5 <sub>H</sub> (4 bits)<br>475C58CC733<br>A <sub>H</sub> (4 bits) | 45E72 <sub>H</sub> (64 bits) |

#### 3.11.1.2 Packet Header

The following figure shows the configuration of the Packet Header. For HEC, a value that is obtained according to the HEC generation specifications, which are prescribed in section 7.1.1 of BLUETOOTH SPECIFICATION Version 2.0 + EDR[vol3], is assigned. 18-bit HEC data is then converted to 54-bit data, according to FEC: RATE 1/3, which is prescribed in section 7.4 of BLUETOOTH SPECIFICATION Version 2.0 + EDR[vol3].

#### Packet Header

| LT_ADDR | TYPE                           | FLOW                 | ARQN  |                | SEQN  | HEC                              |
|---------|--------------------------------|----------------------|---|----------------|---|----------------------------------|
|         | LT<br>FLO<br>ARG<br>SEQ<br>HEO | QN: Ackı<br>QN: Sequ | cal transpor<br>v control<br>nowledge ind<br>tence numbe<br>der error che | lication<br>er | 0 <sub>H</sub> (3 bits)<br>1 <sub>H</sub> (1 bit)<br>1 <sub>H</sub> (1 bit)<br>Alternate of 1 <sub>H</sub><br>(18 bits) | $_{ m H}$ and $0_{ m H}$ (1 bit) |

#### Table 3.11.1.2-1 Type code (TYPE) for BR output signal

| Packet Type | Type Code                 |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| DH1         | $4_{ m H}$                |
| DH3         | $B_{\rm H}$               |
| DH5         | $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{H}}$ |

## 3.11.1.3 Payload

The following figure shows the configuration of the Payload. For CRC, a value that is obtained according to the CRC generation specifications, which are prescribed in section 7.1.2 of BLUETOOTH SPECIFICATION Version 2.0 + EDR[vol3], is assigned with UAP =  $00_{\text{H}}$ .

#### Payload

| LLID | FLOW | LENGTH         | UNDEFINED                                  | PAYLO | AD BODY   | CRC          |
|------|------|----------------|--|-------|---|--------------|
|      |      | LLID:<br>FLOW: | Logical link indication<br>Flow indication |       | $2_{ m H} (2 	ext{ bits}) \\ 1_{ m H} (1 	ext{ bit})$ |              |
|      |      | 11011          | payload length indicator                   |       | See Table 3.11.                                       | 1.3-1 below. |

Table 3.11.1.3-1 LENGTH for BR

| Packet Type | Data Length | Value |
|-------------|-------------|-------|
| DH1         | 5 bits      | 27    |
| DH3         | 9 bits      | 183   |
| DH5         | 9 bits      | 339   |

## 3.11.2 Packet configuration for Enhanced Data Rate (EDR)

When a waveform pattern of 2-DH1, 2-DH3, 2-DH5, 3-DH1, 3-DH3, 3-DH5, 2-DH3\_3SlotOff, 2-DH5\_5SlotOff, 3-DH3\_3SlotOff, or 3-DH5\_5SlotOff is selected, the data is output in the format shown in Figure 3.11.2-1 below. Table 3.11.2-1 shows the payload body data length for each file.

| LS | SB                     |                   |       |      |         | MSB           |
|----|------------------------|-------------------|-------|------|---------|---------------|
|    | ACCESS CODE<br>68 bits | HEADER<br>54 bits | GUARD | SYNC | PAYLOAD | TRAILER       |
|    | < GF                   | SK>               | •     | <    | DPSK    | $\rightarrow$ |

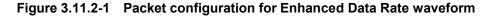


Table 3.11.2-1 Data length of payload body for EDR

| Packet Type | Payload Body (Bytes) |
|-------------|----------------------|
| 2-DH1       | 54                   |
| 2-DH3       | 367                  |
| 2-DH5       | 679                  |
| 3-DH1       | 83                   |
| 3-DH3       | 552                  |
| 3-DH5       | 1021                 |

#### 3.11.2.1 ACCESS CODE

The configuration of the ACCESS CODE is the same as that shown in Section 3.11.1.1.

#### 3.11.2.2 Packet Header

The configuration of the Packet Header is the same as that shown in Section 3.11.1.2. Table 3.11.2.2-1 shows the values to be assigned for TYPE (type code).

| Table 3.11.2.2-1 | Type code (TYPE) for EDR output signal |
|------------------|--|
|------------------|--|

| Packet Type | Type Code                 |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| 2-DH1       | $4_{ m H}$                |
| 2-DH3       | Вн                        |
| 2-DH5       | $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{H}}$ |
| 3-DH1       | $4_{ m H}$                |
| 3-DH3       | Вн                        |
| 3-DH5       | $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{H}}$ |

#### 3.11.2.3 Payload

The configuration of the Payload is the same as that shown in Section 3.11.1.3. Table 3.11.2.3-1 shows the data lengths and setting values for LENGTH.

| Packet Type | Data Length | Value |
|-------------|-------------|-------|
| 2-DH1       | 5 bits      | 54    |
| 2-DH3       | 10 bits     | 366   |
| 2-DH5       | 10 bits     | 678   |
| 3-DH1       | 5 bits      | 81    |
| 3-DH3       | 10 bits     | 549   |
| 3-DH5       | 10 bits     | 1017  |

Table 3.11.2.3-1 LENGTH for EDR

#### 3.11.2.4 Synchronous Sequence

The following value is assigned for Synchronous Sequence (SYNC) in each EDR packet. The phase is initialized to 0 rad by setting 0 to the head of Synchronous Sequence.

For 2-DH1, 2-DH3, and 2-DH5 packets: 0777D5<sub>H</sub> (22 bits) For 3-DH1, 3-DH3, and 3-DH5 packets: 0175D7E92<sub>H</sub> (33 bits)

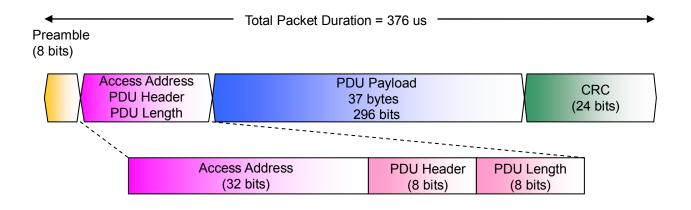
#### 3.11.2.5 Trailer

The following value is assigned for Trailer (TRAILER) in each EDR packet.

For 2-DH1, 2-DH3, and 2-DH5 packets:  $0_H$  (4 bits) For 3-DH1, 3-DH3, and 3-DH5 packets:  $00_H$  (6 bits)

## 3.11.3 Packet configuration for BLE

When waveform patterns of BLE, BLE\_dirty, BLE\_Dirty\_withFM, and BLE\_CRC\_corrupted of Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) waveform pattern are selected, the data is output in the format shown in Figure 3.11.3-1. Table 3.11.3-1 shows the payload body data length. The Packet Interval is 1.25 ms.



#### Figure 3.11.3-1 Packet Configuration for BLE Waveform

| Packet type          | Payload Body<br>(bytes) |  |
|----------------------|-------------------------|--|
| BLE Reference Signal | 37                      |  |

#### 3.11.3.1 Preamble

Preamble is 8 bits of either one of 10101010 or 01010101 depending on LSB of Access Address as specified in Section 2.1.1, BLUETOOTH SPECIFICATION Version 4.0 [vol 6].Because Access Address of BLE,BLE\_dirty, BLE\_Dirty\_withFM, and BLE\_CRC\_corrupted is 0x94826E8E <sub>H</sub>, when LSB of Access Address is 1, the preamble is "10101010" (In this case, the first bit is assumed to be LSB due to the transmission order).

When LSB of Access Address is 1:10101010b (8 bits) When LSB of Access Address is 0:01010101b (8 bits)

#### 3.11.3.2 Access Address

Access Address is a bit string of 32 bits as specified in Section 2.1.2, BLUETOOTH SPECIFICATION Version 4.0 [vol 6].Access Address of BLE, BLE\_dirty, BLE\_Dirty\_withFM, and BLE\_CRC\_corrupted is 0x94826E8E<sub>H</sub>.

#### 3.11.3.3 PDU Header, PDU Length

PDU Header and PDU Length are bit strings of 8 bits as specified in Section 2.4, BLUETOOTH SPECIFICATION Version 4.0 [vol 6] and Section 7.2.4, RF-PHY.TS/4.0.0 respectively.

| Payload Type (4<br>bits)<br>'0000' | <b>'0000'</b> | Payload Length in octets (6<br>bits) '100101' | <b>'00'</b> |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---|-------------|
| PDU H                              | Header        |   | PDU         |
|                                    |               |   | Length      |

#### 3.11.3.4 PDU Payload, CRC

PDU Payload is payload data of 6 to 37 bytes as specified in Section 2.4, BLUETOOTH SPECIFICATION Version 4.0 [vol 6].Payload data of BLE, BLE\_dirty, BLE\_Dirty\_withFM, and BLE\_CRC\_corrupted is 37 bytes. In addition, CRC is 3 bytes.

## 3.11.4 Dirty Transmitter Signal

Dirty Transmitter Signal is specified as a signal used for a reception test in Section 5.1.18, Bluetooth Test Specification v1.2/2.0/2.0 + EDR/2.1/2.1 + EDR/3.0/3.0 + HS and Section 6.3.1, RF-PHY.TS/4.0.0. This Dirty Transmitter Signal changes the frequency offset, modulation index, and symbol timing error with every 50 packets. 10 combinations of these three parameters are specified, and outputs of Test Run 1 to 10 are repeated. Furthermore, the frequency drift of output signals is specified for the Dirty Transmitter Signal. The waveform patterns "Dirty" in Table 3.11-1 are waveform patterns with the addition of the frequency offset, modulation index fluctuation, and symbol timing error. In addition, the waveform patterns "Dirty, FM" are signals with the addition of the frequency offset, modulation index fluctuation, symbol timing error, and frequency drift.

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# 3.12 GPS Waveform Pattern

The GPS waveform patterns shown in Table 3.12-1 are provided.

| Waveform<br>Pattern Name        | Main Usage                                  | Outline of Data  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| SYNC_ADJ*1                      | Synchronization<br>adjustment* <sup>2</sup> | Consists of TLM, HOW, and default navigation data,<br>formatted according to the subframe configuration that is<br>prescribed in GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM STANDARD<br>POSITIONING SERVICE SIGNAL SPECIFICATION. One<br>period is configured with 1 subframe.  |
| TLM*3                           | Sensitivity test                            | Consists of TLM, HOW, and default navigation data,<br>formatted according to the subframe configuration that is<br>prescribed in GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM STANDARD<br>POSITIONING SERVICE SIGNAL SPECIFICATION.   |
| PN9                             | BER<br>measurement                          | Consecutive PN9 data, not configured in a subframe format  |
| PARITY                          | Parity detection                            | Configured in the Word format that is prescribed in GLOBAL<br>POSITIONING SYSTEM STANDARD POSITIONING<br>SERVICE SIGNAL SPECIFICATION. One Word consists of<br>24-bit PN9fix data and 6-bit parity bit data.   |
| TLM_PARITY                      | Sensitivity test                            | Consists of TLM, HOW, and Nav Data, formatted according to<br>the subframe configuration that is prescribed in GLOBAL<br>POSITIONING SYSTEM STANDARD POSITIONING<br>SERVICE SIGNAL SPECIFICATION. Random data is<br>inserted into the Nav Data part of Word3 to Word10. One<br>period is configured with 5 subframes.            |
| Data0, Data1,<br>Data10, Data1C | Synchronization<br>adjustment               | Used in combination with SYNC_ADJ. These waveform<br>patterns are automatically loaded into the memory when<br>SYNC_ADJ is loaded into the memory. Users do not have to<br>perform loading and selecting of these waveform patterns,<br>because these waveform patterns are automatically selected<br>when SYNC_ADJ is selected. |

\*1: When using SYNC\_ADJ, press the Baseband key on the MG3700A and set Pattern Combination to Defined. Refer to the MG3700A Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Mainframe) for details on how to configure the settings.

\*2: The repeatability of the subframe output timing of RF output against an external start trigger input is reduced to 10 ns or less.

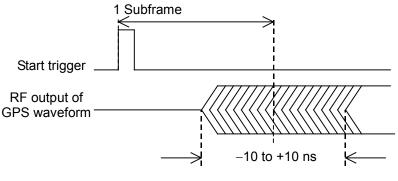


Figure 3.12-1 SYNC\_ADJ output timing

\*3: When executing a Doppler test, change the RF frequency and sampling clock at the same rate.

The sampling clock when the Doppler frequency is 0 Hz is 4.092 MHz. For example, when applying a +4-kHz Doppler frequency, the following expression establishes (providing the sampling clock as "CLK"):

(1575.42 MHz + 4 kHz)/1575.42 MHz = CLK/4.092 MHz then;

 $\mathrm{CLK}=4.09201039~\mathrm{MHz}$ 

Refer to the MG3700A Operation Manual (Mainframe) for RF frequency and sampling clock settings.

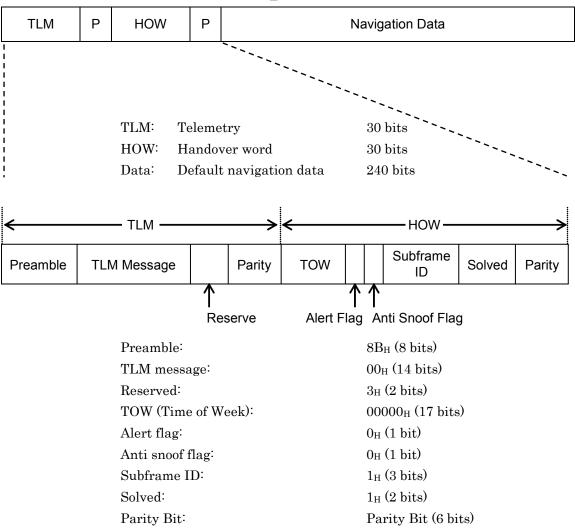
When a TLM or PARITY waveform pattern is output, a marker signal shown in Table 3.12-2 is output from the AUX I/O connector on the rear panel of the MG3700A.

| Table 5.12-2 Marker output data and re output level |                                     |  |  |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Marker Signal                                       | Output Data                         |  |  |  |
| Marker 1  | Packet Clock                        |  |  |  |
| Marker 2  | RF Gate                             |  |  |  |
| Marker 3  | _                                   |  |  |  |
| RMS for single phase of IQ                          | 1634                                |  |  |  |
| IQ output level                                     | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 453 \text{ mV}$ |  |  |  |

Table 3.12-2 Marker output data and IQ output level

## 3.12.1 Waveform format

The following figures show the formats of the waveforms listed in Table 3.12-1 above. Each data is spread by the C/A code with Satellite ID Number 1. See Figure 3.12.1-1 for the C/A code generation.

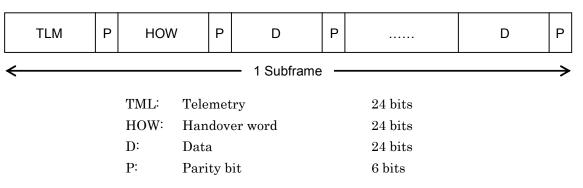


SYNC\_ADJ, TLM

| PN9           |               |    |      |       |                     |   |               |
|---------------|---------------|----|------|-------|---------------------|---|---------------|
| PN9           |               |    |      |       |                     |   |               |
| PARITY        |               |    |      |       |                     |   |               |
| D             | Р             | D  |      | Р     |                     | D | Р             |
| ← 1 Word<br>← | $\rightarrow$ | D: | Data |       | - 10 Word - 24 bits |   | $\rightarrow$ |
|               |               | Ъ: | Pari | ty bi | 6 bits              |   |               |

PN9fix data is allocated to the Data part. Adjacent Word PN data is contiguous but the PN data is discontiguous at the 10th Word and the 1st Word of the next cycle.





Random data is assigned to Data parts.

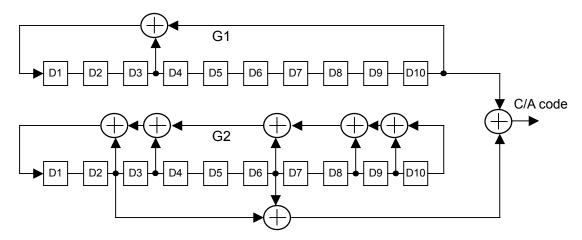


Figure 3.12.1-1 C/A code generation

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#### Numeric

1xEV-DO forward (excluding FWD\_Idle) 3.7.11xEV-DO forward idle slot 3.7.31xEV-DO reverse 3.7.21xRTT Forward RC1, 2 (FWD RC1-2 9channel) 3.6.71xRTT Forward RC3, 4, 5 (FWD\_RC3-5 9channel) 3.6.8 1xRTT Reverse RC1 (RVS\_RC1\_FCH) 3.6.11xRTT Reverse RC2 (RVS\_RC2\_FCH) 3.6.21xRTT Reverse RC3 (1) (RVS RC3 FCH) 3.6.31xRTT Reverse RC3 (2) (RVS\_RC3\_FCH\_SCH) 3.6.41xRTT Reverse RC3 (3) (RVS\_RC3\_DCCH) 3.6.51xRTT Reverse RC4 (RVS RC4 FCH) 3.6.6

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## D

| $DL\_AMR\_TFCSx/DL\_ISDN/DL\_384kbps\_Packet$ |       |  |  |  |
|---|-------|--|--|--|
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